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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

THE SENATE AND THE TARIFF.

WASHINGTON, July 24.-There was a full

ceting of the senate finance committee

this morning, and an hour was devoted to an informal discussion of a line of action in regard

to the tariff question.

Nothing was determined upon, but at the

time of adjournment there was an understand-ing that the republican majority of the com-

ment could be reached in respect to a measure to be submitted as a substitute for the Mills bill. If successful in this, the measure is likely

to be laid before the republican caucus, and

when shaped, to meet any conflicting views which may be developed there, it will be laid before the demogratic cancus for and by them before the demogratic cancus for

and by them before the democratic caucus for consideration of a line of policy on their part. With so many elements of uncertainty no one feels like venturing a guess as to the kind of measure, if any, which may be submitted, or as to the length of the session. But it is expected that the present week will determine pretty clearly the course of future events.

The republican members of the committee remained in conference nearly an hour after their democratic colleagues withdrew, and

their democratic colleagues withdrew, and during the afternoon there were frequent private conferences with other republican senators and with republican members of the house. As a result, the opinion is gaining headway that there will be no report of a tariff bill at this residue, but the separation will con-

upon fair protection principles, this to be re-ported to the senate on the first day of next

CAPITOL JOTTINGS.

nall Points Picked up About the Depart

Small Points Picked up About the Departments in Washington.

Washington, July 24.—The only senator who failed to make a record in the Fuller case was Mr. Spooner, who is recorded as "absent and not paired." He has returned to Washington and finds, much to his chagrin, that the record is correct. He supposed he had secured a pair with one of his republican colleagues, who was opposed to the confirmation, but finds that the arrangement was misunderstood. He authorizes the statement that he would have voted for the confirmation had he been present. This makes the total, including pairs, of forty-nine senators who were favorable to the confirmation, twelve of whom were

le to the confirmation, twelve of whom were

were asking for bread, while the bill of the gentleman from Indiana proposed to give them a stone. Mr. Sprincer was successful, and the house went into a committee of the whole on the Oklahoma bill. Pending debate the committee rose, and the house, at 5 o'clock, took recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for the consideration of the hill reported from the committee on public lands.

OVER IN GREENVILLE.

The Gala Week Festivities-The Reunion on

GREENVILLE, July 24.—[Special.]—The gala week festivities were continued here today, and large crowds of people arrive on every train.

Thursday.

ttee would get together and see if an agree-

Will the Discussion Go Over Until Next Ses sion? It Now Looks That Way.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 25, 1888.

MILLS AND BYNUM.

VOL. XXI.

Two Creat Congressional Leaders Will Arrive Tonight,

AND WILL SPEAK AT CHAUTAUQUA. The Famous Tariff Reformers Will Address Thousands of Georgians Tomorrow-Mr. Carlisle's Letter.

Washington, July 24.—[Special.]—Both Speaker Carlisle and Mr. Brockinridge positively declined the invitation to the Chautauqua. Mr. Mills and Mr. Bynum, of Indiana, accepted, however, and left here at 11 o'clock traight in company with Massar Avaded tonight, in company with Messrs. Arnold, Turnbull and Judge Stewart.

Messrs. Arnold and Turnbull did not reach ashington till 1 o'clock this morning, on count of an accident. These gentlemen and dge Stewart held a long interview with the speaker this morning, and tried by every means to have him reconsider. Mr. Carlisle means to have him reconsider. Mr. Carisie was, however, firm in his resolve and said it would be impossible for him to go to Georgia. He gave no reason but said he would try to speak in Georgia some time in the summer after the campaign opens. Mr. Breckinridge refused on the grounds of business before the house which

required his attention.

MILLS AND BYNUM ACCEPT. Mr. Mills and Mr. Bynnm were then called apon and both accepted. Mr. Mills stated that he had declined when Senator Colquitt invited him, but would reconsider, and now took

pleasure in accepting.

Both of these gentlemen are members of the ways and means committee. Mr. Mills has made considerable reputation in his two great tariff speeches this session. He is a clear and forcible speaker, and will make a good speech. He says, however, his speech will be strictly political. He will deal with the tariff question at the Chautauqua just as he would deal with it in the house. He considers it the political question of the day, and will deal with it

Mr. Bynum is a large and handsome man, and is considered one of the best members of the house. His recent tariff speech ranked among the foremost, and it is safe to say he will deal well with his subject in Atlanta.

THE DIRECT TAX BILL. Senator Sherman today reported an amend-ment from the committee on finance to the sundry civil bill to incorporate in it the direct

This is the hill which caused the two weeks deadlock during the first part of the present session, and which went over upon the condition that the house committee on rules should report a resolution calling it up for a vote next December. The house com-mittee has not yet reported this resolution, and Senator Sherman is taking this means to push the bill through. It is safe to predict that it will pass the senate incorporated in the sundry civil bill, as this latter bill has already passed the house. It will go from the senate to a conference committee of the two houses. The senate conferees will be solid for it, and their game is to force the house conferees into letting it go through. However, members of the house don't seem to fear this ruse. Mr. Oates says the house will defeat the amendment even if in doing so they have to defeat the entire

Mr. Carlisle sent the following letter ex-plaining his declination just before the Mills

party left for Atlanta tonight:

Messrs. F. A. Arnold and W. T. Turnbull: Gentlemen-I have carefully considered your request to visit Atlanta and deliver an address on the 26th of this month, but am compelled to say that in my opinion it would not be wise or proper for me to do so under existing circumstances, as stated in my telegram to Senator Colquitt. I will, if it should be desired by our friends, visit Georgia at any time during the campaign in favor of the principles and candidates of the democratic party. I am, very respectfully yours, J. G. Carlisle.

SOME GEORGIA PERSONALS. Dr. and Mrs. N. J. Bussey, of Columbus, in company with Mr. Grimes, called on the president today.

Mr. James W. Greene, of Atlanta, is here.

A FIGHTING NAVY.

The Senate Devetes its Time to Considera WASHINGTON, July 24 .- The senate devoted

most of its time today to the consideration of the naval appropriation bill, especially that portion which related to the construction of the new cruisers.

Among the amendments reported from the committee on appropriations and agreed to by the senate were the following: Striking out an item of \$50,000 for expenses of the commission to locate a navy yard near the coast of the gulf of Mexico, and inserting an item of \$5,000 for continuing the improvement of the naval nospital park at Portsmouth, Va.

The most important amendment reported

vas to add to the item for the construction of three steel cruisers-two of them of about three thousand tons at a cost of not exceeding \$1,100,000, each exclusive of armament, and one of about 5,300 tons at a cost of not more than \$1,900,000—the following: "Also three gun boats or cruisers, neither of which shall gun boats or cruisers, neither of which shall exceed 1,700 tons in displacement, nor \$500,000 in cost, including any premium that may be paid for increased speed and excluding the cost of armament; said vessels to be built either wholly of steel, or with steel frames;" and to strike out of the item the words, "and one armored cruiser of about 7,500 tons displacemen, to cost not more than three and a half million dollars; and also to strike out the provision that at least one of these vessels shall be built in the United States navy yard, and that the others may be built at the navy yards if the secretary cannot make reasonable contracts for their construction.

Mr. Gray moved to amend the amendment

for their construction.

Mr. Gray moved to amend the amendment by striking out the words "1,700 tons" and inserting the words "2,000 tons" and inserting the words "2,000 tons" and inserting the words "2,000 tons" and increasing the cost from \$5,000,000 to \$700,000 each.

Mr. Morgan approved the committee's amendment excapt as to the striking out of the provision for 7,000 ton armored cruisers. This he did not favor, as he regarded these large vessels more efficient than forts in the protection of harbors.

Other speeches in favor of building of large war ships and a strong may were made by Senators Hawley, Teller, Butler, Reagan and Gibson, while Mr. Call advocated the amendment proposed by the committee on appropriations.

Mr. Morgan, speaking of the moral power which

appropriations.

Mr. Morgan, speaking of the moral power which a strong fighting navy would give to the United States, and that Germany would not be sweeping the Pacific if the United States had a good fighting navy. Not that Germany was afraid of the United States, but she knew that the United States was not going to arm itself in order to defend the Pacific ocean. The building of a great fighting navy would do more for the commerce of this country than any other measure.

Mr. Stewart moved to amend the house clause (proposed to be struck out) by making the tounage of one armored cruiser 1,500 tons, instead of 7,500, and the limit of cost \$10,000.

HE WAS AFTER NEWS,

000, instead of \$3,500,000. Mr. Gibson suggested to Mr. Stewart to modify his amendment so as to provide for two vessels of war of about 15,000 tone each, at a cost of \$10,000,000. Mr. Stewart accepted the suggestion. modified his amendment accordingly and spoke in favor of building up a tighting mayy. Finally a vote was taken on Mr. Stewart's amendment, and it was rejected; yeas 9, nays41.

The question was then taken on striking out the house provision for for a 17,500-ton armored craiser, and it was struck out by a vote of And Came Near Being Mobbed by Indignant Railroaders.

IMPORTANT MEETING AT ST. JOSEPH Which Was Disturbed by the Presence An Enterprising Reporter—The Proceedings Secret.

the house provision for for a 17,500-ton armored craiser, and it was struck out by a vote of yeas 37, neys 11. The amendment offered by Mr. Gray limiting the tounage of three-gun boats or craisers to 2,000 tons, and the cost of each to \$700,000, was agreed to, and the amendment reported by the committee on appropriation as thus amended was agreed to.

As the matter now stands, provision is made for the construction by contract of two steel eruisers of about 3,000 tons displacement, each at a cost of not more than \$1,100,000; one steel craisers of about 3,000 tons displacement, to cost not more than \$1,510,000; and three gun boats or craisers not to exceed in displacement 2,000 tons, and in cost \$700,000 each. The first two yessels must have a speed of at least nineteen St. Joseph, Mo., July 21.—The joint meet ing of the locomotive engineers and firemen, switchmen and brakemen, to consider the Burlington matter, convened at the opera

house this forencon. About seven hundred delegates are present, representing lodges of the United States, Can-

Great care has been taken, of course, to tons, and in cost \$700,000 each. The first two vessels must have a speed of at least nineteen knots per hour, and the third vessel of at least twenty knots per hour—with deduction from centract price of \$50,000 for every quarter knot less than the guaranteed speed, and with a premium, to be fixed by the secretary of the navy, for increased speed. The last amendment was the insertion of an item of \$275,000 for the construction and ornament of one steel practice vessel of \$00 tons for the use of the naval academy at Annapelis. This was agreed to and the bill was reported back by the committee of whole to senate.

Those amendments on which no special vote was demanded were agreed to. A special vote keep the proceedings as quiet as possible. Frank R. McDonald, chairman of the grievance committee of the local brotherhood of engineers, called the meeting to order, and was elected permanent chairman. The forencon was spent in speech making by Frank P. Sar-gent, of Terre Haute, Ind., grand master of Brotherhood Locomotive Firemen; R. Powers, master of the local brakesman brotherhood, and Hitchips, general chairman of the grievnce committee of the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Gulf road.

These amendments on which no special vote was demanded were agreed to. A special vote was demanded by Mr. Morgan on the amendment striking out the house item for commission to locate a navy yard on the gulf coast. Mr. Morgan speke in favor of the house proposition and against striking it out. Without disposing of it, the bill went over until temorrow. A delegation of twenty-five appointed at the clock this morning over the Rock Island railroad in a special sleeper tendered them by the Pullman company. It is expected that the session will continue for four days.

AN ENTERPRISING NEWS GATHERER. Before the afternoon session began, a comnittee made a search with lanterns of the opera house looking for spies. Finally a pair of shoes was found on the stairway leading up into the attic above the ceiling of the gallery. This excited suspicion, and the stage carpenter was asked about the shoes. He said they belonged to him and when asked to describe them made a mistake. A search was then made for the owner of the shoes, and he was found secreted on the chandelier supports with no clothes on excepting an undershirt and pair of overalls.

He gave his name as Davis Replegel, a short-hand writer in the employ of Lancaster, Thomas & Dawes, attorneys at 318 Francis street. Replegel was found by a member named Pat McNulty. He was escorted down the ladder amid the yells of brotherhood members who believed Replegel was a Pinkerton employe. Replegel stated he had been hired by Jake W. spencer, formerly publisher of the Evening News, but now proprietor of the Journal of Commerce, to take the proceedings of the convention in shorthand for his paper. He said he was to he paid \$25 for the work, and admitted the stage carpenter had shown him the hiding place. A large crowd gathered around him when he was brought

down on the stage, and but for the interference of cooler heads, Replegel would have been roughly handled. He had taken a lunch and bottle of water to his hiding place and was prepared to remain there all day. It was suggested by one of the brotherhood that he be photographed and his likness be published in the "Police Gazette" and "Burlington Scab Circular," but the operationse was too dark to have the photograph taken.

that there will be no report of a tariff bill at this session, but the sub-committee will continue its inquiry during recess. Should the republicans adopt this course, final adjournment of the session may be expected within three weeks.

Among the propositions which have been suggested as possible to be considered by the republican senators is that to bring in a resolution instructing the tariff sub-committee to continue its hearings and its study of the subject during recess by hearing representatives of different industries of agriculture, and of labor and to frame a bill which shall be based upon fair protection principles, this to be rehave the photograph taken.

Replegel was marched to police headquarters through the streets in his bare feet. Great excitement prevailed while he was being taken from the opera house, and cries of "Pinkerton spy" and "scab" were made by delegates. Chairman McDonald asked them to behave like gentlemen and not offer any violence to the man, saying that if there was any legal method for punishment the man would be dealt with nocordingly. It is the impression of the legal profession that Replegel cannot be punished, as there is no statute in Missouri concerning method. session. This proposition contemplates fixing in the resolution the minimum of the reduction of revenue which the committee shall aim to secure, as well as making the measure a special order with exclusive right of way until it shall be perfected and passed by the sen-

TILLMAN AND DAWSON.

Damon and Pathias Are Now Fighting, and Are Making Things Lively.

GREENVILLE, S. C., July 24 .- [Special.]ing here today, at which speeches were made by Governor Richardson, Lieutenant-Governor Mauldin : Captain F. W. Dawson, of the Charleston News and Courier; General W. J. Moore, the chairman of the state demogratic committee, and Senator Edwards, of Darling-Governor Richardson is a candidate for re-

election, and Senator Edwards is spoken of as a probable candidate against him. Senator Edwards represents the Tillman farmers movement. Governor Richardson attacked Captain B.

republicans.

In the senate today, the resolution to print five thousand additional copies of the report of the senate committee on pensions on the subject of the vetoed pension bills was taken up, the question being on Mr. Cockrell's amendment to print one million copies of the president's vetoes in the last and the present congress. After a debate in which the somewhat famous Mrs. Doherty case was the chief topic, the matter was allowed to pass over without any action. R. Tillman, the leader of the farmers' movement, and characterized his recent utterances as unqualifiedly false. Editor Dawson also denounced Captain Tillman as a demagogue, braggart and false prophet. Editor Dawson and Captain Fillman were intimate political friends at the last election, but at a public action.

The house bill appropriating \$75,000 for public building at Statesville, N. C., was reported and placed on the calendar. Mr. Allison gave notice that he would ask to take up the army appropriation bill is disposed.

In the house, on motion of Mr. Blount, of Georgia, a senate bill was passed prohibiting the transmission through mails, in transparent envelopes, of matter, which would be prohibited if printed or written on the outside of envelopes. meeting in Abbeville last Saturday, Tillman denounced Dawson in vigorous language, and Dawson replied today. It is expected that the feud between these two will serve to enliven the campaign in this state, and may lead to serious difficulty. Tillman was not here today. Senator Edwards in his speech criticised Governor Richardson, and said the people were tired hearing such speeches as the gover-nor had just made. What the people wanted bited if printed or written on the outside of envelopes.

Mr. Leybach, of New Jersey, from the committee on public grounds and buildings, reported the resolution for the employment of an electrical engineer to make plans and specifications for lighting the house and committee rooms by electricity, and to solicit proposals for work.

Mr. Holman, of Indiana, from the committee on public lands, reported and asked immediate consideration of the senate bill to extend the laws of the United States over No Man's land.

Mr. Springer antagonized this bill with the Oklahoma territory bill. He contended that it was just as easy to pass the territorial bill as to pass the bill just reported. The people were asking for bread, while the bill of the gentleman frem Indiana proposed to give them was live questions and not dead issues. The governor had devoted his speech mostly to de-nouncing the corrupt radical state government, and Senator Edwards said he had heard the same thing for the last twelve years, and he was getting very tired of it. What the people wanted was to hear something about better schools and the establishment of an agricultural college.

The meeting was the liveliest political meeting since the campaign begun. UNDER STRONG GUARD.

Marlon, Ark., is in a Reign of Terror-The Race War Once More. St. Louis, July. 24 .- The Crittenden race

war has broken out again. A special to the Post-Dispatch says that one of the negro county officials was lynched by a mob at Marion last night. A terrible state of affairs prevails. A special from Springfield, Mo., says: Traveling Auditor Townsend, of the Gulf

road, arrived here from the south tonight and verified the report of one negro county official having been lynched by a mob of white men. Townsend says it is a difficult matter to get any details at Marion, which is under guard of any details at Marion, which is under guard of armed men, with a great state of excitement prevailing. Neither couriers or messengers are allowed in or out, and the telegraph operator is confined to handling of train orders.

The victim was one of the county officers and one of the banished eighteen. The mob seized him while he was endeavoring to gain entrance to the court house, dragged him to the woods and after a desperate struggle, strang him up. It is chaimed that the governor has been called upon for protection, and if this is true, details must be forthcoming. It is also said that an armed force has gone to Marion to aid the whites, who look for a serious uprising of negroes. At the military encampment grounds the day was spent in drilling the soldiers in the duties of camp life and field service. The first dress parade of the encampment was had this afternoon, about one thousand troops being in line.

A dispatch was received here today from Governor Fitzhugh Lee stating that General Wickham, his army courade and relative, died yesterday, and on this account it will be impossible for Governor Lee to attend the remnen of confederate veterans in this city on

BEN HARRISON'S BEAUTIES.

San Francisco's Horrible Condition—Its Chinese Slums and Carnival of Crime.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.-A big sensat has been created here by the final report of the grand jury of the city and county of San The jury was compesed of nineteen repre

sentative men of the city, and they had been in session nearly seven weeks. Most of the departments of the city government the jury criticised severely. Speaking of crime, the report says: "We think ourselves jutified in asserting that

in this city crime is organized for purpose, offensive and defensive, and has its aiders and abettors. Our elections primarily and finally are controlled, to a great extent, by twelve to fifteen hundred members of the criminal ele-ment leagued together and rendering 'quid pro quo, having socalled 'pulls' on men in authority and others influential with those having power. Matters have reached such a condition here that to openly offend the directory of the criminal element seems to invite complete political estracism. Reciprocity exists between criminals, prostitutes, gamblers and bossism. Policemen seem not to meet the requirements

Speaking of the Chinese quarter, the report says: "This San Francisco Sodom, with allits loathsome features, has become so familiar that it has ceased to inspire horror among our citizens. It is only strangers who realize the hideousness and filthiness of its slums. It is vain to point out the disgrace of having such a foul cancer in the very heart of this great metropolis. This has been done here for more than a quarter of a century and still the evil spreads. Its gambling dens, its brothels and ts opium joints flourish in spite of our police and its inhabitants live in foul kennels which stifle visitors with their unbearable stenches.

BRER DANA AND THE BOYS. The Nestor of Journalism Talks to the

Badger State Editors.
Milwaukee, Wis., July 24.—Charles A. ana, editor of the New York Sun, delivered an address this evening at the Academy of Music to the Wisconsin Editorial association. The hall was crowded, and the veteran editor's discourse on journalism was warmly ap-

and rules fer journalists. Doctors and lawyers might have them, but there were very few rules used by newspaper men. Mr. Dana submitted the following:

"First, get news, get all news and nothing "Second, copy nothing from another publi-

cation without giving perfect credit. "Third, never print an interview without knowledge and consent of person interviewed. Applause and laughter.]

"Fourth, never print paid advertisement as ment. No sailing under false colors. [Ap-"Fifth, never attack the weak or defenseless

either by argument or by ridicule, unless there

some absolute public necessity for so doing "Sixth, fight for your opinions, but don't believe they contain the whole truth or the only truth. "Seventh, support your party if you have one [loud laughter and applause], but don't

"Fighth, above all, know and believe that humanity is advancing, and that there is progress in human life and human affairs [applause], and that as sure as God lives, the

think all good men are in it and all bad men

future will be greater and better than the present on the past. [Applause.]
"That," said Mr. Dana, "is a pretty general code. It seems to me it covers the case very well."

CROSS IS INDIGNANT

And Threatens to Put Others of the Bank Officials in the Penitentiary.

RALEIGH, N. C., July 24.—[Special.]—Another feature of interest in the Cross and White

ease was a letter from Cross to Cantain E. R. Stamps, the former president of the bank, this On Saturday afternoon Cross had read the

statement in reply to a question of the judge if he had any reason to give why sentence should not be pronounced. Captain Stamps, who was mentioned in very unfavorable light in the statement of Cross, requesting the morning paper here not to publish certain matters contoined in the statement referring particularly to individual indebtedness of stockholders to the bank, and said if certain matters were published the paper would be sued for libel. The paper says the reference to the libel suit was nade in something of a jocular manner.

Cross noted that his statement had been cut down and understanding that Stamps had caused it, wrote the latter referred to, telling Stamps that he, Cross, was in possession of ev idence which would criminate him (Stamps) and possibly put him in the penitentiary, and that since he had interfered with the full publication of his statement he (Cross) proposed to let loose his evidence.

It is not believed that criminating reports against Captain Stamps would have any credence, but the matter is one of much interest and speculation here, and is reported as the feature of the case.

CRIME IN ALABAMA.

A Murderer Suicides-A Posse Searching for Another Murderer.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., July 24 .- A special to the Advertiser from Ozark, Ala., says: The neighbors of James E. Windham, the man who killed P. W. Bailey on the 3d of July, were horrified last Friday to find him dead in the woods. He had threatened to suicide, and the deed was done. There were no marks of violence about his person, and the general verdict was that he poisoned himself by his own hand, being driven to the act by remorse for the murder of his neighbor, P. W. Bailey, two

A special from the same paper from Monte valle says: The murders of Leelly are known, and a posse of men are following them. They went in the direction of the location where they were selling whisky. They were seen near Leolly's house Saturday evening, and armed with 44-calibre pistols. One of the party is a yellow negro, and there were two white men. A reward of \$200 has been offered for

THEY GAVE BOND.

The Young Napoleon Shows up in Cincin-nati and Goes to Court.

nati and Goes to Court.

CINCINNATI, July 24.—Messrs. Ives and Strainer quietly entered Cincinnati this evening about 3 o'clock. Three-quarters of an hour later, with their attorney, Hon. Miller Oult-cault, and Mr. Albert Netter, they appeared in the courtroom of Judge Schroder and gave bonds in \$10,000, with Messrs. Smith and Netter as securities for their appearance to answer the indictments found against them.

The indictments contain two counts, one embezzlement and the other grand larceny. It is understood that Ives and Strainer will remain here until Prosecutor Pugh and his two officers can be brought home in order that no exception can be taken to the manner of of giving bond,

A HEATED DEBATE

Disturbs the Serenity of the House of Commons.

THE COMMISSION BILL DISCUSSED. And the Government Advocates Hear So Strong Language-Royalty Yatching at St. Petersburg.

London, July 24.—In the house of commons tonight, Mr. Labourchere resumed debate on

the commission bill.

He had, he said, as low an opinion of the Times as most people could have, but not as low as that of Mr. Mathews, who seemed to think that the Times would plead the rights

of privilege respecting a certain letter on the ground that the letter had not been published in the Times, but only read by Sir Webster, attorney general, in the court during the recent trial of Mr. O'Dennell. A commission, he said, was not as good a tribunal to decide these matters as parliament. No three judges on the bench could so well adjudicate these questions as the house of commons. The commission had the power to indemnify any ruffian who would criminate himself, provided he was accommodating enough to criminate some one else. As it was the commission intended to evade the real issue. Circumstances showed, for instance, that Messrs. Edgar and O'Byrne could not appear, yet in their absence the commission investigate! their conduct and to listen to charges while these gentlemen had no suffi-cient chance to rebut adverse testimony. Mr. Mathews had said that the widened scope of inquiry might reveal some undiscovered mur-ders. Did that mean that members of parliament against whom the bill was directed were murderers? Would the house tolerate these vague insinuations? Could they suffer the commission to begin inquiry without safeguards for the accused? Never was

AFFRONTERY OF GOVERNMENT complete as when it said the comm was granted, at the request of the Parnellites, while in the meantime the government was arranging with the Times as to what sort of commission should be proposed and what ought to be the scope of the inquiry. The commission bill was actually framed by the Times and promoted by the government in or-der to divert attention from the mischeivous dealings in Ireland. The opposition wanted an inquiry, but it wasn't the conduct of the government. They wanted to know about the at Mitchellstown [cries of "hear," "hear."] He had proposed moving that bill, but Mr. Parnell was anxious to come before the tribunal and urged him to withdraw the motion. He (Labouchere) had no hope of getting the bill altered, but on the third reading it would be seriously considered, whether the opposition would allow Parnell to walk into the trap

which had been set for him. [Cheers.] Mr. Chamberlain said that Mr. Labouchere had developed his wanted cynical vein in in had developed his wanted cynacat vein in imputing to his opponents mean and unworthy motives, but many members were not incredulous, and the charge against Mr. Parnell still deserved the fullest inquiry. He said, besides, he had co-operated with Parnell and had formed an opinion of Mr. Parnell's character for honer and patriotism, which would make him slow to accept the charges against him He had been active in securing the release of Mr. Parnell. The only thing that

He had been active in securing the release of Mr. Parnell. The only thing that could shake his confidence was Mr. Parnell's reluctance to face the charges. [Cheers and shouts of "No."] Mr. Parnell ight that he could not trust an English jury. That distrust was not shared by any English or Scotish jury—and English might do justice. If not, Parnell would have gone before a Dublin jury. It was surprising that he did not do so. It was more surprising that he did not do so. It was more surprising that the Parnellites sought to the inquiry.

This was a judicial proceeding. If it was restricted it might be used to shield the guilty party, and Mr. Parnell and his friends were charged with complicity with great crimes. How were they going to show themselves innocent unless an inquiry arose between the house of commons and the persons outside who were accused of crime?

house of commons and the persons outside who were accused of crime?

Begarding the statement that it was necessary to make charges against the Parnellites, he said that specific charges would be made, the government being a partylto the indictment. Whatever the Parnellites might say in the heat of debate, he did not believe they thought the government a party to the accusations of the Times. [Cries of "Oh! Oh!" and "You, too!"] "The Parnellites," Mr. Chamberlin continued, "ought not to begrudge the inquiry to bring out the truth. It would be an expensive investigation, but at the conclusion the government ought to allow reasonable expenses of the successful party to be paid by the nation."

tion."
Sir William Harcourt heid that in defense
of the bill offered in behalf of the government,
there was the least possible reference to letters
which were the occasion for demanding an in-

there was the least possible reference to letters which were the occasion for demanding an inquiry. The government evaded the question in regard to these letters, and tried undercover of an inquiry to make an attack upon the opponents. If judges were to act on judicial principles, the inquiry and charges must be specific. If it was a judicial tribunal, who were to be arraigned and what were the accusations they were required to meet? If Sir Webster believed one single charge that he had tried to fix upon Mr. Parnell, it was his duty, as attorney for the crown,

TO INDICT PARNELL.

Proof that he did not believe the charges was found in the fact that he had not advised the government to risk prosecution.

No one, said Sir Richard Webster, had ever taken such an unjustifiable course as he had in spending a day and a half in making statements damnifying to a man, and pledging himself to prove the statement and yet afterward entreating the court to allow them to issue. This court was entirely contrary to traditions of the bar. The real object was to blast the reputation of the Irish national party. Would parliament assent to inquiry which implied simply an endeavor to assertion whether the horus porus speech of Sir Richard Webster had a basis of truth? Was Mr. Smith prepared to answer the charge that he had a personal interview with the proprietor of the Times and had arranged charges against Mr. Parnell, and agreed to be worked as agent to coercion act? The orimes alleged against the Parnellites were chiefly committed during the liberal administration, yet throughout close and anxious inquiry, the liberal ministers were

yet throughout close and anxious inquiry, the liberal ministers were unable to DISCOVER any evidence linking the league or Parnell with these crimes. The opposition objected to the present form of the bill, and as now framed was a violation of every form of judicsal inquiry, and it must be amended in committee. The solicitor-general for Scotland reproved the previous speaker for his imputations upon the competency of the commission. He had flagrantly misrepresented the purport of the bill. Why was the opposition afraid of the widest inquiry? If the Parnelits were acquitted, the acquittal would restore them to the ranks of good men: until then they stood suspected. He denounced Sir Richard Webster for making infamous charges and then declining to prove them. Patrick Ford was as honest man as Sir Richard Webster—he ought not say an honester man. The Irish members must decline to submit to a fishing inquiry, and the commission might say to him: "You were born in 1855; what did you do next?" The inquirery to be effective must be definite.

SIR WEBSTER DEFENDS HIMSELF. Several other members having spokes, Sir Richard Webster said that the part he bad taken in the O'Donnell matter precluded his taking part in the parting debate. In regard PRICE FIVE CENTS.

to the charges against him he was content to leave with those who had experience of him in his profession. He thought right, however, and stated that every step he had taken ever, and stated that every step he had taken was with the full concurrence of Sir Henry James. He was quite prepared for the cheers that followed. He was not asbarned to own that he had taken advice. Upon him (Webster) rested the responsibility in the master.

He proceeded to explain that O'Donnell's counsel had made a prima lach case. Ho (Webster) was compelled to open the whole of his case in reply, and had to prove it in detail. He said he would have been unworthy to be a member of the house if he had used information obtained as counsel for the Times to institute prosecution in his apecial capacity.

CHEERS FOR PARNELL.

Mr. Parnell, who, upon rising, was received with cheers, asked: "Are we to understand that information was put into the hands of the learned gentlemen as counsel for the Times which is not available for spablic fastice?"

"This observation does not in the least bear on the matter," rejoined Sir Webster.

Parnellite cries of "Answer question" compelled the speaker to call for order.

Sir Webster, proceeding, said that no case which he had been prepared to prove on behalf the Times would be brought forward by the Times again. He believed that the attacks against them arose from the chagrin of certain unavowed officers of O'Donnell's, described as the Gladstonians and commoners. They had tried to "run chiming" and failed. They were singing with him because he opened the whole case.

The bill passed the second reading without

The bill passed the second reading without Royalty in Yachts.

Royalty in Yachts.

St. Petersburg, July 24.—The exar and exarina, Grand Duchess Vladamir, Michael and Nicholas, and their wives proceeded on their yacht to the German yacht Hohengollern. They were received on board by Prince Henry, who presented bouquets to the exarina and grand duchess. After a cruise among the German vessels, lunch was served on board the Hohenzollern. After farewells had been taken, the Russian royalties re-embaked on the Russian yacht Alexander, which remained alongside the German yacht. Prince William repeatedly expressed his thanks for the friendly welcome he had received.

Will the End Ever Come

Dublin, July 24.—Eviction of tenants was resumed on Vandeleur, in County Clare today. All of the tenants whom ballitis sought to eject offered stout resistance, blocking their doors with beams and bowlders. The police, who used battering ram, advancing to the attack under showers of dirty water and stones. Fights occurred in many cases after the ballitis had effected an entrance. Several were wounded on both sides and most of the male tenants, and several neighbors who assisted them were arrested. An unsuccessual attempt was made to effect a compromise between owners and tenants.

Says He is Shadowed

Says He is Shadowed.

QUEENSTOWN, July 24.—Mr. O'Connell, chief clerk of the New York court of common pleas, has lodged complaint with the authorities here in which he says his steps are constantly dogged by detectives, and asked to be relieved of this unwarranted surveillance. He alleges that since his arrival he has visited religious and charitable institutions in Cork, and everywhere he has gone detectives have shadowed him. Comity Between the Rulers. St. Petersburg, July 24.—The Journal De St. Petersburg says the extension of the German emperor's visit [testifies to the cordial relations that have been established between the Russian imperial family and their august guest. Only good can arise from intercourse between the two nations.

In Free Trade Wales. London, July 24.—Seven thousand colliers at Port Pridd, Wales, have struck for an in-

THE INTERNAL REVENUE.

Commissioner Miller's Report for the Past-Year—The Cost of Collection. Washington, July 24.—Commissioner of Internal Revenue Miller has made a preliminary report of the operations of the internal revenue bureau, for the fiscal year ended July 30, 1888.

The total collections for the year were \$124,-

The total collections for the year were \$124,326,474, as against \$118,837,301 for the previous
fiscal year, being an increase of \$5,489,173.
The cost of collection for the year was \$3,983,000, exclusive of the amount expended for
printing of internal revenue stamps. In case
this amount is not increased by items yet to be
settled, the percentage of cost of collection will
be about 32 per cent of amount collected.

The commissioner says that under the conditions now existing fwith regards to pending
legislation and so forth, it is impossible to
make an estimate of, the probable collections
for the current fiscal year.

Collections were made up as follows: On
spirits, \$63,306,100; on tobacco, \$30,662,431;
an increase \$554,344; on tirmented liquous,
\$23,324,218, an increase of \$1,402,031; on
oleomargarine \$864,140, an increase of \$140,102; banks and bankers, \$4,203, a decrease of
\$84,172. Collections were greates in Illinois,
New York, Kentucky and Ohio in the order
uaned and smallest in New Mexico, Alabama,
South Carolina and Arkansas in the order
named. There was an increase of 278,220,900 cigarettes, and 56,421,207 cigars manufactured during the year.

A DESPERATE FIGHT

Is Promised to the Republicans of Alabams -Outside Help.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., July 24 .- [Special.]-MONTGOMERY, Ala., July 24.—[Special.]—
The first guns of the campaign in Alabama
were fired here last night. At a meeting held
in the county courthouse the audience was
composed almost exclusively of negroes.
Speeches were made by Dr. W. T. Ewing, of
Gadsden, republican nominee for governor of
Alabama; Judge W. B. Mordis, of Shelby,
rowinee for attorney-general, and Robert A.

Alabama; Judge W. B. Mordis, of Shelby, nominee for attorney-general, and Robert A. Moseley, Jr., of Talladega, chairman of the republican state executive committee.

The speeches were contined mostly to the stereotyped doctrines of republicanism and wholesale abuse of the democratic party. Judge Mardis indorsed the reconstruction acts passed by the republicans in 1867, and yet he was one of seven men who bolted and entered a protest against the action of the convention at the time.

Dr. Ewing, candidate for governor, is said to be worth \$100,000. He says he writl spend his money freely to contest the governor's seat if he is counted out by the "Bourbon black belt democracy." He says he wrote Governor Seay a letter inviting him to a joint cauvass, which invitation was not accepted. Mosely we have the Lefferson county of which Rivel Riverson counter of the Ri

Seay a letter inviting him to a joint cauvas, which invitation was not accepted. Mosely predicts that Jefferson county, of which Birmingham is the county seat, will go republican and that there will be over forty republicans and independents in the next legislature. He says he has letters from Governor Foraker and Mr. McKinley, of Ohio, promising to come to Alabama in the fall and make some campaign speeches. As a matter of fact, the republicans do not hope to elect a single state officer, but they are falling in line for the presidential contest.

Short Bits of Information Gathered From the

Columbia has decided to rebuild its almshouse, which was wrocked by the carthquake two years ago.

years ago.

The good people of Columbia, S. C., love their sleep. Last night the council decided to guelch the crise of street hucksters before 7 a. m.

William T. Coleman, of the suspended mercantile firm of Wm. T. Coleman & Co., at San Francisco, offers to pay forty cents on the dollar. His liabilities were upwards of two millions. It is thought the offer will be accepted.

A telegram from Washington states that Surgen-General Hamilton has received a telegram from Dr. Wall at Tampe. Fla., saying that Tampa is healthy, but that two new casesof yellow fewer have appeared in Plant City, and that there was one doubt, fill case.

ABOUT IN GEORGIA.

A Look Over Our State Exchanges.

Promising Crops and Farmers Happy-Profits From the Sale of Melons-Darien's New Well-Thunder Storms.

The tax diest of Hall county, just finished, shows an increase of property over the past year of \$146,845.

There is a strange "varmint" roaming the woods about Roswell, having been seen by sev-eral persons. No one as yet has been able to capture it, though it is very valuable to the old folks in having the young men to return home before dark through fear of coming in contact with it. It is said that several young men have made time that would lower Alf Prater's record.

Two protracted meetings at Roswell and Doraville are in progress. One—the colored Baptists—promises to last until frost.

Mr. Fowler, the mail carrier from Alpharetta to Woodstock, killed a rattlesnake in the road last Saturday near the residence of Mr. J. M. Upshaw. It was a large one, and had

Mr. Dave Kenney, of Athens, has just closed the contract for repairing the old col-lege building. He will put in a new floor, new blinds and make the old building look as .good

Says the Buena Vista Patriot: "A woman living in an adjoining county fell into a mill pend one day recently, and when she was dragged ashore a ten-pound catfish was found entangled in her bustle. Her husband was anxious to "set her out" again, but she would not consent.

The old settlers of Milton county say the chigger crop is better than it has been for many years. Go out into the woods for a short while, and you will be constantly employed for the next week,

There are crops in Georgia that pay better than cotton. See what is being done in pota-

toes and melons: Mr. F. A. Morse, of Milton county, dug his Irish potatoes crop last week, and gathered 200 bushels off one acre. He shipped them to Atlanta, where he realized one dollar per shel for them.

Lowndes county clears this year on the wamelon crop \$40,000. Mr. J. O. Wisenbaker cleared \$500 on five car loads. J. A. Campbell netted \$2,018 on twenty-nine car loads. Brooks county will ship this season 1,000 car loads of 1,000 melons each, making a grand total of 1,000,000 which represents \$200,000.

Peaches from the country sell in Brunswick at fifty cents per peck. At the fruit stands nice ones bring as high as fifteen to twenty cents per dozen. The low country peach crop has not been as bad a failure as some points higher up the country.

Pear shipments from Thomasvillle continue unabated. Large piles of crates can yet be seen all around at various stores, the warehouse, express office, etc. The crop certainly

• Darien is sinking another six-inch artesian well. A system of pipes will be run through the city, and all citizens will derive benefit from the pure waters.

When the engine first passed Greenwood, in Oconee county, there was a little black steer standing in front of a store. The steer saw the engine and after curling his tail over his back made for the woods and his owner has been looking for him since, but he has failed to

A prophet of Lumpkin, Ga., who has been damaged more severely this spring by floods than anybody in the county, says there will not be another season of rain before the 2d of

Much complaint is made about the mail route from Roswell to Orange, via Alpharetta.

Here is a good idea: Judge Jesse P. Wilson, of Greensboro, has hit on a practicable | Searching For the Perpetrators of a Terrible scheme for perpetuating the names of the couauthentic register of the names and rank of each in the late war. The list will be made complete, if that be possible to do, which he will endeavor to secure from survivors themselves their own record, and from reliable ces that of the dead. The roll will be made a public record in his office.

Last Sunday evening an electrical cloud of large dimensions passed over Stewart. Fine rains fell everywhere, During the storm, a mule belonging to N. T. Spivey, in the western part of the county, was struck and killed by

Mr. Milton A. Smith, who formerly edited the Gainesville Eagle, and for the past three years has been at the helm of the Annisto Al., Daily Watchman, passed through Gainesville yesterday, en route home, after spending some days in the mountains.

UNDER THEIR FATHER'S ROOF.

Reunion of the Wood Family at Cedartown

Affecting Scenes.

CRDARTOWN, Ga., July 24.—(Special.)—Saturday was a joyous, happy, yet solemn day at the beautiful home of ex-County Treasurer Charles H. Wood, who has been distributed himself before his countrymen as a high-toned Christian gentleman and useful citizen. It was the occasion of the family reunion, consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Wood and their ten children—six daughters and four sons, all of whom, save two, had years ago embarked from the paternal roof to do battle in life for themselves, and, mindful of the precepts of these worthy parents, are prosperous and useful. Six of the ten are married, whose families were also present, and all together made quite an interesting colony. The daughters were Mrs. E. Fite, wife of Eze Kiel Fite, one of our staunch citizens; Mrs. J. E. Good, of Cedartown, wife of Mr. J. E. Good; Mrs. James R. Barber, and Misses Deanie and Lillian Wood, two deservedly popular young ladies of Polk. The sons are Mr. Ed Wood, of Cedartown; Mr. John Wood, Pr. Thomas Wood, and Mr. Charlie Wood, Prior Station, Ga. The aged and revered father had them all sing together, and then he prayed with them, and afterwards delivered to them all perhaps his last fatherly admonitions and advice. The eyes of all were suffused with tears. That song, prayer and counsel, no doubt, will linger in the years of those children -Affecting Scenes. 6. That song, prayer and counsel, no ot, will linger in the years of those children i time with them shall be no more. Al took an affectionate adieu, and went away with joyful though sad hearts.

Fair and Barbecue at Marshallville. Fair and Barbecue at Marshallville.

Marshallville, Ga., July 24.—[Special.]—
The Macon County Agricultural club will hold a fair at this place Friday next, in the academy and grove. Quite an interest is being manifested. Nice cash premiums are offered. A fine exhibit will be on hand and a large crowd is expected. A ten dollar premium is offered for the largest and best display of farm products made by one farmer. The stock department will be very interesting. A programme of anausements have been arranged. The citizens will give a barbecue on the grounds, and the day is locked forward as a big day for Marshallville.

A Negro Porter Accidentally Killed. A Negro Porter Accidentally Killed.
Brunswick, Ga., July 24.—Bill Gaines,
head perter at the Hotel St. Simons, shot himself accidentally Monday morning about 11
o'clock. He was cleaning a gun, and by some
mishap discharged it, sending the load up
through his head, killing him lostantly.

MORPHINE INSTEAD OF QUININE. Pupils of an Augusta Colored School

Augusta, Ga., July 24.-[Special.]-A remarkable case of wholesale poisoning has come to light today. The victims were a teacher and pupils of the Haines Normal and Industrial institute, a negro school in this city. It is a boarding school, and during the regular shool term had 325 pupils enrolled. During this vacation there are only a few who remain through the summer months. There were several cases of sickness in the school, and a entive the attending physician, Dr. A. H. Baker, directed the principal to give the

hildren a quinine capsule every morning.

This has been done for some time past. Sun day morning the supply of quinine being ex-hausted, one of the teachers was dispatched to King's Bell-tower drug store for a new supply The quinine was weighed out, placed in a vial and labelled by the clerk and delivered to the customer. When carried back to the school the drug was put in capsules by the principal and given to the children and one teacher.

In a short time they showed peculiar symp-toms of languor and drowsiness, and soon it be came apparent to the principal that some patent dreg had been taken and the children were

How many victims there were cannot be stated accurately. Dr. Baker is out of the city today, and the school teachers refuse to give information for publication. The number varies from four to twenty in the best statements obtainable. The drug was morphine, and for a few hours there was the greatest exitement, as the scholars succumbed to its influence. Heroic measures and the free use of the stomach pump brought all of them through safely, and there is no danger now except in the case of one who was sick with fever when the poison was administered, and was greatly

exhausted by the severe remedies. The clerk who sold the drug claims that he sold quinine, but he has been discharged by

A NOVEL DEVICE.

Which Put a Load of Shot Into the Body of a

Burglar.
MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., July 24.-{Special.}-Virgil Wright, a young negro hailing from down about Oconee got into a serious difficulty last night while burglarizing Mr. William Harper's store, in Midway. Mr. Harper has sustained a considerable loss recently from burglary and determined to put a stop to it, did nicely. He fixed up a rifle and placed it on a pivot in a revolving position. Strings were tied to the trigger and run about the room in such a manner that they would jerk the muzzle of the gun in the direction they were touched and at the same time discharge the gun.

Virgil Wright was the unfortunate coo eaught in this novel trap. After he had forced his entrance into the store and began to plun-der, he ran against one of the strings, which had the desired effect. The rifle wheeled toward him and discharged its contents into his stomach. He was found at the store this morning and lodged in jail, where he is now in a dying condition. The remedy is a simple and novel one, but is guaranteed to cure burglary. John Bell, an ex-convict who has graduated in dodging officers, was arrested on a hearse to day while conveying a corpse to the cemetery. He was arrested on an old warrant for va-

COLORED FIREMEN. A Great Gathering of Them at the Washing-

ton Tounament,

ton Tounament.

[] WASHINGTON, Ga., July 24.—[Special.]—The brother in black took possession of the town this evening in the shape of the Colored Firemen association of Georgia. The following visiting companies are here, the guest of the E. Y. Hill; hook and ladder company of Washington, Ga. From Athens; Champion No. 3, 54 men; Relief, No. 2, 36 men; Cohen No. 6, 36 men; O'Farrell Hose company No. 2, 35 men. From Macon, Phænix Hose company No. 9, 45 men; Jarrell Hose and Reel company No. 8, 38 men; Jarrell Hose company No. 1, from Crawford, 25 men. Griffin Hook and Ladder company from Griffin, 25 men. Vigilant No. 1, from Milledge-ville, 25 men. Jackson Hose association, from Augusta, Ga. 48 men. The annual contest comes off at 10 o'clock; tomorrow and it is predicted that more colored people will be present than a circus could possibly draw together. LULA IN ARMS.

Sunday morning it was circulated in Lula that two brothers, the names we could not learn, had committed an unnamable crime learn, had committed an unnamable crime upon a lady living near Lula. The circumstances we could not get, but it is known that the crime was committed in a most horrible manner. Conductor Burch, of the Northeastern freight train, says that his freight train was surrounded by a mobbed armed with guns, pistols and knives and searched the same for the guilty parties. One was caught shortly afterwards, and is now in Gainesville. His name is Giles. The country is being scoured for the other, and if he can be caught, justice will be meted out swiftly. All the parties are white. Some of the men employed on the Northeastern, while lying over at Lula, took a hand in the hunt.

thirty days.

Martin Pierce, colored, was fined \$10 on the same charge.

Eugene George and Robert Demington were

Columbus, Ga., July 24.—[Special.]—Mayor Grimes held a lively matinee this morning and imposed sentences of \$25 each upon the following party of negroes: Desinot Sheffield, Jim King, Mary Spencer, John Chester, Horace Spencer, Will Gilmer, Lizzie Kyle, Julia Kempt, Flora Taylor and Tom Preston. The negroes were also placed under \$25 bond each for riot. They were unable to pay their fines and will wear stripes for thirty days. The negroes engaged in a general row Monday evening, in which pistols and brickbats figured promiscuously. John Chester was also placed under \$50 bond for carrying concealed weapons. Rioters Sentenced. ander \$50 bond for carrying concealed weapons.

POLITICS IN GEORGIA, W. M. Howard is a candidate for re-election the office of solicitor-general of the Northern cir-

Hon. Allen D. Candler, member of congress The prohibitionists of Dodge county will

eet in Eastman August 7th, for the purpose of minating a candidate for representative. Petitions favoring Mr. P. D. Duffin and Dr. ames B. Read, for Chatham county commissioner, rice C. C. Casey, were forwarded to Governor Gor-ton from Savannah last night. Intense interest is felt in Savannah in the result. Rev. W. C. Holbrook, thought to be one of

the strengest candidates of Cobe county for the legislature, has retired from the race. He came down rather than autagonize or demoralize the or-A democratic mass meeting in Fayetteville, aturday, selected delegates to represent Fayette ty at the senatorial convention which meets in

Griffin on the 28th inst. Judge John I. Hall was recommended for the nomination. There are six candidates for representative in DeKalb county, all running on the independent, auti-prohibition ticket. A barbeeue and mass meet-ing is spoken of at Doraville on the 28th instant, when all the candidates are to be present and dis-

The fight against the petition calling on the The fight against the petition calling on the ordinary of Burke county to order an election on the whisky issue continued for several days. There were about 800 names on the list. The friends of local option succeeded in reducing it to 226, but the ordinary accepted the petition and has ordered an election. The number of names required for bringing about an election is 297. The election takes place on August 20th

ing about an election is 297. The election takes place on August 20th. The republicans of Dawson county held a meeting at Dawsonville on Saturday, according to previous announcement, for the purpose of reorganizing. A series of resolutions indorsing Harrison and Morton and accepting the Chicago platform were reported by a committee. They claim they will get from disaffected democrats enough votes to elect their representatives, who will be nominated on the second Saturday in August.

SHOOTING THE PESTS.

Slaughter of Martins by Macon Sportsmen.

The Incessant Chirping of the Birds Consid-Woes-Other Macon News.

MACON, Ga., July 24 .- [Special.]-The folowing is no fish, snake or ghost story, but the true tale of the trials and tribulations of Mr. W. G. Solomon in regard to the martin question, which at present he thinks much more important than the tariff question, the internal revenue, or the troubles of the neighbors in the vicinity of Orange and — street, where several girls play "Listen to the Cricket Song" from morning till night, and listen it is, too, as there is nothing else for them to do, unless it is to "chip in" and buy the piano, or pay somebody to carry off the children.

But to Solomon's martins. Everybody

knows where his home is, corner Cotton avenue and College street, over that beautiful glen which used to be the cut of the Macon and Western railroad. This is now all grown up with trees, which are very thick, both in the cut and in the yard above. The tops of these are covered in one grand roof of ivy, which makes the prettiest and shadest place in the city. This fact also seems to have been agreed upon by the hundreds of thousands of martins that are noted for making Macon their summer home. Last year the lumber yards at the corner of Pine and Third were occupied by them, and the lumber men almost compelled to vacate. Some weeks ago they appeared in small numbers, which rapidly increased to thousands. Their chatterings and flutterings made such an unearthly noise that it was with the greatest inconvenience

that it was with the greatest inconvenience that Mr. Solomon or his family could get any rest. Though this gentleman is a steward in the Methodist church, and nothing is insinuated, it is no doubt good for him that there was not a phonograph near to take down his thoughts about three a. m. each morning, or any other time after dark, when his temper got away with his tongue, and he was compelled to speak his mind.

But day by day their numbers continued to increases reinforcements arrived both to the martins' forces and Mr. Solomon's woes. Several plans were formed as to the riddance of these most unwelcome lodgers, but all to no avail. Like the man, who knowing full well that he will have to go after it in the morning, the desperate men throws the shee at a serenading cat, Mr. Solomon, in truly desperate the desperate men throws the shoe at a sere-nading cat, Mr. Solomon, in truly desperate case of despairing, turns both barrels of a ten bore Parker among his pets, and pays five dol-lars to the recorder next morning for his act. But the city repented the act, and made up by giving him permission to shoot to his heart's content, and that is the reason why the down town people wonder is a fight has broken out between the Schofields and the Huffs in Vine-ville while the delta. between the Schofields and the Huffs in Vine-ville, while the old folks stopped to inquire whether the war had broken out or not. But, nevertheless, all of the prominet sportsmen of the city are consuming the remains of their last season's supply of shells. Every afternoon about dusk, as the birds begin to flock around and descend in circles, something like a bed-spring, and just as they reach the trees, gun load after gun load of shot is poured into their midst and the dead birds fall to the ground like rain. The irrepressible small boy is on deck as usual, and it is he who carries away more of the slaughtered innocents than any one. On the slaughtered innocents than any one. On last Thursday about two cart loads were fast Thursday about two cart loads were picked up, the negroes especially being eager to get them and come prepared with large sacks and other available means of conveyance. But the birds continue to come and the neighborhood is haunted by their presence, and they seem to be a greater pest than are the rabbits to New Zealand.

RECORDER'S COURT.

only a Few Cases of Not Much Consequence

Only a Few Cases of Not Much Consequence
—Other Polico Matters.

Macon, Ga., July 24.—[Special.]—Recorder
Baxter is having rather light dockets in his
court of late, and one of the rarest dishes on
his "bill of fare" is the vagrant. It is a good
thing for a city when, in looking over its pohice docket, there are but a few names down
with the charge of "vagrancy" entered against
them. But if ever a class of people was well
represented in Macon it was this one last
winter. At one time the chaingang had a
membership of eighty-one, the largest since it membership of eighty-one, the largest since it has been in existence, with an honorary memhas been in existence, with an innorary membership of over twenty, who were quartered at the barracks. This was during the time when the police were making such raids on all the negro dens in the lower part of the city, a portion where he was boarded free. Such expectations were such that the such as the control of the amples were made of those caught that nun bers left the city, and those released reformed and went to work.

And now the police and authorities are only troubled with those who will persist in having a fight occasionally, or get drunk and disorderly. At court this morning Recorder Baxter was compelled to fine a white man, known as F. F. Faughn, \$15 for being drunk and disorderly. As people's work, who get in such a condition, is rated at fifty cents a day, it is quite probable that he will board at the barracks for the next

Eugene George and Robert Demington were charged with fighting and disorderly conduct, Robert struck the first blow and was fined \$10, while Eugene will pay \$2.50 for returning it. After dismissing a lot of innocents, court adjourned until tomorrow morning.

A HALF DAY LATE.

An East Tennessee Passenger Train Over Eleven Hours Behind Time.

Eleven Hours Behind Time.

Macon, Ga., July 24.— [Special.]— Macon passengers who assembled at the depot of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad last night with the intention of taking the south bound train, which arrives here at 10:45, were badly left. Some waited and waited and as the head-light of the engine never did appear around the curve at Rose Hill cemetery, they left with the intention of going down this morning. And some of them did go on the same train, as it did not put in an appearance until after 11 o'clock today.

The cause of this delay is said to have been a freight train which broke down, and in some way tore up the main timbers of a trestle over Walnut creek, between here and Atlanta. The authorities of this road stationed here

over Walnut creek, between here and Atlanta. The authorities of this road stationed here only have charge of the division between Macon and Brunswick, while the section between Macon and Atlanta is in charge of the Atlanta minagers, so that it is rather hard to learn anything that happens above this place.

The tracks of the road here are being greatly improved, especially around the passenger de-

improved, especially around the passenge pot, where they are being raised and new put in. As a consequence of this, the East Macon street cars were all stopped at the cross-ing and transfers made. After this the cross-ing will be improved.

A BAND WAGON DRIVE.

A Party of Young People Take a Moonlight

Drive to Bailey's Mill.

Macon, Ga., July 24.—[Special.]—The roung people of Vineville hit upon a good plan to have a pleasant evening. The young men nired the band wagon for the evening and the band wagon for the evening wagon wagon for the evening wagon for the evening wagon for the evening wagon wagon wagon for the evening wagon wagon wagon for the evening wagon w bought a large supply of watermelons. Soon after supper they started out for a moonlight drive. They went to Bailey's mill, five miles out on the Columbus road, and on the bridge and rocks of the creek ate the melons and had a good time generally.

and rocks of the creek ate the melons and had a good time generally. Some expressed regret that they did not have the advantage of the eclipse of the night before, but the majority were very well satisfied.

The following is a list of those present: Miss Fannie Guttenberger, Miss Lena Guttenberger, Miss Fannie Pollard, of Augusta, Miss Belle Pollard, of Augusta, Miss Annie Holmes. Miss Maggie Smith, Miss Daisey Clisby, Miss Minnie Lee Wing, Miss Minnie Franklin, Miss Beaten, of Savannah, Miss Fannie Holt. Beaten, of Savannah, Miss Fannie Holt, Messis. Harry Jones, Stan Rogers, Jim Holt, Charles Holt, Ed Hodgkins, Henry Hodgkins, Joe Clisby, Perry Oliver and Prentice Huff.

TOM WOOLFOLK IS A PAUPER.

At Least He Swears to That to Keep What Money He Has Got. Macon, Ga., July 24.—[Special.]—Tom Woolfolk's latest gag is that he is a pauper, and he has made an oath to that effect. This morning Attorney W. M. Wimberly, acting for Captain J. C. Rutherford, went to the jail,

accompanied by Justice D. A. Keating, and asked to see Tom.

Woolfolk made a "pauper's affidavit" before Justice Keating, that he was unable to pay the cost of carrying his case to the superior court, which relieves him of this expense. It is doubtful if his hearing before this court will be had before October, and as to whether he will get a new trial, there is no telling.

A ROSE PARK FESTIVAL. The Y. M. C. A, Will Give a Grand Festi-

val Next Friday Evening.

Macon, Ga., July 24.—[Special.]—The Young Men's Christian association is making arrangements to give the grand closing festival of the season on next Friday afternoon and evening. It will take place at Rose park, opposite the Mount De Sales academy, and the grounds are being fixed up to accommodate a large crowd. The association has hit upon a good scheme to attract people from all over the city. There is a committee from each church who has been appointed to drum up the entertainment, and for each committee to also take charge of a table or stand at the fesval Next Friday Evening. the entertainment, and for each committee to also take charge of a table or stand at the festival. The directors of the association are all members of different churches and will appoint these committees, while he looks after the table himself. There is to be a number of special features and if everything passes off as well as it now looks, it will be a grand occasion to the results and a grander one finencially to to the people and a grander one financially to

ABOUT MACON PEOPLE,

And Some Others, Who are Stopping Over in

the Central City.

Macon, Ga., July 24.—[Special.]—Professor
W. D. Williams, his son, Master Dudley, and Mr. C.
W. Steed have returned from a trip to Baltimore,
Philadelphia, New York, and other northern points.
Messrs. John C. Eads and C. E. Orr leave in a few
days for New York, Boston, and all of the prominent
points in the north, west and Canada.
Mr. Banard Willingham leaves for a trip to the
north tomorrow. Mr. Bahara viringsala.

north tomorrow, Colonel E. C. Machen returned from a trip to Athens yesterday. While up that way, he made final arrangements for the grand barbeeue which is to be given the latter part of this week, or the first

cart of next.

Colonel Lee Betz greatly enjoyed a visit to Americus last Sunday.

Mr. W. S. Irwin. a rising young journalist of some prominence, is now on the staff of the Evening

Mr. V. S. Iwill. and Mr. Mr. S. Iwill. and on the staff of the Evening News.
Mr. E. Wilson, secretary of the Macon Fire Insurance company, has returned from a trip to New York. He reports a most delightful voyage, both north and south,
Mr. Charles A. Wier, of Baltimore, is in the city, stopping at the Hotel Lanier.
Mr. A. G. Craig, connected with East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, with headquarters at Knoxville, is in the city today, stopping at the Lanier.

anier.

Mrs. W. A. Patterson and Mrs. A. E. Hubbard, of harien, Ga., are in the city todoy.

Mr. J. C. McMaster, of Augusta, is in the city to-Mr. W. A. Wynne is expected home tomorrow

Mr. W. A. Wynne is expected home tomorrow from an extensive visit to the sea coast.

Mr. R. A. Nesbit and lady went down the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad this morning to attend the basket picnie which takes place at Adams's park today.

Major and Mrs. R. F. Lawton and their daughter. Miss Lizzle are spending the summer on the Covington and Macon, a mile south of Monticello.

Mr. Lewis F. Goodrich, of Augusta, Ga., is in the city today, stopping at the Brown house.

J. J. Edwards, of Richmond, Va., is registered at the Brown house today.

D. C. McLanday, of Lumber City, is in the city today, stopping at the Brown house.

Hon. M. E. Harris is summering in the mountains of East Tennessee.

Mr. O. G. Allen has returned from a pleasant visit to Atlanta, Ga.

Condensations from Columbus Collems the company to the commons.

Collems was Ga., July 24.—[Special.]—Extensive improvements are being made out at the waterworks. The company has already spent over \$5,000 in construction of a by pass[which will be completed in ten days, unless heavy rains countered.]

rains occur.

Sergeant Watt killed a rabid dog near the courthouse today.

Andrew Culverson was locked up tonight Andrew Curverson was locked up tonight for stealing from the culinary department of the Rankin house.

A negro row occurred in Sandy Bottom tonight, in which Kate Williams received a dangerous blow on the head with a rock. The police were unable to secure the arrest of the

party who threw the rock.
Superintendent McClintock went to Savannah tonight to consult the authorities of the Central in regard to putting on additional pas-senger trains between Savannah and Birming-ham via Columbus.

South Atlanta Conference.

HAMPTON, Ga., July 24.—[Special.]—There was a large attendance of delegates at the South Atlanta district conference which closed Sunday night. Fayetteville was selected as the place for the next meeting of the conference

Chautauqua is the place to visit on Thursday One cent a mile in all directions. Addresses by Hon. Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, Hon. James Bynum, of Indiana, and others, Lectures, concerts, recitations and illuminations. Dialect reading by Betsy Hamilton. Extra trains will

THE DEATH ROLL.

Miss Lovie Nash, daughter of Mr. and Mrs harlie Nash, of Harmony Grove, died at that place i last Saturday morning from a long attack of

Queer Sayings of Children From the Philadelphia Press.

A Boston school teacher, who has made A Boston school teacher, who has made notes of some of the queer sayings of her pupils, gives as samples the following: Asked to describe the character of Alexander the Great, one said: "He was proud, of medium height, with small eyes and head inclined a little to one side. I think, Miss Blank, it was the left side." In giving an account of a battle, another said: "The sold'ers fought with wear brayery, that after they ware tilled them. such bravery, that after they were killed they grawled along on the ground and slashed at the legs of the enemy." Here are three more: "Henry VIII. of England, married his brother's deceased wife In the first century Pompeil and Hercula were covered with an eruption." "Then ther a resurrection of Pompey's sons in Spain."

A Peculiar Public Man.

Judge William D. Kelley, of Philadelphia is a remarkable man in many respects. He has been twenty-eight years in congress, and one character istic about him makes him a rather peculiar exam ple of success in public life. He is practically able to remember for any length of time either acce or a name, and this lack of memory would face or a name, and this lack of memory would have long since consigned many another man to private life. To make up for his want of political advoitn ess in this respect the sturdy old protectionist is 'gifted with a most acute and intelligent ear, and he can tell men by their voices where he never could recognize them by face or name. So he closes his eyes when a new comer addresses him and thus figures out his identity.

The Hon. Roger Q. Mills, "The Democratic Lion of the Tribe of Judah," and Hon. Mr. Bynum, of Indiana, will deliver addresses at Piedmont Chautauqua on Thursday, the 26th. The speaking will begin at 4 o'clock. The subject of Mr. Mills's address will be the "The People and the Tariff."

SEE STUDIES Advice to Everybody

who has a diseased Liver is to at once take proper means to cure it. The function the Liver is designed to perform, and on the regular execution of which depends not only the general health of the body, but the powers of the Stomach, Bovels, Brains, and the whole nervous system, shows its vast and vital importance to human health.

OHUMAN BEING

should run the risk for a single day of neglecting this important organ, but should promptly get a box of Dr. C. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills, made by FLEMING BROS, Pittsburgh, Pa., and use according to directions they will cure you promptly and permanently. Around each box is a wrapper giving full description of the symptoms of a diseased Liver. They can be had of druggists. Beware of Counterfeits made in St. Louis.

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President Cleveland's Prize for the three best babies at the Aurora County Fair, in 1887, was given to these triplets, Mollie, Ida, and Ray, children of Mrs. A. K. Dart, Hamburgh, N. Y. She writes: "Last August the little ones became very sick, and as I could get no other food that would agree with them, I commenced the use of Lactated Food. It helped them immediately, and they were soon as well as ever, and I consider it very largely due to the Food that they are now so well." Lactated Food is the best Food for bottle-fed babies. It keeps them well, and is better than medicine when they are sick. Three sizes: 25c., 50c., \$i.00. At druggists. Cabinet photo. of these triplets sent free to the mother of any baby born this year. Address WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

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THE SUPREME COURT.

Decisions Rendered July 11 and

Reported for the Constitution by Mr. Henry C. Peeples, Supreme Court Reporter.

Johnson vs. Griffin et al. Ejectment, from Chattahoochee. Amendment. Gifts. Equity. Specific performance. Presumptions. Before Judge Smith.

Bleckley. C. J.—1. The plaintiff in an action of ejectment cannot engrift upon the declaration au amendment in the nature of a bill in equity, graying that one of the defondants be decreed to perform specifically a parol agreement for a gift of the premises in dispute, withalleging that such defendant is a resident of the country in which the suit is pending, or a non-resident of the state.

2. Under section 2864 of the code, the presumption of gift by a father to a child, is not confined to a gift by a father to a child, is not confined to a gift by a writing. The presumption may zarise though it be certain that the father retained the paper title, and though that fact be admitted by the son. The assertion of dominion by the father which the statute contemplates, is over the property not merely over the paper title. This construction is now adopted by a manimous bench, and in so far as dones vs. Clark, 59 Ga. 136, differs therefrom, that case is disapproved.

Judgment affirmed.

Peabody, Brannon & Battle, for plaintiff in error.

C. J. Thornton and Eugene Wynn, centra

in error. C. J. Thornton and Eugene Wynn, contra

Ci. J. Thornton and Eugene Wynn, contra

Willis vs. Rivers. Illegality, from Pike.
Bonds. Principal and surety. Principal
and agent. Before Judge Lumpkin.
Bleckley, C. J.—Where the appropriate
statutory bond has been given in a legal proceeding, and the principal has taken the full
benefit of the remedy which it afforded him, it
is too late for the surety to make with the adverse party the question of its validity on the
ground that he signed the instrument in blank,
and entrusted his signature to the attorney
of his principal with the understanding that a
bond of a different character was to be written
and delivered. The attorney was his agent as
well as the agent of the principal, and it he
abused his authority, the adverse party, having ho knowledge of such abuse, is not to be
prejudiced thereby. This case is distinguishable from Ham vs. Parkerson, 68 Ga. 830.

Dismuke & Collons and Stewart & Stewart,
for plaintiff in error.

A. Hunt, contra

Garmany & Son vs. Savannah Guano Co. complainant, from Chacham, Actions. Pleadings. Before Judge Adams.

Bleekley, C. J.—The declaration as amended sets forth a cause of action, and it was error to sustain a demurrer thereto.

Judgment reversed.

Jackson & Whatley and A. C. Wright, by

brief, for plaintiff in error. Denmark & Adams, contra.

Travelers' Insurance Co. vs. Jones. Certiorari, from Glynn. Negligence. New trial. Prac-tice in Supreme Court. Before Judge At-

Bleckley, C. J .- 1. During a dark and rainy night, for a person with two packages in his hands or arms to attempt, by choice, to pass over a trestle which he knows to be dangerous, other ways of travel being open to him, is, on other ways of travel being open to him, is, on his part, "voluntary exposure to unnecessary danger, hazzard or perilous adventure," notwithstanding this was his usual way of travel, his usual route to his home, and he had been going that way for ten years, and many others went the same way.

2. An irrelevant charge by a justice of the peace is not obligatory upon the jury, and when the plaintiff in error has caused it to be riven end propagated when the plaintiff in error has caused it to be

when the plaintiff in error has caused a to be given and pronounced obligatory, a reversa here of a judgment granting a new trial is not to be expected, though the verdict is apparently correct. Let the prevailing party take the consequences of a new trial which, what the consequences of a new trial which, what ever may be the subtantial merits of the case is justified by an illegal charge prompted by hi

Frank H. Harris, for plaintiff in error. Smith & Borchardt by brief, contra.

Burns vs. State. Assault and battery, from Chatham. Jury and jurors. Charge of court. Practice in superior court. Officers. Policemen. Criminal law. Before Judge

Bleckley, C. J.-1. Charles W. Foster, Bleckley, C. J.—1. Charles W. Foster, colored person under twenty-one years of a who was not upon the official jury list of county, but who was actually serving upon regular panel under the name of Charles Fter, should have been challenged for carproper defectum before he was accepted sworn. The discovery afterwards that he was not another Charles Foster, a white mon, w

panel, will not work a new trial. Due di gence would have led to the discovery in di time.

2. The charge of the court that the police man hight use all the lores that was necessit ance, sufficiently covered the facts in evidence tending to show that the object of beating we to prevent escape, or to arrest and keep und arrest, or in self-defense. And the remark of the fudge (in responding to a request to charter on the first of these topics), that did not except the property ambigule to the did not consider the request applicable to

did not consider the request applicable to the case, was not such error as to require a new trial.

3. An officer of the law cannot justify a assault and battery upon his prisoner, on the round that the beating was provoked by the use 64 opprobrious words or abusive language Section 4694 of the code applies between private persons, not between public officers and those in their custody.

4. Insolence from a colored prisoner to white policeman's no excuse for beating the prisoner with a club. Policeman shall dright, not less towards one color than another in so far as it depends upon this court to admit

in so far as it depends upon this court to adnister the rules of law to their conduct.

Judgment affirmed.

Chicken & Freder, for plaintiff in error.

Chisholm & Erwin, for plaintiff in error. F.G, du Bignon, solicitor-general, for

Mayor, etc., of Gainesville vs. Caldwell. Cas from Hall. Manicipal corporations. A tions. Vordict. Witness. Insanity. Char of court. Diligence. Evidence. New tria Before Judge Wellborn.
Bleckley, C. J.—1. Though the charter is comporates the city under the name and sty of the city of Gainesville, yet as it also delares that the municipal government is vet in a mayor and aldermen "who shall be style the mayor and council of the city of Gaine ville, and by that name are hereby made body corporate; as such they shall have a common may contract and be contracted with, un purchase or otherwise receive, hold, posses sell and convey for the use of said city, real personal estate of any kind, and may sue or sued." a suit against "the mayor and countries the countries of the countries." for perfigen sued;" a suit against "the mayor and cou of the city of Gainesville," for neglige suffering an awning which extended over of of the sidewalks to be unsafe, by reason which it fell upon the plaintiff and inju-him, is well brought so far as the corpora-ness is concerned.

name is concerned. 1: 2, 3. The verdict was not contrary to is nor to evidence, nor excessive in amount.

4. A witness having been examined on introgatories by commission dely issued, he working the evidence subsequently taken tending show that he was insane when examined, for consideration by the jury under proper structions from the court, and not for final judication by the judge presiding, there be also testimony in favor of sanity.

5. In charging the rule of ordinary diliger the court may contrast it with extraording

the court may contrast it with extraord diligence to make the former more clea 6. freelevant testimony which is immate or having but slight materiality, and white not likely to have misled the jury, is not con-for a new trial.

Judgment affirmed.
W. F. Findley, H. H. Perry, Geo. K. Lo.
und F. M. Johnson, for plaintiff in error.
J. B. Estes, Claud and M. L. Smith, con

Coniey vs. Thornton. Complaint, from Ful Conversion. Fraud. Debtor and cred Bona fides. Title. New trial. Practic Supreme Court. Before Judge Marsha Clarke, Bleckley, C. J.—L. Where one bring action for the conversion of property conveying and delivering it to another,



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12, 1888.

Reported for the Constitution by Mr. Henry C. Peeples, Supreme Court Reporter.

Johnson vs. Griffin et al. Ejectment, from Chattahoochee. Amendment. Gifts. Equity. Specific performance. Presumptions. Before Judge Smith.
Bleckley, C. J.—I. The plaintiff in an action of ejectment cannot engraft upon the declaration an amendment in the nature of a bill in equity, praying that one of the defondants be decreed to perform specifically a parol agree.

tion an amendment in the hasters of a 511 in equity, praying that one of the defondants be decreed to perform specifically a parol agreement for a gift of the premises in dispute, with alleging that such defendant is a resident of the country in which the suit is pending, or a non-resident of the state.

2. Under section 2864 of the code, the presumption of gift by a father to a child, is not confined to a gift by writing. The presumption may garke though it be certain that the father retained the paper title, and though that fact be admitted by the son. The assertion of dominion by the father which the statute contemplates, is over the property, not merely over the paper title. This construction is now adopted by a manimous bench, and in-so far as Jones vs. Clark, 59 Ga. 136, differs therefrom, that case is disapproved.

Judgment affirmed.

Peabody, Brannon & Battle, for plaintiff in error.

Judgment affirmed. Dismuke & Collens and Stewart & Stewart,

Garmany & Son vs. Savannah Guano Co. com

plainant, from Chatham, Actions. Pleadings. Before Judge Adams.

Bleckley, C. J.—The declaration as amended sets forth a cause of action, and it was error to sustain a demurrer thereto.

Judgment reversed.

Jackson & Whatley and A. C. Wright, by high for plaintiff in error.

brief, for plaintiff in error. Denmark & Adams, contra.

Denmark & Adams, contra.

Travelers' Insurance Co. vs. Jones. Certiorari, from Glynn. Negligence. New trial. Practice in Supreme Court. Before Judge Atkinson.

Bleckley, C. J.—1. During a dark and rainy night, for a person with two packages in his hands or arms to attempt, by choice, to passover a trestle which he knows to be dangerous, other ways of travel being open to him, is, on his part, "voluntary exposure to unnecessary danger, hazzard or perilous adventure," notwithstanding this was his usual way of travel, his usual route to his home, and he had been going that way for ten years, and many others went the same way.

2. An irrelevant charge by a justice of the peace is not obligatory upon the jury, and when the plaintiff in error has caused it to be given and pronounced obligatory, a reversal here of a judgment granting a new trial is not to be expected, though the verdict. Before Judge Van Epps.

Bleckley, C. J.—1. According to the repeated rulings of this court, whilst juries are judges of the law as well as the facts, in criminal cases, they accept the law as laid down and expounded to them by the presiding judge.

2. If in the given case the law authorizes the jury to infer guilt from certain enumerated facts, the presiding judge may tell them so in fischarge. Legal authority to make an inference does not imply a requirement, legal or degeal, that it shall be made.

3. The guilt of the accused being certain, if the main witness for the state was credible, and there being evidence for and against his credibility, there is no want of sufficiency in the evidence to warrant the verdict.

4. One hundred dollars fine or the alternative of five moniths' work, is not excessive punishment of a men with the consequences of a new trial which, whatever may be the subtantial merits of the case, is justified by an illegal charge prompted by his own counsel.

Judgment affimed.

Mr counsel. Judgment affimed. Frank H. Harris, for plaintiff in error. Smith & Borchardt by brief, contra.

Burns vs. State. Assault and battery, from Chatham. Jury and jurors. Charge of court. Practice in superior court. Officers. Policemen. Criminal law. Before Judge

Bleckley, C. J.--1. Charles W. Foster, a Bleckley. C. J.—1. Charles W. Foster, a colored person under twenty-one years of age, who was not upon the official jury list of the county, but who was actually serving upon the regular panel under the name of Charles Foster, should have been challenged for cause proper defection before he was accepted and sworn. The discovery afterwards that he was not enother Charles Foster, a white man, who was a competent juror and whose name was on the official list, but who was not sworn of the panel, will not work a new trial. Due diligence would have led to the discovery in due time.

panel, will not work a new trial. Due diligence would have led to the discovery in due
time.

2. The charge of the court that the policeman might use all the force that was necessary
to effectuate the arrest and overcome resistance, sufficiently covered the facts in evidence
tending to show that the object of heating was
to prevent escape, or to arrest and keep under
arrest, or in self-defense. And the remark of
the fudge (in responding to a request to charge
further on the first of these topics), that he
did not consider the request applicable to the
case, was not such error as to require a new
trial.

3. An officer of the law cannot justify an
assault and battery upon his prisoner, on the
round that the beating was provoked by the
use & opprobrious words or abusive language.
Section 4694 of the code applies between private persons, not between public officers and
those in their custody.

4. Insolemce from a colored prisoner to a
white policeman is no excuse for beating the
prisoner with a club. Policeman shall do
right, not less towards one color than another,
in so far as it depends upon this court to administer the rules of law to their conduct.

Judgment affirmed.

Chishelm & Erwin, for plaintiff in error.
F. G, du Bignon, solicitor-general, for the
state.

F. G, du Bignon, solicitor-general, for the

Mayor, etc., of Gainesville vs. Caldwell. Case, from Hall. Municipal corporations. Actions. Vordict. Witness. Insanity. Charge of court. Diligence. Evidence. New trial. Before Judge Wellborn.
Before Judge Wellborn.
Bleckley, C. J.—I. Though the charter incorporates the city under the name and style of the city of Gainesville, yet as it also declares that the municipal government is vested in a mayor and aldermen "who shall be styled the mayor and council of the city of Gainesville, and by that name are hereby made a body corporate; as such they shall have perpetual succession, shall have a common scal, may contract and be contracted with, may purchase or otherwise receive, hold, possess, sell and convey for the use of said city, real or personal estate of any kind, and may sue or be sued;" a suit against "the mayor and council of the city of Gainesville," for negligently suffering an awning which extended over one of the sidewalks to be unsafe, by reason of which it fell upon the plaintiff and injured him, is well brought so far as the corporate name is concerned.

: 2, 3. The verdict was not contrary to law, nor to evidence, nor excessive in amount.

4. A witness having been examined on interrogatories by commission duly issued, he was, prima facie, mentally competent to testify, and evidence subsequently taken tending to show that he was insure when examined, was for consideration by the jury under proper instructions from the court, and not for final adjudication by the judge presiding, there being also testimony in favor of sanity.

5. In charging the rule of ordinary diligence, the court may contrast it with extraordinary

ligence to make the former more clear and

better understood.
6. Irrelevant testimony which is immaterial or having but slight materiality, and which is not likely to have misled the jury, is not cause for a new trial.

Judgment affirmed.
W. F. Findley, H. H. Perry, Geo. K. Leoper and F. M. Johnson, for plaintiff in error.
J. B. Estes, Claud and M. L. Smith, contra.

Conley vs. Thornton. Complaint, from Fulton. Conversion. Fraud. Debtor and creditor. Bona fides. Title. New trial. Practice in Supreme Court. Before Judge Marshall J. Clarke.

whom the defendant claims, to defeat him on A Child's Great Sufferings Ended by the

whom the defendant claims, to defeat him on the ground that the conveyance was a fraud upon his creditors because intended to hinder or delay them, the evidence of fraudulent intent should be so clear and convincing as to exclude reasonable doubt. This defence is recognized for the sake of the public, not of the resisting party, and the public can have no interest in outlawing a plaintiff unless he is clearly within the rule that denies him a remedy. The evidence in this case was not irreconcilable with good faith, at least, with grave doubt as to bad faith, though the conveyance was rashly and indiscreetly made.

2. When the defendant in trover claims his title and possession under a third person who acquired his title and possession from the plaintiff by fraud, and the real issue is whether the defendant participated in the fraud or had notice of it, the question whether the property did not really belong to a corporation of which the plaintiff was a member, but with which the defendant had no connection by privity or otherwise, is immaterial, and any errors committed by the court in ruling upon that branch of the revounds of the motion for new trial

mitted by the court in ruling upon that branch of the case were harmless,

3. The grounds of the motion for new trial not argued present no error on the surface, and none under the surface discoverable without the aid of counsel.

Judgment affirmed.

T. P. Westmoreland, Hopkins & Glenn, A. A. Manning and J. B. Goodwin, for plaintiff in error.

Arnold & Arnold, Frank A. Arnold, H. C. Glenn and J. H. Smith, contra.

tion is now adopted by a manimous bench, and in-so far as Jones vs. Clark, 59 Ga. 136, differs therefrom, that case is disapproved.

Judgment affirmed.
Peabody, Brainon & Battle, for plaintiff in error.
C. J. Thornton and Eugene Wyun, contra.

Willis vs. Rivers. Illegality, from Pike. Bond. Principal and surety. Principal and agent. Before Judge Lumpkin.
Bleckley, C. J.—Where the appropriate statutory bond has been given in a legal proceeding, and the principal has taken the full benefit of the remedy which it afforded him, it is too late for the surety to make with the adverse party the question of its validity on the ground that he signed the instrument in blank, and entrusted his signature to the attorney of his principal with the understanding that a bond of a different character was to be written and delivered. The attorney was his agent as well as the agent of the principal, and it he abused his authority, the adverse party, having ho knowledge of such abuse, is not to be projecticed thereby. This case is distinguishable from Ham vs. Parkerson, 68 Ga. 830.

Judgment affirmed.

Arnold & Arnold, Frank A. Arnold, H. C. Glenn and J. H. Smith, contra.

Smith vs. Hightower. Rule, from Fulton. Officers. Constables. Bonds. Presumptions. Evidence. Verdict. Before Judge Marshall J. Clarke.

Bleckley, C. J.—I. A constable having levided upon property, which was claimed by a third person, and having returned the claim papers to the proper court, and gone out of office before the claim was tried, upon being ruled by the plaintiff more than three years afterwards, the claim papers being than the knew the bond was signed, and that the bonds were all right, etc. His evidence, the bond, and that his best recollection is that the bond was not signed. In this state of the evidence, a verdict against the officer's answer was not authorized.

Judgment affirmed.

2. An officer accepting a claim interposed to property under levy and releasing the property, is not relieved from Hability to the plaintiff by taking a forthcoming bond only; he must also take a damage bond. But the weight of the evidence is that both bonds were taken in the

Judgment reversed. R. J. Jordan, for plaintiff in error. King & Spalding, contra.

Hunt vs. State. Fornication and adultery, from city court of Atlanta. Criminal law.

Jury and jurors. Charge of court. Evidence. Verdict. Punishment. Witness.

6. One witness who certainly knew whether the alleged criminal intercourse took place, was neither introduced by the accused nor accounted for. This may have had weight with the jury, as the non-production of evidence apparently in one's power is frequently a cir-cumstance of more or less significance.

Judgment affirmed.
Arnold & Arnold, Gartrell & Ladson and L.
W. Thomas, for plaintiff in error. H. C. Glenn, solicitor city court, for the

Gardner vs. State. Fornication and Adultery, from the City Court of Atlanta. Practice, in Supreme Court. Motion in Arrest of Judgment. Indictment. Accusation. Evidence. Res Gesta: Presumptions. New Trial. Criminal Law. Before Judge Van

Epps. Bleckley, C. J.-1. Overruling a motion in arrest of judgment based upon the ground that no indictment was found by a grand jury but the trial was had by mere accusation, is matter for direct exception and not cause for a new trial. As to dispensing with indictment, and substituting accusation, in the city court of Atlanta, see Darden vs. the State, 74 Ga., 842. 2. On the trial of a man for a single act of 2. On the trial of a man for a single act of adultery with one of his witnesses, letters written by him previous to the act and a conversation, also previous, had with his wire and his witness when he was not present, all tending to show that he, his wife and his witness had, several months before the alleged adulterous act, combined to impute to a certain den-tist criminal intercourse with the witness and to "blackmail" or extert money from, were not admissible testimony in behalf of the state to impeach the witness or illustrate her rela-tions to or with the accused, she not having been interrogated as to these matters when un-der examination so as to lay the foundation for

der examination so as to lay the foundation for contradicting her and thereby impairing her credit. The admission of this illegal testimony was highly prejudicial to the accused, and its tendency was to render him odious and infamous in the estimation of his jury. It had no relevancy whatever to the alleged criminal act for which he was on trial.

3. That after receiving the girl into his house for medical treatment, the accused would not and did not suffer her to return whence she came, and gave a false account of her condition, was relevant and admissible testinony as showing the erigin of his opportunity and the res gesta of its continuance.

mity and the res gesta of its continuance.

4. That a mature male of the human species has normal powers of vitality is matter of legal presumption until the contrary appears, and the burden of making it appear by evidence satisfactory to the jury is on him who asserts it.

5. The court erred in not granting a new 5. The court erred in not granting a new

trial on the 6th, 7th and 18th grounds of the Indement roversed.

Arnold & Arnold, Gartrell & Ladsden and L. W. Thomas, for plaintiff in error. H. C. Glenn, solicitor city/court, for the state.

Boatmen's Savings Bank 'vs. Western & Atlantic Company. Complaint, from City Court of Atlanta. Negotiable instruments. Common carriers. Bailments. Promissory notes. Bills of lading. Before Judge Van Epps. Bleckley, C. J.—1. Where by the terms of the bill of lading the goods are consigned to the order of the consignor, and the bill is indorsed in blank, and negotiated for the value as security for a draft drawn by the consignor on a third person, the carrier has no right to deliver the goods to such third person without production for the bill of lading or authority from the holder thereof.

2. The special facts of this case did not put

from the holder thereof.

2. The special facts of this case did not put the holder of the bill uppn notice that a promissory note negotiated for value by the consignor to the same holder, was given after delivery of the goods and to cover the purchase price thereof. The payment of the note by the maker did not release the carrier from liability on the hill of lading. There was no the master data for release the carrier from ha-bility on the bill of lading. There was no evidence of any particulation by the holder in the fraud committed by the consignor. 3. Bills of lading are amongst the most im-portant securities of commerce, and are not to be defeated by mere presumption, or without clear evidence.

Judgment reversed.

B. F. Abbott, for plaintiff in error.
Julius I.. Brown and A. H. Cox, contra. Pimples, boils and other humors are liable to appear when the blood gets heated. To cure them, take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Supreme Court. Before Judge Marshall J. Clarke.

Bleckley, C. J.—1. Where one brings an action for the conversion of property after conveying and delivering it to another, under

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37 J. J. Flynn, General Eastern Agent, Park Row, New York City.

ATLANTA, GA., JULY 25, 1888.

THE HON. ROGER O. MILLS, the democratic leader of the house of representatives and the author of the Mills bill, will deliver an address at Piedmont Chautauqua on tomorrow, July 26th, at 4 o'clock.

As is well known, Mr. Carlisle was to have been present and was to have made the principal address of the day. At the last moment he declined to come, after having repeatedly and positively accepted the invitation, and named the day of his address and his subject himself. Mr. Mills kindly steps to the front and takes Mr. Carlisle's place. There is no stronger figure in American politics than the Hon. Roger Q. Mills, He has fought his way to the leadership of the house, until his sway is undisputed. As the anthor of the tariff bill which has just passed the house, he may be said to be the author of the platform on which the democratic party goes into the campaign. His speech delivered in New York a short time ago, in . company with Mr. Carlisle, is universally pronounced the abler effort of the two. Mr. Mills is known among the democrats as "the lion of the tribe of Judah," and worthily wears this doughty title. He is entitled to a full hearing from 20,000 democrats and a royal reception and welcome. Mr. Mills is accompanied by Mr. Bynum, of Indiana, one of the democratic leaders of the house, a man of eloquent speech, of sound democratic views, and the Indianian on whom, more than any other, rests the fight in that critical state in November.

Let Georgia democrats give these distinguished visitors an ovation at Chautauqua. Let them feel that they are at home and among their friends in the empire state of the south and the keystone of the democratic

THE British government, in dealing with Mr. Parnell and the Irish question, grows more and more contemptible every day. The home rule issue, however, is bound to

For the Committee to Answer. The following communication comes t THE CONSTITUTION from the city:

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: When will the coun cratic committee call the primary election for enate and members of the house of representa-? Almost every other county in the state has taken action on this question, and where elections have not already been held the date at least has been fixed. The senatorial committee of this, the thirty-fifth district, has already called the district convention for the 5th of September. This is but little more than a month off, and as yet the voters of the county have no intimation as to when the pri mary for this county is to be held. Is it not time that the committee take some action in the matter and at least fix the date of our primary election?

THE CONSTITUTION knows no more about the purpose of the committee than its correspondent, who, no doubt, read the interviews published in last Sunday's paper with a number of members of the committee in reference to the matter. It was the almost unanimous sentiment of those whose views were expressed, that the primary electionshould be called, but nothing was said concerning the date for which it should be

We agree with "Voter" in the opinion that some action should be taken by the committee and that some time should be agreed upon for the choice of the democratic ticket for the legislature. The committee, however, is composed of good citizens who have the interest of the party at heart, and who will do what is right.

THE isolation of France will continue to develop. The crowned heads of Europe cannot afford to have an influential republic growing in their midst, so to speak.

The Michigan Fusion.

The fusion of the democrats, labor unionists and greenbackers in Michigan is giving the republicans of that state ample reasons for making one of the most vigorous campaigns ever made in the history of the state. They appreciate the fact that Michigan is no longer a certain republican state, and have long since abandoned even the hope of rolling up the old-time republican majority. They will be more than satisfied to win even by a scratch; and a heavy load would be lifted from their hearts if they were assured that they would do so.

The fusion this year is similar to that of two and four years ago, when the republicans carried the state by greatly reduced majorities, that of the last presidential year being only 3,388. The prohibition vote which was then an uncertain element, but which cost the republican party its heavy loss, has been steadily drawing from the republican ranks since that time, and if it maintains its proportionate increase for the past eight years, the republicans can scarcely hope to carry the state this time. The prohibitionists polled but little over 1,000 votes in 1880, more than 18,000 in 1884, and over Palmer declared that unless the republican ssues it could no longer hope to carry the state. The republican party has not done this, and stands today just where it did four and eight years ago.

As the prohibition vote has in the past been drawn chiefly from the republican ranks, there is every reason to believe that the latter party will sustain this year a loss proportionate to that which has left it for the past eight years on account of the prohibition question; and if it does, the fusionists will have every chance of carrying the state. Their ticket is a strong one, and commends itself not only to the business in terests of the state, but also to the labor and agricultural vote.

Of course it is uncertain as to how far the

less an issue in every state. It may be that it will upset all estimates, and will so shake up the vote of the state as to make a new basis for statistics for future elections. As it is, however, the republicans are very uneasy about Michigan.

A RUMOR comes from Cincinnati to the effect that Deacon Richard Smith runs under the bed every time Editor Halstead damns the southern confederacy. This is a very lively state of affairs.

A Negro Democratic League.

From H. Alexander Clark, the chairman of the executive committee of the national negro democratic league, we have received a circular addressed to the intelligent colored people of the country. The circular states that the members of the league are negroes whose democracy is pronounced and unquestioned: that many of them have never affiliated with any other party; and that in espousing the cause of democracy the members of the national negro demo cratic league have been actuated alone by their belief in the time-enduring principles

of democracy. They believe (the circular goes on to say) that the welfare of the negro race in Amer ica will be best promoted by a division of the negro vote between the great parties of the country. They believe that the failure of federal legislation to affect favorably the condition of the negro in the states, and the repeated decisions of the supreme court admonish colored men to seek an improvement of their condition through state ac-

Altogether, the circular is a very hopeful document. There is large room in the south for democratic negroes, and it is likely that as the race grows in intelligence there will be developed an appreciation of the purposes and intentions of the democracy. After awhile, the negroes of the south will begin to understand that their interests are identical with those of the white people of the south. When this fact brought home to them they will discover that it is to their interest to act with the white people. Many of them have discovered this already, and the colored democratic contingent is growing every day.

If the negro has wrongs to right, why go north with them and make appeals to the republican party, which is interested in him only because he is supposed to be a re publican voter? Why not depend on the state democratic administrations of the south to do him justice? Today there is not a negro in Georgia who is not better off under the present democratic administration than he would be under a republican administration, and this fact is so potent that Governor Bullock, who is a staunch republican, proposes to cast his vote for the re-election of Governor Gordon, confident that a democratic administration is the best thing for the negro.

A COLORED paper published in Cincinnati says that "Douglass, Langston and Lynch go to every republican convention and come to the front in the Lazarus act," exhibiting their political sores. Well, it is an easy way to make money.

A Melon-Growers' Convention. A number of dealers at the north have is sued a circular to melon-growers that ought to attract attention. The dealers ask an in vestigation on the part of the growers of the excessive freights, the manner of handling the condition of melons, and the present system of disposing of melons that will not bring the excessive rates charged by the transportation companies.

The dealers think that the growers should ask for reform in these matters, and this is the opinion of THE CONSTITUTION. The Albany News and Advertiser recently hit the nail on the head when it advised the melon-growers to hold a convention in order to get their views before the public. The n-growers have the whole business in their own hands, and if they will act promptly in the matter there can be no doubt that they can provide a remedy for the present

condition of affairs. In the first place, the transportation of melons has grown to immense proportions. The railroads have endeavored to pocket all the profits, but if they find that the melongrowers are ready to stand up for their rights, they will be very nice and pleasant. They simply cannot afford to smother an industry that pays them an immense volume of freight in a direction in which they were once compelled to haul empty cars.

Railroad management in this country is a very big thing, but it takes a very little thing to manage it. Superintendent H. S. Haines, of the Savannah, Florida and Western railway, once remarked, in his philosophical way, that a pool was necessary in order to prevent railway managers from managing their lines in the direction of Poverty Hollow, or words to that effect: but no pool is necessary to convince the railroads that the melon business is too profitable to destroy all at once. Lel us have a convention of melon

Ir is thought that the incorruptible democratic party of Ohio are very much vexed because an honest Ohio man has been nom-

inated for vice-president. The Hon. Mr. Bynum, of Indiana. Indiana will be the most hotly contested state in the coming campaign. The Indiana democrats are known to be the best fighting democrats in America, and they propose to hold the state in the democratic ranks in spite of the nomination of General Harrison for the presidency.

Of all the fighting democrats in Indiana none stands so high or is ranked so efficient in a hand-to-hand struggle as Hon. Mr. 25,000 in 1886. The year after Senator Bynum, who will address the people of ·Georgia and the adjoining states at the party accepted prohibition as one of its Piedmont Chautauqua on July 26. It is an open secret that on Mr. Bynum more than on any other man, the democrats of Indiana depend for carrying the state against the prestige of General Harrison's nomination.

Mr. Bynum comes to Georgia to tell the people of the fight in Indiana and of the great issues upon which the campaign is to be pitched. His address will be eloquent and inspiring, and all democrats should go out to hear him.

PEOPLE LIVING ON the shady side of the street in the afternoon need not congratulate themselves upon that fact. Typhoid fever always travels on that side.

THE PISTOL IN THE hip-pocket has caused so tariff issue will affect the campaign. It has mever been made a distinct issue before, but the national campaign will make it more or the national campaign will make it more or in the constitution granting the right to bear

arms means that a man may carry a concealed pistol. The constitution means that a man may keep guns and pistols in his house and carry them openly on proper occasions, but it is presumed by the law that the man who carries a pistol in his pocket means murder quarrelsome fellow ready for a row. This is

the long and short of it. BLAKELY HALL, of the New York Sun, who is in Chicago studying the anarchist plots, he a remedy for the whole trouble. He says that if the anarchists were caught, well scrubbed, taught the English language and fed on wholesome food for a month, anarchy would soon be a thing of the past. The suggestion is worth trying, provided we keep the anarchists at hard labor.

THE COMPLAINT IS made that colored picnickers in the north carry razors along and carve each other up. The razor has always been the favorite weapon of the southern ne gro, and it seems that his northern brother has the same weakness. Just why it is is one of those things that no fellow can find out.

IT IS A mistake to suppose that the boycott originated in Ireland. Before the revolution the Bostonians boycotted foreign goods, and vent so far as to throw British tea overboard. Even before that time in various countries when there was strife between factions and sects it was the custom to refuse to trade or ciate with certain parties. So the boycott in Ireland is no new thing.

THE PARAGRAPHERS ARE Worrying John Temple Graves by advising Judge Thurman not to visit the Roman exposition, as his presence will be needed in the doubtful states.

THE AUGUSTA CHRONICLE is right when it ays that the south needs people, and that ney will come when labor and population are here. This is a great truth.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT IS made that the New York World will, next Saturday, publish an article showing that Rider Haggard's last story, "Mr. Meeson's Will," was stolen from a French author. The two stories are said to be exactly alike in plot, development and conlusion. Parallel passages will be given making the plagrarism patent to all. All this may turn out to be true, but Mr. Haggard has such a hold upon his readers that it will be difficult to injure him by showing that he has merely robbed a Frenchman. Englishmen have always been in that line of business. They seem to think that the French have no rights the Britons are bound to respect.

THE NEW YORK STAR thinks it very funny that Mrs. Amelie Rives Chanler should write a tragedy when she has been married only two months. Events move rapidly these days.

THE CALIFORNIA STAGE driver who comnitted suicide the other day by sitting on a fifty pound can of giant powder and touching it off showed that he was thoroughly selfish and brutal. If a man must kill himself, let him do it in a way that will not shock his neighbors and tear up the surrounding country. MRS. HARRISON RECEIVES callers while Benjamin lies in bed. Poor Benjamin has broken lown early in the fight. He is probably prostrated at having seen the hand-writing on the

THE NEW YORK World now publishes a complete novel for every Sunday edition. Its last was "Baron Munchausen's Tales," which the Springfield Republican unkindly says it ced in the place usually devoted to its affidavits of circulation.

IT IS A matter of interest to know who selects the scriptural quotations which are flung daily at the masthead of the New York Mail and Express, and also to know how they are select-Are they picked out at random or are they taken with some significance? For intance, a recent one is as follows:

By hope were we saved. But hope that is seen is

not hope; for who hopeth for that which he seeth But if we hope for that which we see not, then do Now as this comes in the midst of an exciting campaign, in which our esteemed contem-porary is taking an active part, the question

arises, was the above selected as campaign matter? ETHAN ALLEN, OF New York, is interesting mself to bring about the purchase of Cuba by the United States. He thinks that one hundred million dollars would buy her, as Spain is ruining her and would be glad to get rid of her at a fair price. The little island should be released from Spainsh control without Spain being asked any odds; and the cause of "I consented to run, but not because I am dred million dollars would buy her, as Spain Spain being asked any odds; and the cause of humanity and civilization would justify this country in seeing it is done.

THREE AMERICAN LADIES have been exended the franking privilege for their letters and have thus no use for postage stamps. They are Mrs. Polk, Mrs. Garfield and Mrs. Grant, the wives of ex-presidents. Their letters are entitled to free conveyance through the public mails.

PERSONS AND POINTS.

A Miss Leg, of Montana, has just married

A carpet has been laid down in the Music hall at Cincinnati that measures 2,600 yards. An Ohio young lady's name is Emancipation roclamation. Her friends call her "Prockie Seaweed is now made into paper which can be torn, and which takes the place of window

A big bloodhound attacked a lively game cock in a yard at Columbia, Pa., a few days ago, and not only got beaten but had the sight of both eyes eyes destroyed by the fowl's spurs. Counterfeit silver certificates of \$5, as well

as \$1, are floating about. The counterfeits are three sixteenths of an inch shorter than the genuine bills Take along your tape measure.

A noted old-time statesman who is occasionally seen in Washington is Galusha A. Grow, of Permsylvania, who was speaker of the memorable war congress which was called in special session on July 4, 1861. He is well preserved, and has lost none of the amiability for which he was distinguished. It is now some twelve or fifteen years since Miss Dickinson left the platform. "I didn't leave ti; it left me," she said. The war-being ended, there was no vital topic to enlist and inspire my energies." It is said that she thinks of again appearing before the public.

General Dix won immortal fame through the utterance of one single patriotic sentiment: "If any man attempts to haul down the American flag, shoot him on the spot." A new rendition might "If any man attempts to blow his nose on the American flag, spot him on the snoot."

Never mind what Old Prob or anybody else says. The dog-days "never rot in the sky." The heat and humidity will surely form their annual combination and descend upon the land.

POLITICAL COMMENT.

Cleveland and Thurman don't seem to be making much fuss, but they are getting there just the same,—Salt Lake Herald. There is a loud call for a dispensation of common sense and common decency in the conduct of the republican campaign.—New York World.

Mr. Blaine ought to get William Black to

write the story of his recent coaching trip through England and Scotland. It might be called "The Strange Adventure of an ex-Candidate."—Mobile The Michigan democrats have good horse sense. When they want a thing they go and get it. They want the thirteen electoral votes of Michigan his year, and they have fixed it so they are bound o have them.—St. Paul Globe.

It is estimated that at least 68,000 of Henry George's 75,000 votes will be cast this year for Cleve-land and free trade. All of Henry George's follow-ers, or neary all. are absolute free-traders.—Bur-lington, Iowa, Herald.

The democrats are urged by the New York Herald to make a "Cleveland canvass." which it explains as "a courageous campaign, no explanations, no apologics." By all means, let us have a Cleveland canvass.—Dubuque Herald. Cleveland canvass.—publique Herald.

The republicans are compelled to cling to two bed-rock lies with great stubbornness: 1. That the Mills bill is a "free-trade" measure. 2. That the republican platform does not prefer cheap whisky to cheap clothing.—Arkansas Gazette. SPICY INTERVIEWS.

Through the Courtesy of Messrs. Rice and Hammond,

Who Have Locked Shields and Are Stoutly Battling for the Senatorial Plum-A Fight to the Finish.

The weather is waxing warmer every day

And the weather has a rival. It is the fight for the state senatorship which waxes warmer and warmer as the days go by. The Hon. Frank P. Rice and Judge W. R. Hammond, the contestants, assisted by innumerable friends have buckled on their political armor and gone forth to battle in dead earnest. The boom of the big guns has not disturbed

the populace as yet, but considerable sharp firing is kept up along the skirmish lines. Both gentlemen were prevailed upon aswer a few questions for the benefit of the

public yesterday. Neither one seemed anxious to talk at first, but after the proper amount of persuasion, the conversational backwardness of each candidate was in a measure happily over, and they spoke their minds quite freely.

Interview With Judge Hammond Judge W. R. Hammond was found in his office conversing pleasantly with gentlemen friends.

"Well, judge, how goes it-what seems to be the outlook? "Now, really, I don't care to be interviewed just at this time. Can't you postpone for a few days? You see there are several little matters-

'Can't postpone, judge, the public are getting impatient. Great interest is felt in the senatorial race at present and the people would like to peruse a few points coming from headquarters. "All right, there is no way to shut off the

the outlook as quite encouraging.

"My friends are at work, and I am at work, and if all we hear is true there is no reason to complain of the prospect from my standpoint."

"How shout the wreblighting issue."

How about the prohibition issue "How about the prohibition issue!"
"Well, everybody knows how I stand. My
position has been clearly defined in the public
prints. You know that a resolution favoring
a general state prohibition law was adopted in e Georgia temperance convention.
'In fact, I was the author of that resolution. pon mature reflection since the convention

newhat altered my position, making it "I stand for a state anti-barroom law, which I think should be adopted by the legislature without submitting it to the people for ratification.

You know that Mr. Rice has attacked that position and charged me with insincerity. I have replied to that attack in the papers and am ready to discuss the matter further on the hustings with Mr. Rice."

"Discuss the matter on the hustings with Mr. Rice. Now, ther's page."

Mr. Rice? Now, that's news,' "Yes, you can say that I have sent Mr. Rice a letter inviting him to a joint discussion on the hustings not only of the prohibition issue but of all other issues involved in this cam-"Has he accepted the invitation?"

"Has he accepted the invitation?"
"Not yet, but I suppose it is fair to assume that he will do so. A joint discussion of these issues in the good old way would not only prove interesting to the people, but will give Mr. Rice a good opportunity to attack my record in extense and also give me a fair phanes to discuss iso, and also give me a fair chance to discuss his record in extenso

his record in extenso.

"The people can hear the debates and then make up their judgment. I will be glad to give you the correspondence for publication as soon as I hear from Mr. Rice."

"Prohibition is not the sole issue then?"

"Oh, no. You will observe that I did not define my position on the prohibition issue until Mr. Rice saw, fit to refer to it. The truth is that he provoked the discussion in the papers on that point.

"It may not be amiss to say right here that

It may not be amiss to say right here, that, of the support of a number of anti-prohibitionists, and the list includes some very prominent and influential men."

"What elso have you to say?"

"Let me see. Ah, yes, I understood that
Mr. Rice says that his reason for running for
office is that he wants it.

"He has a strong personal desire to be the
senator from this district. Now, my motive

or running is a purely public one.
"I was asked to make the race by a number

resonated to run, but not because I am personally auxious to be senator.

"I have never been a politician, you know, and I once resigned a higher office than the one for which I am now a candidate."

"Well—"
"Well—"

"That's about all, I believe. Don't forget to say that I am very anxious to meet Mr. Rice in joint discussion. You can state also that I am strongly in favor of an early call of the county committee for the purpose of indi-cating the manner in which the nomination in this county shall be made."

Mr. Rice Talks. Hon. Frank P. Rice, was found at his home on Peachtree last evening. "Come right in and have a seat. What can I do for you?"

"I have come to get a little talk about the senatorial race."
"What for?"
"Why, The Constitution of course. Tle
people feel great interest in this contest you

people feel great interest in this contest you know and—" • But how about the candidates for the house of representatives?"
"Oh, that race is not fairly under way yet.

The few candidates out have no opposition "But they will have." "Do you think so? "Do you think so?"
"Yes, sir; bound to have, as soon as they find the right men to run."
"They—whom do you mean?"
"Oh, it's not necessary to say. You know who I mean," and Rice laughed very pleas-

antly.

"The big interest at present is in the contest between Mr. Hammand and yourself for the

"Well, sir, all I can say is that I am a dem-ocrat and stand upon my record as a democrat. I am a candidate for the senate subject to the action of an honestly conducted primary elec-"What do you mean by 'an honestly con-

"I mean a fair and square primary. I don't want anything except what is fair and square. I am willing to submit my claims to the action of such a primary, and if I am defeated, I tell you candidly that I will work for Mr. Hammond, if, after he is promined any my should reversely in the submit of the state of the submit of

I will work for Mr. Hammond, if, after he is nominated, any man should oppose him as an independent. With he do as much for me, in the event matters should be reversed."

"I don't know. I suppose so."

"Well, I don't know either. You see'I am a citizen here. I have, at least, as much interest here as Mr. Hammond. The people know my record. I am perfectly willing to trust the people. They have been willing to trust me in

know my record. I am perfectly willing to trust the people. They have been willing to trust me in the past for you know I have never yet been defeated in a race before the people."

"You are in favor of a primary?"

"Yes, strongly. I think a primary election, fairly conducted, is the best possible way to get at the fullest expression of the democrats of this county. There are strong objections to a mass meeting. If one should be held at night the farmers could not be there. If held in the day time the merchants and clerks and mechanics could not attend it. If a mass meeting should be held how could you tell whether it was democratic? You couldn't do it. Suppose for instance that a mass meeting should be called and that the anti-prolibitionists should get possession of the courthouse and felt it on the the state in the same of the courthouse and felt it on the the same in the possession of the courthouse and felt it on the the same in the possession of the courthouse and felt it on the the same in the possession of the courthouse and felt it on the the same in the possession of the courthouse and felt it on the the same in the property of the courthouse and felt is contact the same in the property of the courthouse and felt is contact the same in the property of the courthouse and felt is contact the same in the property of the courthouse and felt is contact the same in the property of the courthouse and felt is contact the same in the property of ing should be called and that the anti-prolifibitionists should get possession of the courthouse and fill it, or that the prohibitionists should get control of it. In either case it would probably lead to bloodshed, because, the faction that happened to be shut out would say that it was all unfair. Again, if the antis filled the basement of the courthouse and nominated a ticket, the prohis might go up stairs and bring out a ticket that would lead to an independent ticket, and stir up a world of unnecessary strife and bitterness. Besides all this, there are 8,500 democratic voters in

this county. How would you get them in a hall?"

"Do yo think that the republicans and col-red people should be shut out of the priored people should be saute mary?"
"Well, that is a question for the democratic "Well, that is a question for the democratic that is a question for the democratic than the same that the people is th

county executive committee to decide when they call the primary, and I hope that it will be called at an early day, because I think that the matter ought to be settled as soon as possible. I don't see the use of keeping things stirred up so long."

"Do you think the delegates to the senatorial convention should be elected on the same day the candidates for the house are nominated?" "I do, sir. There is no use in holding two primary elections where one will do the work. I am willing, too, just to get out tickets with the names of the candidates for the senate on and let the people vote directly R. Hammond or Frank P. Rice for W. R. Hammond or Frank P. Rice, then the man who receives the nomination can name his delegates to the convention. But if Mr. Hammond prefers it we can get out tickets with the names of the delegates on them, headed 'We are for Frank P. Rice, or Ye are for Frank ?. May be. You understand—but I think the former method would be the simplest and best."
"What about registration for the primary?"
"I don't think it would be fair to adout the

'I don't think it would be fair to adopt the registration of two years age for the election. In the first place, several of the districts in the county have been changed in the past two years and at least one new district has been created. Then, too, three or four hundred young men have arrived hundred young men have arrived at the age of twenty-one and become voters since that registration list was made up. Hundreds of people have moved into the county in the past two years. Besides, upwards of two thousand people who will probably vote this time did not vote two years. ago. It is easy to see then that several thousand voters in this county would be thousand voters in this county would be disfranchised should the election be held under disfranchised should the election be held under the registration of two years ago—disfranchis-ed, too, by the sayso of the small number com-posing the county executive committee. For these reasons I am opposed to adopting that legistration. It would be manifestly unfair to the democratic voters of the county to adopt it or this election.'

'How about the prohibition issue, Mr. Rice?' "How about the profitted services of the waste of the resolu-iond defined his position in the prohibition on vention. He was the author of that resoluconvention. ion calling for a state prohibition law by the egislature, not to be submitted to the people legislature, not to be submitted to the people for ratification. He was for sweeping liquor entirely out of the state in the convention, but now he has changed or says that he is only against barrooms. He is willing to let liquor be sold at wholesale, not to be drank on the premises. He is against "drinks," but has dropped down to advocating the "jugs or barrels" party where he stands now. "I am against the state prohibition law, be-

cause such a law is impracticable; the people lon't want it, or if they had it, I don't believe t could be inforced. We have a law on this subject, the general local option law, which leaves the question to the people of the various subject, the general rotal various leaves the question to the people of the various counties. That law is good enough for me as it stands. Yes, of course there are other issues in this campaign—issues in the presence of which the prohibition issue in the presence of which the prohibition issue. sinks into insignificance. But as this issue upon which Mr. Hammond bloomed out in the temperance convention is the only one that he has swung before the public up to this time, it s not necessary for me to lug in others."

"What else, sir?"
"Well, you can say that I am not brought out by any man or set of men. 'Many voters, out by any man or set of men. 'Many voters,' 'many citizens' did not bring me to the front. I announced myself as a candidate for the senate in the papers over my own signature, because I want the office. If elected, I shall do my best to serve the people in their best interests. With all due respect to Mr. Hammond, I think that I am as capable of serving the people in that capacity as he is, To say the least I am as good a democrat as Mr. Hammond is. You will find this to be true by compafing our democratic records. I stand comparing our democratic records. I stand quarely on my record as a democrat.'

"What are your prospects?"
"They are bright. No, I shall not accept Mr. Hammond's invitation to a joint discussion.
got his letter but didn't even read it. I
urned it over to a friend to keep for me. Mr. Hammond is my opponent in this race, and I know that his letter contained nothing to my interest. I knew there was nothing in it which yould help my side; because it came from discussion. It is not necessary that I should do so, but I will see every voter in the county before the election and will make a private address to each voter, which will be in the nature of a public address. They will all understand mound know exactly how I stand. You can say that Mr. Hammond need not trouble about my meeting him in discussion. I shall "discuss" with the voters; the men who can do me good

at the polls LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE,

Don't Like It. ATLANTA, Ga., July 24.—Editors Constitu-ion. Dear Sirs: I am a northern man; have voted the republican ticket always, but had made up my mind the democratic party was right on the tariff question and have made up my minde to vote for Cleveland and Thurman. But since reading the action of Colquitt and Stewart in regard to Mc-Kinley I have begun to have my doubts. It is either the republicans are right, and it can be so easily shown that your distinguished representatives are afraid, or else they pay your people a very equivocal compliment, viz: They are easily led away by the smooth tongued man and have no mind o dgment to weigh and sift an argument-which is

I am only one of thousands whom such actions I am only one or thousand will throw back on top of the fence.

A Passer By.

"Robbers or What?"

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Referring to you usual scholarly and well written editorials and your able, fearless and wide-read journal, at all times the exponent of the people, and referring particularly to your editorial in Sunday's issue, July 22d, in regard to melon traffic, as a representarive of the East/Tennesse, Virginia and Georgia—Jesup and Atlanta Short Line—may I not include the hope that you will allow me a small space in your columns for the purpose of giving a slight synopsis of the part which the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway took in the movement of the melon traffic during this season? Permit me to quote an extract from said editorial, with which I only desire to deal; to wit: "That the melon crop in Georgia has been handled in a rough and inadequate way, we have no doubt, etc., etc." To this the East we have no doubt, etc., etc." To this the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway must be permitted to demur. Our management, even on the alert, furnished a sufficient supply of ventillated fruit cars to shippers, not only on line of Savannah, Florida and Western railway, but actually to shippers on Albany division of above road, which was contiguous to the Central railroad. In addition, we supplied ventillated fruit cars on our own line, and also to shippers on line of Georgia, Southern and Florida railroad, the latter being a new territory. Further, we furnished ventillated fruit cars to shippers, all-rail, to eastern markets from points itamed, and also from Alanta proper. Our management inaugurated and put into service expressly for this purpose, double daily, fast fruit express trains, which made unprecedented time and gave universal satisfaction to all parties who shipped by the Jesup Short Line. We ran our fast fruit trains on a basis of 20 miles per hour; as a matter of fact, they were matchless and stood alone. This, you readily understand, is worthy of consideration and of inefleulable value to melon growers and shippers, and we have yet to hear of a single complaint from any shipper who patronized the Jesup Short Line. It is no exaggeration to say that the melon crop; so far as the Last Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway is concerned, has never before been handled in such a thorough and satisfactory manner to shippers as it has been during his season. This requires no exposition of facts; the record made speaks for itself, and I am sure will be sustained by all parties who used our line. To the question of robbery, etc., it is not in my province to deal. In addition to this, we kept a corps of trained agents on the field for rhe purpose of locating cars in transit and furnishing arrival at destination to shippers. Every officer and agent of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway were thoroughly alive to Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway must be and furnishing arrival at destination to shippers. Every officer and agent of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway were thoroughly alive to the importance of this traffic, and left nothing undene to make it a success. Yours truly, J. J. GRIFFIN, A. G. F. A.

Slimmest House on Record. From America.

A "legitimate" barn-stormer recently re-

WISHED TO KILL HER.

A Wisconsin Farmer Accuses an Old Woman of Sorcery.

strange Goings On at his Place, Which Perplex a Justice of the Peace—The Farmer Arrested.

From the New York Sun. DARTFORD, Wis., July 22. - William Roberts is a well-to-do farmer of Princeton, a small village near here. He cultivates something over 100 acres of land and has a wife and four children. Across the road from his farm lives a wrinkled old German woman named Albright. Her home is a little old cottage, and though a resident of the place for many years she is unable to speak or understand a w English. Since last Christmas Mr. Roberts asserts that his family and his house have been bewitched, and he swears to any number of astonishing occurrences, which cannot be well accounted for by ordinary means. His entire family corroborates him in a series of most

surprising statements. Gradually the man came to a belief that the witch who was exerting such occult influences was his little old German neighbor. He gave her on two separate occasions due warning that she must cease casting her evil eye over him. The manifestations did not stop, and so the other day he took his gun and started out to kill her. He announced his intention to some of his neighbors, and they induced him to postpone the slaughter. He insisted that her death alone could dispel the evil charm, and vowed before an awe-stricken throng that he would become her executioner, saying that even were it his own father who had so tormented his family he would kill him. It became evident that Mr. Roberts should be placed in custody lest he murder the supposed witch. He was therefore arrested and placed on trial, and thus the witchcraft disclosures came about.

A book on the Occult lay at 'Squire McConnell's elbow yesterday, and it was evident that the 'squire had been preparing himself for the novel trial of consulting the authorities on witchcraft. When called for the defense, Mr. Roberts went to the witness stand. He swore that as long ago as last Christmas things at his bome began to act very queerly. he noticed was a spot of blood on the sheets of his bed. He slept alone, and it frightened him. The sheets were changed continually, but in a short time the bloody spot would again appear. One morning about 11:30 he lay down on the outside of the bed to await the call for dinner. When he arose there was a large pool of blood beneath him. He was terribly frightened, and took off his coat and shirt to see if there was any blood on his back or garment, but there

Mrs. Robertson said that many a time she has put the meals on the table and stepped to the front door to call the rest of the family to dinner, and when she turned again she found the table nearly stripped of its contents. The bread and meat had disappeared, and plates, knives, forks and saltcellars had absolutely vanished as if by magic. Sometimes they would be found in an out of the way place ander the wagon house, in the corn crib, out in the garden, and often they were never discovered. These queer demonstrations and many others were sworn to Mr. Roberts and his wife in the most honest and solemn manner, and no amount of cross-questioning could divert them-from their straightforward story. The wife testified that many times when the dishes disappeared there was positively no one else in house. Roberts averred that he was kept busy most of the time searching for missing articles which had disappeared almost under his eyes.

He was using a hammer on one occasion and laid it down at his feet. He turned his eyes away for a moment and then reached down for it, when lo! it was gone. His jackknife, hoe, shovel, and innumerable other things all acted

in the same peculiar way.

Both the children, Anna and John, were placed on the stand, and they told in a frank and artless manner the same and many other equally astonishing occurrences. A ring had uddenly disappeared from Anna's finger. She had seen dishes come sailing out of the cupboard when no one was near, and settle softly down on the floor without breaking. Both she and the boy had seen the clothing thrown off the beds, and coats and dresses pulled from the walls and hurled across the room. A married brother named Edward Albright and his wife, who were here on a few weeks' visit, were called to testify. They both had similar unaccountable tales to relate. On the They both had witness stand the family told how they had summoned the parish priest and asked him to dissolve the charm, and he had confessed to them that it seemed as if supernatural agencies were at work, and he would have to consult the bishop in order to obtain the interposition of the church in the afflicted family's be-

half. The evidence was concluded on Friday, and, thoroughly at a loss what to do, the continued the case for three weeks. It is the all-absorbing topic for miles around, not only among the country folk, but among the guests in the summer hotel. During the three weeks intervening a diligent effort will be made by physicians, county officers, and a number of prominent people, who have become interested n the case, to arrive at some intelligent con-

The Chautauqua Sensation. From the Augusta, Ga., Chronicle. Speaker Carlisle has decided not to come to the Atlanta Chautauqua. When the invitation was presented to him he stated that the only consideraion which would move him would be the belief that he could heal a supposed schism in the party.
This necessity Mr. Carlisle has, of course, seen, does not exist. There is no political division in the democratic party in Georgia. The state is as cer-tainly democratic as Kentucky and the districts in which the large cities of Atlanta and Augusts stand-are safer to the party today than the district of Mr./ Carlisle with Covington and Newport.

Mr. Carlisle now understands that the Chautauqua is a mere summer school of scholars and thinkers, and that he was to figure assomething of a sensation along with the Mexican band and Rev. Samue Jones. He has declined to give his time to this sor of diversion, and so would Hon. Wm. McKinley who, with just as much propriety, has been invited to lecture. How men like Senator Colquit and Representative Stewart could refuse to extend an invitation to Mr. McKinley we do not see.

There is no room in Georgia for intolerance and presumption. Messrs Colquit and Stewart, we are compelled to say, did not express the views of the intelligent people of Georgia. We have no use for unarrow-mindedness, political or religious. along with the Mexican band and Rev. Sam

A Bachelor's Secret I keep the one precious bit of gold Safe hidden like a miser; And yet, if found by robber bold, He'd never steal my wealth untold, And none would be the wiser.

Why do I hoard this bit of gold, Ne'er giving it or lending?

My friend, the story's trite and old;
I loved, but words were weak and cold,
Let's hasten to the ending.

The bit I keep no one could miss From all her wealth, her glory, Of golden hair-gold and like this, This curl I took and left a kiss— And now you know the story.

"Why prize it so?" I think maybe Half-way in seorn you queried. Ah! friend. a miser lovingly Saves but one bit of gold—ah, me! When all the rest is buried.

One bit he saves to touch and see, As I this little token. Sweetheart! 'tis all I have of thee— This and a life-long memory Of love that ne'er was spoken.

Through weary years my bit of gold
I've hoarded like a miser;
Friend, when my heart grows tired and cold.
This curl lay in my dying hold,
And none will be the wiser.

Mrs. B. W. Hun

JUST AS HE FEELS Is the Way Mr. Mills Will Speak

at Chautaugua. A Strong Speech Will be Made to the -Mr. Bynum Will Also Come-The Programme Today.

The announcement that the Hon. Roger Q. Mills, the famous democratic leader of the house, will deliver an address at Chautauqua tomorrow at 4 o'clock, will be received with

A friend has telegraphed from Washington that Mr. Mills proposes to deliver a democratic speech at Chantauqua and does not want to be hampered; that he wants to speak just as he feels.

A ringing and positive declaration of demo cratic principles will be expected. A strong and eloquent speech touching the main points npon which the national campaign will be fought. No leader ever commanded the house more absolutely than does Mr. Mills. The passage of his tariff bill by a majority vote of thir teen when it was thought to be impossible t pass it at all, is a triumph of masterly force and power. Mr. Mills is practically the author of the democratic national platform, and no man is so well calculated as he to explain the doctrines upon which the battle is to be fought. Every democrat who can possibly do so, should be present at Chautauqua tomorrow, to give him a hearty welcome to Georgia, and hear his eloquent address on "The people and the tariff." Representative Bynum, of Indiana, who is the leader of the democracy of that hotly contested state, will accompany Mr. Mills to the south, and will

also deliver an address. Other speeches will be delivered during the day, by distinguished democrats.

The time at which Messrs. Mills and Bynum will speak, will be announced tomorrow mor ing. It is probable that one of them will speak at four o'clock in the afternoon, and the other at seven o'clock at night. 'A pleasant-programme will be arranged at Chautauqua for the entire day, consisting of concerts, seren-

ades, lectures, recitations and illuminations. Mrs. Plowman, known all over the south as "Betsy Hamilton," will give some of her best dialect recitations during the day. Mrs. Plowman gave similar recitations at Chautauqua a 1ew days ago, and all who heard her were de lighted. The exact hour at which her dialect recitations will be given will appear in tomor-

row's Constitution. Programme Today. The following is the programme for Chautauqua todav:
10 n. m. History Lecture—Necessary Changes it the Treatment of History in Different Ages—Profes sor George F. Holmes, University of Virginia. (Class

room.)
11 a. m. Science Lecture — "Storms" — Professor
Henry Louis Smith, Bardson College. (Tabernacle.)
12 m. English Liberature Lecture—The Age of
Chaucer—Professor James F. Garnett, University of Virginia. (Class room.)
3 p. m. Science Lecture—The Lowest Forms of Animal Life—Professor C. T. McClintock, Chautau-qua University. (Class room.)
3 p. m. Band Concert—The Rogers band; (Tabernete)

ernacle.)
4 p. m. Address—The Christ Ideal. a Suggestion
in Art—Rev. W. H. Ingersoll, D. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.
5 p. m. Science Lecture—"Scientifie Measurements"—Professor Henry Louis Smith, Dundson
College. (Class room.)
7:20 p. m. Baud Concert—The Rogers Band.
8 p. m. The Foreign Tourists, conducted by Professor Clifton, Topic—Venice Stereotoptican flustrations.

The crowds at Chautauqua are increasing daily, and the rooms on the grounds are filling up rapidly, and there are already over two hundred students in the Summer college. Professor Garnett had to apply for a larger room on yesterday for his class in English literature, as several were turned off from his present room. He has added a course of lectures on his English language, showing its composition, its make-up and describing it in a philosopic and historical way. These lectures will begin today. The class in French was doubled on yesterday and Professor Wilkinson is doing excellent work. Professor Henry Lewis Smith had a large class in physics and meteorology, and Professor Holmes is doing wonderful work in history and in social science. It now looks as if there would be five hundred students in the college at Chautauqua. The following is an entire list The crowds at Chautauqua are increasing

be five hundred students in the college a Chautauqua. The following is an entire lis of the professors in the different department of the college and the studies they teach: English, by Professor Garnett, of university of Virginia.

French, by Professor Perkinson, of university of

German, by Professor Zdanowiez, of Vanderbi university. Latin, by Professor Kirkland, of Vanderbilt un Greek, by Professor Bocock, of Hampden-Sidn Botany, by Professor McClintock, of Chautauq university.

Meteorology, by Professor Smith, of Davids

ory, by Profossor Holmes, of university Virginia. Hebrew, by Professor Rawlings, of university Virginia. Hebrew, by Professor Moore, of Hampden-Sidne

college.
Microscopy, by Professor Clifton, of Macon.
Elecution, by Professor Carns, of Chicago.
Decorative art, by Miss Henderson, of Indiana.
Fine art, by Miss Hess, of Chicago.
Physical culture, by Miss Lindley, of Brooklyn
Music, by Professor McIntesh, of Emory colle Chautauqua is the place to visit on Thursd. One cent a mile in all directions. Addre by Hon. Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, Hon. Jam Bynnm, of Indiana, and others. Lectures, of certs, recitations and illuminations. Dial reading by Betsy Hamilton. Extra trains w

run on every schedule. THROUGH THE CITY.

Deputy Clerk Hamilton, of the Unite States court, who has returned to the city after a pleasant visit to his old home, Dalton, is raptures over the big boom which Dalton enjoying. He says that the people are lookir forward with the greatest pleasure to the grau reunion of the Thirty-fourth, Thirty-sixt Thirty-ninth Georgia and Phillips Georg legion, and the Forty-third Tennessee, which will take place in that city on the 17th of A gust. Governor Gordon, General James Lon gust. Governor Gordon, General James Lon street, Judge Alexander Irwin and Hon. M. Trammell will be among the speaker There will be a good barbecue and bask viscoit.

A gentleman remarked yesterday: "T Savannah and Western railroad now bei built from Savannah to Americus will pe between the Central and the Savannah, Fl between the Central and the Savannan, raida and Western roads, and develop a beit country never before touched by a railrog greatly enhancing the value of lands whican now be bought for almost a song. Tatimulus which this new road will give to the contracting interest council by overestimate.

turpentine interest cannot be overestima Chief Connolly has returned to the city. Itip was only extended to Augusta, and will not go to Canada after Nelson until he ceives some positive information that his spices are needed.

A Preacher's Luck.

Joe McKinley, a colored ex-convict and preacher in the Baptist church, left Atlat yesterday for Norcross in charge of a baliff. The charge against him is bigamy, and warrant is sworn out by wife No. 1 in Norcro The old darky married his second wife in lanta about three years ago and has been ing here we to folk time since. lanta about three years ago and has been ing here mo t of the time since.
The colored sister in the old man's congation were deeply interested in the mand an effort was being made yesterday to up subscriptions in the preacher's behalf.

Chautauqua is the place to visit on Thurse One cent a mile in all directions. Addre by Hon. Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, Hon. Ja Bynum, of Indiana, and others. Lectures, certs, recitations and illuminations. Dia reading by Betsy Hamilton. Extra trains sun on every schedule.

WISHED TO KILL HER:

A Wisconsin Farmer Accuses an Old Woman of Sorcery.

Strange Goings On at his Place, Which Perplex a Justice of the Peace-The Farmer Arrested.

From the New York Sun DARTFORD, Wis., July 22 .- William Roberts is a well-to-do farmer of Princeton, a small village near here. He cultivates something over 100 acres of land and has a wife and four over 100 acres of land and has a wife and four children. Across the road from his farm lives a wrinkled old German woman named Albright. Her home is a little old cottage, and though a resident of the place for many years she is unable to speak or understand a word of English. Since last Christmas Mr. Roberts as-serts that his family and his house have been bewitched, and he swears to any number of astonishing occurrences, which cannot be well accounted for by ordinary means. His entire family corroborates him in a series of most

Gradually the man came to a belief that the witch who was exerting such occult influences was his little old German neighbor. He gave er on two separate occasions due warning that she must cease casting her evil eye over him. The manifestations did not stop, and so the other day he took his gun and started out to kill her. He announced his intention to some of his neighbors, and they induced him to postpone the slaughter. He insisted that her death alone could dispel the evil charm, and vowed before an awe-stricken throng that he would become her executioner, saying that even were it his own father who had so tormented his family he would kill him. It be-came evident that Mr. Roberts should be placed in custody lest he murder the supposed witch. He was therefore arrested and placed and thus the witchcraft disclosures

A book on the Occult lay at 'Squire McConnell's elbow yesterday, and it was evident that the 'squire had been preparing himself for the novel trial of consulting the authorities on witchcraft. When called for the defense, Mr. Roberts went to the witness stand. 'He swore hat as long ago as last Christmas things at his bome began to act very queerly. The first he noticed was a spot of blood on the sheets of his bed. He slept alone, and it frightened him. The sheets were changed continually, but in a short time the bloody spot would again appear. One morning about 11:30 he lay down on the outside of the bed to await the call for dinner, When he arose there was a large pool of blood beneath him. He was terribly frightened, and took off his coat and shirt to see if there was any blood on his back or garment, but there

Mrs. Robertson said that many a time sho as put the meals on the table and stepped to the front door to call the rest of the family to dinner, and when she turned again she found the table nearly stripped of its contents. The bread and meat had disappeared, and plates, knives, forks and saltcellars had absolutely vanished as if by magic. Sometimes they would be found in an out of the way place under the wagon house, in the corn crib, out n the garden, and often they were never discovkred. These queer demonstrations and many others were sworn to Mr. Roberts and his wife in the most honest and solemn manner, and no from their straightforward story. The wife appeared there was positively no one else in the house. Roberts averred that he was kept busy most of the time searching for missing articles which had disappeared almost under

He was using a hammer on one occasion and laid it down at his feet. He turned his eyes away for a moment and then reached down for it, when lo! it was gone. His jackknife, hoe, shovel, and innumerable other things all acted

in the same péculiar way. Both the children, Anna and John, were placed on the stand, and they told in a frank and artless manner the same and many other equally astonishing occurrences. A ring had suddenly disappeared from Anna's finger. She board when no one was near, and settle softly down on the floor without breaking. Both she and the bey had seen the clothing thrown off the beds, and coats and dresses pulled from the walls and hurled across the room. A married brother named Edward Albright and his wife, who were here on a few weeks' visit, were called to testify. They both had similar unaccountable tales to relate. On the witness stand the family told how they had witness stand the family told how they had summoned the parish priest and asked him to dissolve the charm, and he had confessed to them that it seemed as if supernatural agencies were at work, and he would have to consult the bishop in order to obtain the interposi-

The evidence was concluded on Friday, and thoroughly at a loss what to do, the justice continued the case for three weeks. It is the all-absorbing topic for miles around, not onty among the country folk, but among the guests in the summer hotel. During the three weeks intervening a diligent effort will be made by physicians, county officers, and a number of prominent people, who have become interested n the case, to arrive at some intelligent con

The Chautauqua Sensation.

Speaker Carlisle has decided not to come to the Atlanta Chautauqua. When the Invitation was presented to him he stated that the only considera-tion which would move him would be the belief tion which would move him would be the belief that he could heal a supposed schism in the party. This necessity Mr. Carlisle has, of course, seen, does not exist. There is no political division in the democratic party in Georgia. The state is as certainly democratic as Kentucky and the districts in which the large cities of Atlanta and Augusta standare safer to the party today than the district of Mr. Carlisle with Covington and Newport.

Mr. Carlisle now understands that the Chautanous

Mr. Carlisle now understands that the Chautauqua is a mere summer school of scholars and thinkers, and that he was to figure assomething of a sensation along with the Mexican band and Rev. Samue long with the Mexican band and Rev. Samuel banes. He has declined to give his time to this sort of diversion, and so would Hon. Wm. McKinley, ho, with just as much propriety, has been invited blecture. How men like Senator Colquitt and epresentative Stewart could refuse to extend an exitation to Mr. McKinley we do not see.

There is no room in Georgia for intolerance and resumption. Messrs Colquitt and Stewart, we are ompelled to say, did not express the views of the telligent people of Georgia. We have no use for arrow-mindedness, political or religious.

A Bachelor's Secret. I keep the one precious bit of gold Safe hidden like a miser; And yet, if found by robber bold, He'd never steal my wealth untold, And none would be the wiser.

Why do I hoard this bit of gold, No'er giving it or lending? My friend, the story's trite and old; I loved, but words were weak and cold, Let's hasten to the ending.

The bit I keep no one could miss From all her wealth, her glory, Of golden hair—gold and like this Tais curl I took and left a kiss— And now you know the story.

"Why prize it so?" I think maybo Half-way in scorn you queried. Ah! friend, a miser lovingly Saves but one bit of gold—ah, me! When all the rest is buried.

One bit he saves to touch and see, As I this little token. Sweetheart! 'tis all I have of thec-This and a life-long memory Of love that ne'er was spoken.

Through weary years my bit of gold
I've hoarded like a miser;
Friend, when my heart grows tired and cold.
This curl lay in my dying hold,
And none will be the wiser.

Mrs. B. W. Hun

JUST AS HE FEELS

Is the Way Mr. Mills Will Speak at Chautaugua.

A Strong Speech Will be Made to the Mr. Bynum Will Also Come-The Programme Today.

The announcement that the Hon. Roger Q. Mills, the famous democratic leader of the house, will deliver an address at Chautauqua tomorrow at 4 o'clock, will be received with

A friend has telegraphed from Washington that Mr. Mills proposes to deliver a democratic speech at Chautauqua and does not want to be hampered; that he wants to speak just as

A ringing and positive declaration of demo cratic principles will be expected. A strong and eloquent speech touching the main points npon which the national campaign will be fought. No leader ever commanded the house more absolutely than does Mr. Mills. The passage of his tariff bill by a majority vote of thirteen when it was thought to be impossible to pass it at all, is a triumph of masterly force and power. Mr. Mills is practically the author of the democratic national platform, and no man is so well calculated as he to explain the doctrines upon which the battle is to be fought. Every democrat who can possibly do so, should be present at Chautauqua tomorrow, to give him a hearty welcome to Georgia, and hear his eloquent address on "The people and the tariff." Representative Bynum, of Indiana, who is the leader of the democracy of that hotiy contested state, will accompany Mr. Mills to the south, and will also deliver an address.

Other speeches will be delivered during the day, by distinguished democrats.

The time at which Messrs. Mills and Bynum will speak, will be announced tomorrow morning. It is probable that one of them will speak at four o'clock in the afternoon, and the other at seven o'clock at night. A pleasant programme will be arranged at Chautauqua for the entire day, consisting of concerts, serenades, lectures, recitations and illuminations.

Mrs. Plowman, known all over the south as "Betsy Hamilton," will give some of her best dialect recitations during the day. Mrs. Plowman gave similar recitations at Chantaugua a few days ago, and all who heard her were delighted. The exact hour at which her dialect recitations will be given will appear in tomorrow's Constitution.

The following is the programme for Chautauqua today:
10 a, m. History Lecture—Necessary Changes in
the Treatment of History in Different Ages—Profes-tor George F. Holmes, University of Virginia. (Class

room.)
11 a. m. Science Lecture — "Storms" — Professor
Henry Louis Smith, Davidson College. (Tabernacle.)
12 m. English Literature Lecture—The Age of
Chaucer—Professor James F. Garnett, University of Chancer—Protessor James F. Garnett, University of Virginia. (Class room.)

3 p. m. Science Lecture—The Lowest Forms of Animal Life—Professor C. T. McClintock, Chautau-qua University. (Class room.)

3 p. m. Band Concert—The Rogers band. (Tabernacle.)

ernacle.)
4 p. m. Address—The Christ Ideal, a Suggestion in Art—Rev. W. H. Ingersoll, D. D., Brooklyn, N. Y. 5-p. m. Science Lecture—"Scientife Measurements"—Professor Henry Louis Smith, Dundson College. (Class room.)
7:50 p. m. Baud Concert—The Rogers Band.
8 p. m. The Foreign Tourists, conducted by Professor Chinon, Topic—Venico Stereotoptican Illustrations.

The crowds at Chautauqua are increasing daily, and the rooms on the grounds are filling up rapidly, and there are already over two hundred students in the Summer college. Professor Garnett had to apply for a larger room on yesterday for his class in English literature, as several were turned off from his present room. He has added a course of lectures room. He has added a course of lectures on his English language, showing its composition, its make-up and describing it in a philosopic and historical way. These lectures will begin today. The class in French was doubled on yesterday and Professor Wilkinson is doing excellent work. Professor Henry Lewis Smith had a large class in physics and meteorology, and Professor Holmes is doing wonderful work in history and in social science. It now looks as if there would be five hundred students in the college at Chautauqua. The following is an entire list of the professors in the different departments of the college and the studies they teach:
English, by Professor Carnett, of university of Virginia.

Virginia.
French, by Professor Perkinson, of university of Virginia.
German, by Professor Zdanowiez, of Vanderbilt

university. Latin, by Professor Kirkland, of Vanderbilt uni-Wersity.

Greek, by Professor Bocock, of Hampden-Sidney college.

Botany, by Professor McClintock, of Chautauqua

university.

Meteorology, by Professor Smith, of Davidson college. History, by Professor Holmes, of university of

Virginia. Hebrew, by Professor Rawlings, of university of Virginia. Hebrew, by Professor Moore, of Hampden-Sidney

College.
Microscopy, by Professor Store, of Macon,
Elecution, by Professor Carns, of Chicago.
Decorative art, by Miss Henderson, of Indiana.
Fine art, by Miss Hess, of Chicago.
Physical culture, by Miss Lindley, of Brooklyn.
Music, by Professor McIntesh, of Emory college. Chautauqua is the place to visit on Thursday. One cent a mile in all directions. Addresses by Hon. Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, Hon. James Bynum, of Indiana, and others. Lectures, con certs, recitations and illuminations. Dialect

reading by Betsy Hamilton. Extra trains will run on every schedule.

THROUGH THE CITY. Deputy Clerk Hamilton, of the United States court, who has returned to the city after a pleasant visit to his old home, Dalton, is in raptures over the big boom which Dalton is enjoying. He says that the people are looking forward with the greatest pleasure to the grand reunion of the Thirty-fourth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-ninth Georgia and Phillips Georgia legion, and the Forty-third Tennessee, which will take place in that city on the 17th of August. Governor Gordon, General James Longstreet, Judge Alexander Irwin and Hon. L. M. Trammell will be among the speakers. There will be a good barbecue and basket picnic.

A gentleman remarked yesterday: "The Savannah and Western railroad now being built from Savannah to Americus will pass between the Central and the Savannah, Florida and Western foads, and develop a belt of country never before touched by a railroad, greatly enhancing the value of lands which can now be bought for almost a song. The stimulus which this new road will give to the turpentine interest cannot be overestimated."

Chief Connolly has returned to the city. His trip was only extended to Augusta, and he will not go to Canada after Nelson until he receives some positive information that his services are needed.

A Preacher's Luck.

A Preacher's Luck.

Joe McKinley, a colored ex-convict and a preacher in the Baptist church, left Atlanta yesterday for Norcross in charge of a baliff.

The charge against him is bigamy, and the warrant is sworn out by wife No. 1 in Norcross. The old darky married his second wife in Atlanta about three years ago and has been living here mo t of the time since.

The colored sister in the old man's congregation were deeply interested in the matter and an effort was being made yesterday to get up subscriptions in the preacher's behalf.

One cent a mile in all directions. Addresses by Hon. Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, Hon. James Bynum, of Indiana, and others. Lectures, concerts, recitations and illuminations. Dialect reading by Betsy Hamilton. Extra trains will run on every schedule. Chautauqua is the place to visit on Thursday.

ILLNESS OF MRS. BURTON SMITH. The Lady Passes Through a Despera

Early yesterday morning alarming symptoms developed in the case of Mrs. Fannie Gordon Smith, and those at her bedside feared that death was near. Dr. J. S. Todd was hastily summoned by Mr. Burton Smith, and when he arrived he found Mrs. Smith very low indeed. was not believed that she could possibly survive.

Under powerful stimulants administered by Dr. Todd the sufferer railied and fell into a deep sleep, which lasted about three hours. When she awoke, while she was still critically when she awoke, while she was still critically ill, it was evident that there was a decided rally from her condition of a few hours before.

The latest news from the executive mansion is that Mrs. Smith is in a much more favorable condition, though the critical morning hour is feared. If she should escape a return of the symptoms, it is now believed that she will steadily improve.

steadily improve.

All day long numbers of people called to inquire after the sick lady's condition, and throughout the city the deepest interest was felt in the reports from the sick room. Governor Gordon remained steadfastly by the bedside of his daughter.

of this daughter.

Dr. J. W. Baily, of Gainesville, was telegraphed for, for consultation, on Monday night. He spent the day here yesterday, and had to leave for home last night. Dr. J. F. Alexander was called in for consultation during the

Evening Capitol: Mrs. Charles S. Atwood is a little better. Her fever shows a tendency to breaking up, her appetite is better and she sleeps well at night. She has had a very hard attack, but we hope is on the improve.

WHEN DID HE DIE? Excitement Runs High Among the Darkies on May's Alley.

"Law! Don' you tell me dat man died las 'No, sah, dat man's been dead two or three

days."
"Dat's a fac', sho."
"Look how dat man's drawed up. Dat nig"Look how dat man. He didn' die no natural death."

The dead negro referred to was a laborer, forty to forty-five years of age. He was found yesterday morning, all alone, in a one roomed shanty, numbered No. 16 May's alley. He was drawn almost double, the muscles drawn and knotted, and the features drawn as if he had alted in recent account. die no natural death.'

died in great agony.

Excitement ran high among the negroes, many of them believing that the man had been released. Coroner Haynes was notified, and a jury was empanelled. They met, but some of the most important witnesses could not be found, and

after hearing one or two witnesses, the jury

adjourned to meet again at 3 o'clock. The jury met promptly at 3 o'clock at the colored undertaking establishment of Dave Howard, on Pryorstreet. They waited for the coroner for several minutes, but no coroner Finally the county physician came empov

ered to dismiss the jury, and the jury was dis

missed.

"The coroner has deemed that no inquest was necessary," explained the doctor, "and he said tell you all to go home."

"Well, do we get our dollar?" demanded these or tops intress consistences. "Well, do we get our dollar?" demanded three or four jurors simultaneously.

There seems to be some reasonable doubt in the case. When the jury met yesterday morning the jurors were compelled to keep perfumed handkerchiefs to their noses. The odor was something remarkable when it is remembered that, according to the testimony of all the witnesses examined, the negro could not have been dead for more than ten hours.

"I don't believe that fellow died last night," said one of the jurors yesterday afternoon.

said one of the jurors yesterday afternoon.
"Just from an off-hand examination of the
body, I should say that the man had been dead derably longer than ten hours" Coroner Haynes said last night: "After the ury first met, I had a talk with Dr. West-

moreland and with the physician that had been in regular attendance upon the darky, and was convinced that the man had come to his death from natural causes. There was no further need for a juny? need for a jury.

ABOUT THE CAPITOL.

Current Items Caught in the Various De-GOVERNOR GORDON DID not come down to

his office yesferday. He was detained at the mansion by the illness of Mrs. Smith. mansion by the limess of Mrs. Smith.

The Didest of the county of Glynn was received at the comptroller general's office yesterday. It footed up \$3,340,571—an increase of \$750,000 over last year. In 1884 the digest of this county amounted to \$2,175,221. Property in Glynn in four years has gone up about 100 per cent.

THE DIGEST FROM Chattahoochee county, returned yesterday, sums up \$503,653, showing a decrease of \$45,000 since the last return, a

year ago. H. S. West, of Habersham county, filed an H. S. West, of Habersham county, filed an application yesterday for the pardon of Joseph E. Brock, who was convicted of assault with intent to murder one Zachariah Sweatman, at the March term of the Habersham superior court, 1885, and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. The petition alleges that Sweatman and his wife, both witnesses against Brock bears "the very worst kind of character for veracity," and is signed by the ordinary of the county, the clerk of the superior court and several hundred citizens of the county.

JOSHUA R. BROWN.

The Friend of Cleycland Locked up Again at Police Headquarters.

Joshua R. Brown, the man that has been telegraphing to Cleveland for a week or so, is locked up again at police headquarters.

This is his third lockup since he came to Atlanta, and this time it is upon a charge of lunaev.

Atlanta, and this time?

Atlanta,

Soon after his arrest yesterday Captain

Conch, acting chief of police, telegraphed to

Brown's wife and asked for instructions. The

answer is filed on the telegraph book:

WYNET, Ill., 24.—E. F. Couch, Chief Police: See to

him a few days. Will dispatch son from Kansas

City to come down at once,

MRR. J. R. Brown.

Brown will be held until further notice from his relatives, or for a few days at least.

His pepperbox derringer is locked up for

safekeeping.

The prisoner swears that he owns that pistol, that he has made a demand for it, that the city of Atlanta refused to give it to him, and that he will carry the case to the supreme court of the United States.

"Now, I've never examined the dockets, but Now, I've never examined no access, our I'll bet that there are more cases made against white people on an average than are made against negroes."
"I'll bet there are not."
"For how long?"
"Well, say a month, beginning with today,

"How much ?"

"Twenty-five dollars."

"Done,"
The money was put up and for the next month two well known livery stable men will be counting the cases as they are entered on the city docket.
Yesterday there were 24 cases made, 8 white male, 6 black male and 10 black female. Total, 8 white; 16 black.
That's one day out of thirty-one,

The Building Stopped.

Mr. F. M. Coker, who owns the piece of property occupied by the Bank of the State of Georgia, petitioned Judgo Marshall J. Clarke to enjoin Messrs. Levi Cohen and B. F. Longley from completing the building they have started in Kenny's alley. Judge R. H. Clark heard the petition, as Judge M. J. Clarke was

absent.

Mr. Coker claimed that the alley was a public one, and that the obstruction of it by the build-ing which is being erected by the aforesaid gentlemen, would injure his property. Judge Clark granted the petition temporarily, and set Angust 2d as the day on which to have a' final hearing of the case.

Police Pointers. Complaint was made to Acting Chief Couch yesterday, by the Southern Express company, that chickens had been stolen from them, and NELSON AGAIN.

The Goods to be Identified and Nelson Prosecuted.

The Telegrams About It-Mr. J. E. Fain Talks About the Matter-A Letter That Was Lost-Nelson to be Held,

"They couldn't prosecute Nelson for having the money, because it couldn't be identified. Now, he did take some things that there will be no trouble in identifying, and as soon as they are identified, he can be prosecuted under the laws of the dominion for bringing stolen goods into Canada,' The speaker was Mr. J. E. Fain, bookkeeper

for Duncan & Camp.
"And the idea is," continued Mr. Fain, "that two or three of us, may be more, from whom Nelson stole property that can be identified, are going to get together and bear the expenses of a prosecution. For example, besides several hundred dollars that Nelson stole and that I have long ago given up as beyond hope of re-covery, a fine watch and chain, left on deposit at the North Sides bank, left this town when Nelson left. I can identify the watch and the chain. So with several other pieces of jewelry that Nelson carried off.'

"Have you taken any steps towards having your watch identified?" "Yes; but I must begin at the beginning again. I sent a letter and a telegram to Cold nei Brandt Saturday, but received no answer and this morning about nine o'clock I sent this telegram to the chief of police at Trenton:
ATLANTA, Ga., July 24—Chief of Police, Trenton, Ontario: Letter addressed to Adolph Brandt, your care. If not delivered, other and read it at once. Is C. C. Nelson under arrest? Answer. J. E. Fain.

"Have you an answer?"
"None yet, and of course our action depends ppon the result. If Nelson is held we shall at nce take steps to have him prosecuted." once take steps to have him prosecuted."

"That jewelry is the only way we can get at Nelson from Atlanta for the simple reason that it is all we can identify."

Inquiry at the Western Union office showed that there was no telegram for Mr. Fain, but that a message from Trenton, Ont., had been sent to "J. E. Main, care Captain Couch, Atlanta, Ga."

From the message itself these can be

lanta, Ga."

From the message itself there can be no doubt that the telegram was intended for J.

E. Fain, and is in answer to the one sent from here yesterday morning.

It reads:
TEENTON, Ont., 24, 1888.—J. E. Main: No letter here for party mentioned. C. C. Nelson is still a prisoner. Remanded until Friday.

WM. HINES, Chief of Police.

The manager of the telegraph office had the message sent to Mr. Fain late last night. It covers the only point that Mr. Fain was doubtful about—Nelson's being still under arrest—and it seems to look as if Nelson was going to have trouble set. Truly the way of the transgressor is hard.

Nelson Surrenders His Money and Notes. KINGSTON, Ont., July 24.-C. C. Nelson, the Atlanta forger, has turned over to Messrs. Haas and Brandt all the money and notes that he had deposited in New York. It is not likey now that any one will appear against him on Friday. The bank authorities say they did not give Atlanta any instructions for Nelson's cap-

NELSON'S ROUTE.

Laid Out Very Carefally and Followed With Only One Change.

A few days ago THE CONSTITUTION published a story in regard to a map which was found in Nelson's office the day his flight was discovered. It was thought to be a clew as to his route, as the map gave evidence of having been very carefully examined, and a pencil tracing was discovered that was thought at the time to in-dicate the route taken by Nelson in his flight The special from Treuton, published yester-

The special from Treuton, published yesterday, verifies this prediction and shows that Nelson made only one break from the trip he had outlined upon this map.

Starting from Atlanta and going via Knoxville, Tenn., he traveled over the Shenandoah Valley route, via Hagarstown, Md. to Harrisburg, Pa. From this point, via Williamsport and Elmira, N. Y., his next stopping place was Canandaigua, N. Y. Here he made a jump not down in the programme and took a jump not down in the programme and took a trip to LeRcy, N. Y., where he is said to have tried to sell the diamond earnings which are probably now sparkling in Nellie Prince's

ears.

Instead of going to LeRoy, if he had followed the route he started to travel, Nelson would have gone direct to Rochester from Elmira. Canada is quickly reached from this city by two cr three roads and it is but a few miles distributed in the control of t

Instead of going to LeRoy, if he had followed the route he started to travel, Nelson would have gone direct to Rochester from Elmira. Canada is quickly reached from this city by two or three roads and it is but a few niles distant from steamer transportation across Lake Ontario.

The map on which Nelson, traced his trip adds another link in the chain of testimony that makes plain the deliberation with which he planned every detail of his swindle.

It would be an excellent idea to furnish him transportation over the same route on his trip to Atlanta—when he returns. to Atlanta-when he returns.

TESTERDAY'S FIRES.

Partial Destruction of Patrolman Thomp-son's House on Chapel Street. son's House on Chapel Street.

At a few minutes past 11 o'clock yesterday an alarm of fire was turned in from box 54, located at the corner of Peters and Fair streets. The department made an excellent run, getting to the fire in exactly three minutes.

The fire was in the house of Patroiman John Thompson, at 88 Chapel street, and the roof was burned before the fire was put out.

The loss is fully covered by insurance.

Scare in a Boarding House.

The burning out of a chimney at Nos. 42 and

The bours is occupied as a boarding house.

44 Walton street caused quite a lively scene in that neighborhood at about noon yesterday. The house is occupied as a boarding house by Mrs. Roddy and quite a scare resulted from the fire. There was no damage done to the

In running to answer this alarm, Fireman In running to answer this alarm, Fireman Terry was thrown from his seat and struck the pavement, receiving quite a shock and several bruises. He was not seriously hurt, however, and will be again on duty in a day or two. PERSONAL.

DR. T. JEFF WORD, residence Markham nouse, telephone 216; office 101 Whitehall, telephone 5t THE Arlington hotel is the place to stop when you go to Gainesville, Ga. 1w

MR. L. W. THOMAS has removed his law
ffice from the Atlanta National bank, to room 19
late City Bank.

"WINK" TAYLOR, late salesman for E. H. Chase & Co., who is now proprietor of the Arlington hotel, Gainesville, Ga., runs the best hotel in MR. CHAS. MORTON, representing the Cincinnati Stamping company, of Cincinnati, was in the city yesterday. COLONELS DUPONT GUERRY and B. P. Hol-

of Americus, together with their wives, are opping at the Kimball. Ma. J. G. Blount, of Macon, was in the city yesterday. He has just recovered from a very violent attack of fever.

PROFESSOR C. M. STRAHAN, a member of the faculty of the State university, is in the city. MISS ANNIE SMITH, of Albany, is visiting MR. WM. NOBLE, of Anniston, Ala., was registered at the Kimball yesterday.

MR. HUGH A. HARALSON, one of the auditors of the postoffice department at Washington, is visiting his brother-in-law, Governor Gordon.

ing his brother-In-law, Governor Gordon.

"The second grand hop of the season will take place at the Arlington hotel, Gainesville, Ga. Thursday evenine, July 26." Wurms orchestra will furnish music for the occasion.

2t

Rev. W. C. DUNLAP, commissioner of education from the M. E. church, South, for the colored M. E. church in America, started west-yesterday afternoon in the interest of his work. Correspondents will continue to address him at Covington, Ga.

The Hon. Roger Q. Mills, "The Democratic Lion of the Tribe of Judah," and Hon. Mr. Bynum, of Indiana, will deliver addresses at Piedmont Chautauqua on Thursday, the 26th. The speaking will begin at 4 o'clock. The subject of Mr. Mills's address will be "The People and the Tariff." THE NICARAUGUA CANAL.

An Officer Talks of Its Bright Prospects—
The Natural Adaptation of the Route.

New York, July 24.—R. E. Perry, sub chief engineer of Nicaraugua canal, artived on steamer Colorado from Aspinwall today. In the company's office, 35 Wall street, this afternoon, Mr. Perry pointed to a group of brown and sun burned young men and said: "There's proof of effect of Nicauraugan climate. No man of expedition has been seriously ill or has received any injury in six months of field work. They have been subjected to hardship and exposure, incident to their employment, but in what part of the world could such a force engaged in such a work have made such a sanitary record? Not in the suburbs in New York city."

Perry brings with him notes, profiles and field charts, containing a detailed result of the company's survey, ready for working out quantities, making estimates, and an elaborate general map of the canal route. Development of the plans and details will be undertaken at An Officer Talks of Its Bright Prospects-

general map of the canal route. Development of the plans and details will be undertaken at

or the plans and details will be undertaken at once by one draughtsman, and maps will be prepared for submission to the company in a few weeks.

Statements have already been made public as to benefits in new localities over that of 1885 by reduction of the length of the canal and increased extent of navigation.

The actual carellination is less than thirty. and increased extent of navigation.

The actual canalization is less than thirty miles in all. Every week of survey, and every mile of progress strengthens the conviction of the practicability of the route for an intercean canal. Mr. Perry has no doubt that it is the best that exists, and one designated by its natural features, and that it is already more than three-fourths represent hy nature and for

than three-fourths prepared by nature and for conversion to this purpose. THE FREEDMAN'S BANK.

Comptroller Trenholm Issues a Circular Against the White Depositors. Against the White Depositors.

Washington, July 24.—Since the passage by the senate of the bill to reimburse the depositors of the Freedman's Savings and Trust company for losses incurred by the failure of said company, the comptroller of currency, as ex-officio commissiner of said trust, has issued the following circular in reply to the remonstrances received from the white depositors.

strances received from the white depositors against that provision of the bill which limits the relief to depositors of African descent:

"This bill does not in any way alter, impair, or affect the rights of any depositor in the Freedman Savings and Trust company to his full share of the proceeds of the assets of that institusion. The corporation is in injudiation, and that liquidation will proceed, and whatever is ultimately realized will be divided among all depositors who have proved their claims in accordance with existing laws. The effect of the bill passed by the senate will be, if it becomes a law, simply to make good to those for whose benefit exclusively the institution was originally designed, the difference between their share of the assets of the corporation and the amount of their deposits. This is pure gratuity from congress to these people, and the distinction in their favor rests upon the unquestionable fact that none but persons of African descent had any right to make use of the Freedmen's Strings and Trust company lang means any hierest whatever in its assets use of the Freedmen's Sayings and Trust company in any manner, or to acquire by any means any interest whatever in its assets Neither you nor any other white depositors have any claims upon the bounty of congress. You were bound to know the limitations of the charter of corporations with which you dealt, and therefore to know that its officers could not lawfully take your deposits. It is not now intended in any way to inflict upon white depositors any loss and any injury. They have been, up to this time, treated precisely like those depositors who could alone lawfully make use of the institution and I know of no resson why

hise those depositors who could alone fawnilly make use of the institution, and I know of no reason why they should not continue to be treated in the same way, so far as the assets of the corporation are con-carned. Very respectfully, W. L. TRENHOLM, Commissioner.

SEEKING FOOD AND SHELTER. A Town Destroyed by Fire-Yesterday's

PORTLAND, Oregon, July 24.—Later advices from Roslyn, Washington territory, regarding Sunday's fire says that the entire business portion of the town is destroyed. Only a few small houses in the outskirts are left standing. The total loss will reach about \$450,000; insurance very light. Over one hundred and fifty families are left without homes, food or clothing, and the people are scattered everywhere, seeking for shelter and something to eat. The origin of the fire is not known. Two men were badly burned during the fire. The town had no fire department and no means for fighting no fire department and no means for fighting the flames. A public meeting has been

and a committee appointed to solicit aid for homeless people.

A Disastrous Fire at Cincinnati. CINCINATI, O., July 24.—Cincinnati was visited by a \$315,000 fire early this morning, the six-story shoe factory of Keyppendorf, Dittmon & Co. being totally destroyed, with all its contents. The building was at the corner of Sycamore and New streets, which is thickly sattled with manufacturing establishthickly settled with manufacturing establish ments, and the fire department had a despe rate contest in saving the adjoining structure

An Opera House Burned. BUTTE, Mont., July 25.—McGuire's opera house burned last night. The audience escap-ed in safety. Losses amount to \$70,000 with

A Charleston Blaze. Charleston Blaze.

Charleston, S. C., July 24.—Fire at noon today partially destroyed the bakery of J. W. Newman, No. 242 St. Phillips street. The bakery is situated in a section of the city not reached by the water works, and hence the flames got good headway. Loss about \$600, insurance \$1,800.

On a Tour of Inspection. On a Tour of Inspection.

OTELIKA, Ala., July 24.—[Special.]—Colonel R. A. Mitchell and Messrs. H. L. Griffin, R. M. Greene, J. J. Smith, Jr., went down to Auburn, Ala., today, to inspect the agricultural experimental station of this state. It is regarded as the best one in the southern states, and is presided over by Colonel J. S. Newman, director.

Go up to Chautauqua this evening, so that you can be ahead of the crowd tomorrow, for the great speaking and grand jubilee day.

Twenty Pounds Left. Redding, Cala., July 24.—At Morley's station, twenty miles from here, James Mason, veteran stage driver, committed suicide in a horrible manner. He bought a fifty-pound box of giant powder, sat on it, and touched the explosive off. The coroner gathered up twenty pounds of the body in a basket.

The Hon. Roger Q. Mills, "The Democratic Lion of the Tribe of Judah," and Hon. Mr. Bynum, of Indiana, will deliver addresses at Piedmont Chautauqua on Thursday, the 26th. The speaking will begin at 4 o'clock. The subject of Mr. Mills's address will be "The People and the Tariff."

Chantauqua is the place to visit on Thurs day. One cent a mile in all directions. Addresses by Hon. Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, Hon. James Bynum, of Indiana, and others. Lec tures, concerts, recitations and illuminations. Dialect reading by Betsy Hamilton. Extra trains will run on every schedule.

THE ONLY DRINK FOR DYSPEPTICS



The Finest Powdered Chocolate for

Family Use. Order of A. A. Weille, Mark Anthony, Phillips & Johnson, E H. Corbett, Jones & Kerler, H. A. Gregory, Thomp-son & Co., McWhorter & Son, J. K. McCall, Connally & Christian, and C. E. Murphy, Atlanta, Ga. nové dôm sat mon wed top col n r m ROYAL BAKING POWDER

PERFECT FOOD.

Perfect food is that which, while prepared in the most appetizing form, is also the most wholesome and nutritious. It should never be necessary to sacrifice the wholesomeness of an article in order to make it more palatable, nor, as is too often the case, should we be compelled to take our bread or cake bereft of its most appetizing qualities in order to avoid injury to our digestive organs.

The Royal Baking Powder possesses a peculiar quality, not possessed by any other leavening agent, that applies directly to this subject. It provides bread, biscuit, cake, muffins, or rolls, which may be eaten when hot without inconvenience by persons of the most delicate digestive organs. With most persons it is necessary that bread raised with yeast should lose its freshness or become stale before it can be eaten with safety. Distressing results likewise follow from eating biscuit, cake, pastry, etc., raised by the cheap, inferior baking powders that contain lime, alum, phosphates, or other adulterants. The hot roll and muffin and the delicious hot griddle cakes raised by the Royal Baking Powder are as wholesome and digestible as warm soup, meat, or any other food.

A qualification which makes the Royal Baking Powder inestimable as a leavening agent.

CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, ETC.

The great lesson for the people to learn is not how to make money, but how to SAVE MONEY. Everybody has to wear clothing of some kind. Our semiannual clearance sale is now in full blast, and if you can save five or ten dollars in buying what clothing you need, it is due yourself and family to do so. Hundreds of people who have been surprised at the low prices on clothing, can bear testimony to this one

FACT! That we can save you big money on any piece of clothing you may want to buy. Remember, we do not select the hard stock and undesirable goods out of our stock and mark them down, claiming fifty per cent reduction on former prices [years ago, perhaps.] and ask regular prices for the desirable goods, but we give you choice of a new and splendid stock-anything in the clothing line in our stock, at an actual sacrifice-25 per cent discount. And the way the people flock to our store shows that the public understand our straightforward way of doing business, and know and appreciate the bargains we are giving them. Don't buy clothing before seeing now much money we can save for you. We will make you rich if you trade with us.

FETZER & PHARR, Tailor-Made Clothing, also Hats and Furnishings, 12 WHITEHALL STREET.

COAL COAL!

7,000 TONS of the celebrated SPRINT COAL for sale by

MOSS & MORSON, Office and Yard, Simpson Street and Railroad.

d6m un Fetz&Ph P. O. BOX 424. TELEPHONE 356. BOOTS! SHOES! SLIPPERS!

 SLIPPERS!

 SHOES! SLIPPERS!

JOHN M. MOORE, No. 33 Peachtree St.

✓ MEN'S. LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S FINE FOOTWEAR.

✓

MAIL ORDERS GIVEN CAREFUL ATTENTION.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ETC. Concerning the **Watch Clubs**

Which we are organizing we desire to state that we are putting within reach of all the greatest value in this article that has ever been offered for \$50. These watches have been retailed for \$60, but we have made contracts with the manufacturers for \$50,000 worth of these goods by which we had such concessions that we can sell them for \$50 each. The cases are sold 14 karat gold throughout and handsomely engraved. The movements are full jeweled nickel, with brequet hairspring, patent regulator and modern improvements, that will produce the most accurate and reliable time-pieces. The sale of each watch is accompanied by our written guarantee, and every member of the club gets a gold watch worth \$50.

We have definitely contracted to have \$50,000 worth of these watches delivered to us by the manufacturers and in order to dispose of these goods, through our clubs, we have arranged with Messrs. Caulfield & Underwood to organize them for us. This week we will have five men in the field canvassing for us, but parties who have not been reached by them and wishing to join our clubs can drop us a postal, with their address, and we will be pleased to call and enroll their names upon the club lists.

Clubs are constantly forming, join now and get a Gold Watch for \$1,00 per week. Every member is guaranteed to get a Gold Watch worth Fifty Dollars.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO., Jewelers, 47 Whitehall St.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

DAILROAD TIME TABLE wing the arrival and departure of all trains from this city—Central Time. EAST TENN, VA. & GA. R'Y. RRIVE DEPART,

Macon* 9 60 pm/To Hapeviller...IZUL pm The strength of the st

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Augusta* 5.00 a m To Angusta* ... 800 a m
Covington* 755 a m To Decatur ... 8 55 a m
Decatur ... 10 15 a m To Clarkston ... 1210 pm
Augusta* ... 100 b m To Clarkston ... 245 pm
Clarkston ... 20 p m To Covington ... 245 pm
Augusta* ... 545 pm To Augusta* ... 11 15 pm
Decatur ... 4 4 pm To Decatur ... 3 45 pm PIEDMONT AIR-LINE

Athens...... 9 00 a.m. To Washington 7 10 am Washigin 1100 a.m. To Athens........ 4 30 pm Washigin ... 9 40 pm To Washington . 6 00 pm *From Starkville, 6 15 a m 70 Bhraing m* ... 125 pm From Tallapoosa... 5 00 pm *From Birn g*m .5 25 pm To Starkville... 11 00 pm Atlanta 12 lo par Lv. Clarkston 12 p m Decatur 12 42 p m Lv. Decatur 1 45 p m Clarkston 12 57 p m Ar. Atlanta 22 p m ATLANTA AND I BONFOA RAILROAD. From Meansville,

9 20 a m and 6 25 p m

To Meansville,

7 08 a m and 3 00 p m *Daily-1Sunday only. All other trains daily except Sunday. Centratume.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

JONES PULLER

STOCKS, BONDS AND LOANS,

16 West Alabama Street, Atlanta, Ga. Money to lean on improved City Real Estate

MADDOX, RUCKER 🗫 CO BANKERS, 86 WEST ALABAMA STREET,

ct a general banking business. Buy and sell exchange.
Discount approved paper.
Allow 5 per cent interest on time deposits

The Tolleson Commission Co. STOCKS BONDS

W. H. Patterson, BOND AND STOCK BROKER. 24 South Pryor Street. ANTED-GEORGIA STATE 6's, DUE JANU-R SALE-AMERICUS, PRESTON AND LUMPkin raiilroad 7's, 1906. TLANTA GASLIGHT COMPANY'S STOCK. EXPOSITION COTTON MILL STOCK. VALKER COAL AND TRON COMPANY 7 PER ITY OF DALTON 5 PER CENT BONDS.

THE GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK Of Atlanta, Ga.

URMAN FARM IMPROVEMENT STOCK.

-UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY. Capital and Undivided Profits, \$375,000.

Issues Certificates of Deposit Payable on De-mand witth Interest. per cent per annum if left four

Fovr per cent per annum if left six months.

CAPITAL CITY BANK, OF ATLANTA, GA., COR. WHITEHALL AND ALABAMA STS Capital and Undivided Profits, \$452,000.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS -) TRANSACTED (-

Collections made direct on all points in the United Statesand remitted for promptly. Particular attention paid to the business of correspondents. The business of Ennkers, Merchants and Manufacturers is repectfully solicited. Special feature made of the Savings' Department. Interest paid on the cotast posits.

HUMPHREYSCASTLEMAN Bond and Stock Broker. 12 East Alahama Street.

MARIETTA & NORTH GEORGIA R'Y. NORTH BOUND. Leave Atlanta (W. & A. R. R.) ... 7 50 a m 8 45 p m No. 2 No. 4.

All trains daily except Sunday.

jubit-dim F. B. CHANDLER, G. P. A. Your Own Dyeing, at Home. will dre everything. They are sold every. Price 10c. a package. They have needual rength, Brightness, Amount in Packages fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities, to not crock or smut; 40 colors. For sole by

Arrive Atlanta (W. & A. R.R.) ... 6 37 pm 8 35 a m

Bradfield & Ware, Druggists, 26 Whiteball st.; Sharp Bros., Druggists and Apothecaries, 202 Marietta st.; M. B. Avaiy & Co., Druggists; Schumann's Phantage, 63 Whiteball and 17 Hunter st. J. L. Vance, Napoleon, GS.

Finance and Commerce.

Bonds, Stocks and Money. CONSTITUTION OFFICE.
ATLANTA, July 24, 1833.

New York exchange buying at 1/2 premium and PTATE AND CITY BONDS. R. R. BONDS. Bid Asked. New Ga. 42 Bid. Asked. Ga 6a, 1910.....107

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock NEW YORK. July 24.—This was another day of moderate activity in the stock market, accompa-nied by a continuance of the steady and gradual upward move so noticeable in yesterday's dealings. ment is recognized as a consequence manipulation is to be seen, and the scarcity of stocks for sale points to the fact that there has been a great deal of stock bought and taken away from the street of late. The improved feeling has for its foundation an unusually bright outlook for crops which the extraordinary full supply of money at low rates tends to aid in every way. The baying purpose of realizing the profits accrued upon the rize of the past few days. The coal stocks, the Union Pacific and grangers were features. London was a moderate purchaser of Louisville and Nash-ville, Union Pacific and others, though it sold Reading. There was another batch of hearish re-Reading. There was another batch of bearish re-perts from Chicago, but they seemed to have little influence if any upon the course of prices. The East Tennessee and Norfolk and Western stocks t, pending the meeting of a joint commit were quiet, pending the meeting of a joint commit-tee, but the Southwestern shares were all stong on a favorable crop outlook in that region. New Eng-land was comparatively weak, the selling in that stock being more concentrated than usual of late. The market closed quiet but strong at or near the The market closed quiet but strong as of heat the best-figures. A great majority of active stocks are higher this evening, and St. Louis and Wheeling and Lake Eric preferred rose 1)4, and the Oregon Short Line and Leckawanne, and the remainder fractional amounts. The sales aggregated 286,000

Exchange dull and heavy at 4571/4@4891/4. Money casy ut1@13/. Subtreasury balances: Coin \$157,956, 660; currency, \$19,413,660. Governments dull but steady; 4s 1271/4; 43/2 1073/. State bonds dull and

de, Class B 58. 266 Ga. 7a mortgage 103 N. C. 6e. 222 Norfolk & W'n pre. *Bld. †Ex-dividend. | Cotton oil trust cert. 399

THE COTTON MARKETS. ATEANTA, July 24, 1899. Net receipts at all United States ports for 3 days 8,849 bales; experts 15,803 bales; stock 198,006 bales. Below we give the opening and closury quotations of cotton futures in New York today.

Opening. ..10.06@10.70 10.71@..... 9.75@ 9.77 9.58@..... 9.70@ 9.71

Local—Cotton quiet: midding 9%c.
The following is our table of receipts and ship-East Tennessee, Va. and Go. Railroad... Reorgia Pacific Railroad... Total Stock September 1...

Grand total..... 112,292 Shipped today...... Shipped previously...... Taken by local spinners 110,698

Slockon hand.
The following is our comparative statement:
Receipts today
Same time last year.
Showing an increase od.
Receipts since September 1
Same timedast year.
Showing a decrease of
Showing a decrease of

NEW YORK, July 24-Hubbard, Price & Co., in neir circular today, say: The cotton market has their circular today, say: The cotton market has failed to realize any sanguine anticipations that have been entertained by builts, and situation today proved weak and stupid with only temporary check on filling of few buying orders. Tendency has been weak throughout, closing at about lowest point and about seven points below yesterday. Support on the part of August clique seemed to be withdrawn for the time points, while new crop advices being of most checrful character from all leading localities led to considerable colling of fall and winter months.

INVERPOOL July 44-12:15 p. m.-Cotton quiet and without quotable change; middling uplands 5 9.45; middling orleans 55%; sales 7,000 bales; speculation and export 1.00; receipts 5,000; American 2.2.4; uplands low middling cause July delivery 5 34-64; July and August delivery 5 32-64; 5 31-64; August and September delivery 5 28-64; september and October delivery 5 18-44, 517-64; November and December delivery 5 18-44, 517-64; futures opened quiet and somewhat inactive.

Somewhat inactive.

LIVERPOOL, July 24—200 p. m.—Sales of American 5,700 bales, uphads low middling clause July delivery 5, 3:64, buyers; July, and August delivery 55:64, buyers; August and September delivery 5; 7:64, buyers; August and September delivery 5; 7:64, value: October and November delivery 5; 10:64, sellers; November and December delivery 5; 40:64, sellers; December and January delivery 5; 10:64, sellers; December and January delivery 5; 10:65, sellers; January, and February delivery 5; 10:66, sellers; Interedull.

tures dull.

Liveriool. July 24—4:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling ciause July delivery 5:3:64, buyers; July and August delivery 5:3:64, seliers; August and September delivery, 5:3:64, buyers; September and October delivery, 5:4:64, seliers; November and December delivery 5:1:64, seliers; November and December delivery 5:1:64, seliers; Saptember and January delivery 5:10:64, seliers; January and February delivery 5:16:64, sellers; Saptember delivery 5:27-64, buyers; futures closed quiet.

NEW YORK, July 24—Cotton dull and easy sales (4. bales; middling uplands to 11-16; middling Oricans to 13-15; net receipts 208; gross 2,783; stock 145,588. Consolidated not receipts 1,700 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,808; to France 5,086; to continent 550.

exports coastwise 199.

BALTIMORE. July 24—Cotton nominal; middling 10%; net receipts none bales; gross 3; sales —; stock 4,50%; sales to spinuers —
BOSTON, July 24—Cotton cutiet: middling 10%; net receipts labelais; gross 275; sales none; stock none.

WILMINGTON. July 24—Cotton outlet: middling 9%; net receipts bales; gross 1; sales none; stock 668.

PHILADELPHIA, July 24—Cotton firm; middling 10%; net receipts none bales; gross 91; sales none stock 5,438. 94: net receives bales: gross 1: sales none; stock 68.

PHILADELPHIA, July 24—Cotton firm; middling 10%; net receipts none bales: gross 91; sales none stock 5.483.

SAVANNAH, July 21—Cotton steady; middling 9%;

ATLANTA. July 24—The following are ruling

MOBILE, July 24—Cotton nominal; middling 934: et receipts 1 bules; gross 1; sales none stock 2,216:

MEMPHIS. July 21—Cotton steady; middling 10; net receipts 7 bnles; shipments none; sales 400; stock

6,049.
AUGUSTA, July 24—Cotton firm; middling 10)4; not receipts L5 bales; shipments =; sales 132.
CHARLESTON, July 24—Cotton nominal: middling 9)4; not receipts 462 bales; gross 462; sales none; stock 1,559.

THE CHICAGO MARKET. Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions.

chicago, July 24—The prime cause of weakness in wheat that developed there to day was practically the abandonment of the idea which has been generally entertained by many in the trade, that there was going to be a squeeze in July. During the last few minutes of the trading session yesterday July premitin narrowed to and later on curb July got down to a level of August or nearly so, it being offered at 70%. The opening quotation this morning was 50% or 11% above August. Trading in July was not large and throughout the morning the difference was from to to 1%. The opinion gained ground, however, that the fears of a dealer to squeeze in July might safely be abandoned. This caused agreat lot of miscellaneous wheat bought in anticipation that the alleged July deal would be carried over into August to be sold out. The affect CHICAGO, July 24-The prime cause of weakness carried over into August to be sold out. The affect of this preceedure was to weaken the near by fu-tures disproportionately. The greatest pressure was had at this end of the market. It was not until after 12 o'clock that the market got especially down-cast, but about haif an hour before the cloc, the props gave way and a further break of ½c occurred; July went to 80c; August to 70%c and December to

See. Measured by the closings of two days August shows a depreciation of 1½c; December of ¾c. The last prices were at inside. The volume of business was large the last hour and light previously.

Corn was weak and lower, a further shrinkage in values amounting to 1/60% occurring. As in wheat, the closing quotations were practically at the bottom. At 457/6045%, and for August and 451/6045% A large firm came in with large buying orders. This turned the market and it rallied %c, holding steady for an hour or two at the improvement, with a mod erate busines. The first hour of the session witness-ed a covering of large lines of short corn but for which prices might have gone lower. Erilliant crop prospects and good receipts have created a wide-spread bearish sentiment against which bulls find it

pread bearish sentiment against which butts and to impossible to make heodway.

Oats exhibited further weakness today, with decline in July of fully 11/4c, and in most othe futures of May.c. Speculative demand for new crop deliveries was pretty well distributed all along the line. There were some outside selling orders, and to further decrease in demand from July shorts, and moderate estimated receipts for tomorrow was largely attributed to weakness. In provisions the movement was again buillish. Hogs continue to be marketed in comparatively small numbers, with no dimunition in distributive trade. The market is gaining in friends and support. For the past twentyfour hours shipments made from this point amounted to 3,693,842 pounds of meats, 1,402,071 pounds of lard and 1,287 barrels of pork. In teday's market speculation was quite active. Short-ribs lied in interest, though lard and pork received considerable attention. A heavy local speculation was largest individual seller, while buying was general, and higher prices were ruled. The advance actually established in pork and land was 5@71/2c, and in short-ribs 16c.

The following was the range in the leading futures in Chicago today:

WHEAT Oponing Highest Closing \$ 70 \$ 75 8 671/2 8 621/2 8 70 8 621/2 August..... September October.... 8 67% SHORT RIDS-8 1216 8 20 8 2216

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE. ATLANTA, July 24, 1355.
Flour, Grain and Meal.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

NEW YORK, July 24—Flour, southern quiet: common to fair extra\$2.00@\$3.00; good to choice \$1.00@\$5.00. Wheat, each heavy and \$4.00 lower; options variable and unsettled; No. 2 red August \$5%.85%; September \$8.3-16@\$5%. Corn, each declined \$4.00 lower; options irregular: No. 2 August \$5%.00.5%; September \$8.40.55%. Oats, options \$4.00 lower; spot white \$4.00 lower; mixed steady; No. 2 July 30%; August \$0.00 lower; spot white \$4.00 lower; mixed steady; No. 2 July 30%; August \$0.00 lower; spot white \$4.00 lower; spot white \$4.00 lower; spot \$1.00 lower; spot \$1.

mixed western 36.9.9. Hope in light request; state 4.9.0.1; California 35.12.

ATLANTA, July 21—Flour — Best patent \$5.50; extra fannly \$4.50; fannly \$4.00; extra fannly \$4.50; extra fannly \$4.50; fannly \$4.00; extra \$3.75. Wheat — No. 2 red \$50; Georgia red \$0. Bran—Large sacks \$60; thend \$0.0. Corn Meal — Plain 72c; bolted 70c. Pea Meal—00c. Grits—84.25. Corn—Choice white 72c; No. 2 mixed \$62. Cots—No. 2 mixed \$47c. Hav—Ghoice timothy, large bales \$1.10; small bales \$1.10; Clover 30c; wheatstraw baled 80c. Peas—\$10ck — BALTIMORE, July 24—Flour steady and firm; Howard street and western superfine \$2.50@2.85; extra \$3.50@\$3.85; family \$4.00@\$1.50; city mists superfine \$2.50@\$2.65; extra \$3.55@\$3.76; Riobrands \$4.90@5.00. Wheat, southern active but easier; western quiet and easy; southern red \$0.90; longberry \$4.90\$.00.

ST. LOUIS, July 24—Flour quiet, ranging from \$2.50.0.\$4.50; wheat \$6.00\$; reliow 60.961.

ST. LOUIS, July 24—Flour quiet, ranging from \$2.50.96.\$75; August 774.0774. Corn weak and \$4.90.876.00 wheat \$2.00 were No. 2 red full can \$7.80.756.00. July 78.0786.; August 774.0774. Corn weak and \$2.90.874.00 wer. No. 2 mixed cash and July 44: August 27.90.714. Oats lower and weak; No. 2 mixed cash 27.9274; July 22.00.104; August 23. CHICAGO, July 24—Cash quotations were as follows; Flour firm; spring wheat \$3.40.94.25; soring patent \$3.50.964.80. No. 2 spring wheat 797.080. No. 2 oats 30. CINCINNATI, July 24—Flour durull and weak; fam—CincinnaTill 40.00.115.

2 0ats 39. CINCINNATI, July 24—Flourdull and weak: fam-fly \$2.559.\$3.59; fancy \$4.10@\$4.15. Wheat agrive: No. 2 red 795@80. _COrn easier: No. 2 mixed 47. Oats No. 2 mixed 35.

No. 2 mixed 30.

LOUISVILLE, July 24—Grain steady. Wheat, No. 2
red 56; longberry nominal, Corn, No. 2 mixed 61;
do, white 56. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 35; do. white —. Groceries.

do, white 56. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 30; do. white —
Groceries.

ATLANTA. July 24—Coffee—Choice 19%c: prime
19c; good 18c; fair le?; low grade led. Sugar—Cut loaf
9c; powdered 9c; standard granulated 8%c: standard A 8%c: extra C 7%c: yellow extra C 7%c.
3yrups—New Orleans Choice 50@35c; prime 3%c35c;
common 20@35c. Tess—Black 38@90c; green 30@60c.
Nutnegs 75c; Cleves 35c. Allspice 12%c. Cinnamon
12c. Fago 55c. Gingar 16c. Mace 60c. Pepper 90c. Crackers—Milk 70: Boston butter 8c; pearl
oyster 7%c: X soda 5c; XXX do. 5%c. Candy—Assorted stick 9c. Mackerel — No. 3 bbls \$15.00;
5/2 bbls \$6.75; kits 80c. Soap \$2.00@55.00 \$100
cakes. Candles — Full weight 11c. Matches—
Found wood 9 gross \$1.1a; \$200 25.50; \$4.50; \$4.00
\$4.50. Soda—in Recs 4%c: in boxes 5%c. Rhoice
6%c; prime 6c; fair 5%c. balt—Virginia 75c. Cheese
—Cream 14c: factory 18c.

NEW ORLEANS, July 24—Coffee steady: Blocargoes
common to prime 1%c/615%. Sugar strong: Louisiana
opto kettle choice 5%; prime 5%; fair to good air 3%; good com mon 5%; centifugais, plantation granulated 6. choice white 6; off white
1%c choice yellow charifed 7%c 7%-10; prime do. 6%;
off do. 1; seconds 5%cs/5%. Molasses steady: open
kettle fancy 8s: choice 3%cs/s strictly prime
26%3: good prime 1% fair to good fair 18%20; common 25; fair 10 good fair 18%20; common 26; fair 10 good fair 18%20; common 27; fair 10 good fair 18%20; common 28; fair 10 good fair 18%20; common 29; fair 10 good fair 18%20; common 20; fair 10 good fair 18%20; fair 10 good common 10 godd fair 18%20; common 20; fair 10 good fair 18%20; fair

NEW YORK, July 24—Coffee, fair Rie dull at 11½; options unsettled: opened firm, closing dull but steady: No. 7 RioJuly 11.25@41.45; August 10.30@10.60. Stearl quiet and steady; fair to good refining 5½; refined quiet; Co%@6½; extra C 6½; white extra C 6½; yellow 5½; off A 5½@6; mould A 7½; standard A 7½@5½; confectioners A 7½; cut loof and crushed 5½; powdered 8; granulated 7½@7½; cutbes 7½. Molasses dull; 50-test 21. Ricesteady; domestic 4½@5½.

lasses duli; 50-test 21. Rue steady; domestic 43/465%.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, July 24—Provisions firm and higher.
Pork \$14.50. Lard, prime steam 8.50. Dry saltments, boxed lote shoulders 7.35c long clear 8.35; clear ribs 8.4668.37%; short clear 8.09%. Bacon, boxed shoulders 8.00; long clear 2.1049.12½; short ribs 9.1049
9.12½; short clear 9.4069.47%; hams 11½/4618½.

LOUISVILLE. July 24—Provisions strong. Bacon, clear rib sides 8.25c clear sides 8.75; shoulders 6.5%. Bulk meats, clear rib sides 7.62½; clear sides 7.87½; shoulders 8.87½. Mess pork nominal. Bams, sugar-cured 11½/4612½. Lard, choice leaf 9½.

NEW YORK, July 24—Pork steady: old measts 1.00
\$\$14.25; new \$14.356\$\$15.00. Middles nominal. Lard western steam spot 8.85; July 8.30. August 8.72/8.75; city steam 8.00; refined to continent 8.50.

CHICAGO, July 26—Cash quotations were as fol-

ATLANTA, July 4-Eggs-10@11. Butter-Choice Tennessea 1:% 0:; other grades 1:/:@15c. Poultry -Hens 25@27c: young chickens large 13@18c. 1rish Potatoes -820@35.30. Sweet Potatoes-90c@\$1.00. Honey-Strained@3c; in the comb \$@10c. Onlons-\$2.50@\$1.00. Cabbage-15@36c. Whisky. CINCINNATI, July 24—Whisky steady at \$1.14 ST. LOUIS, July 24—Whisky steady at \$1.14 CHICAGO, July 24—Whisky \$1.20.

GRAND REPUBLIC CIGARROS.

What's the Matter With these Candidates? They're All Right!

GRAND REPUBLIC BUFFOS

CIGARROSI

Are the Finest Goods Ever Sold For the Money,

These Are Warranted Pure by the Manufacturers.

Geo. P. Lies & Co., Factory 200, 3d District, New York.

RETAILERS—Now is your time to reap the benefit of this advertising. Open the boxes and place on your case where your customers cannot miss them. The demand is increasing daily; do not delay mailing us your orders. Every dealer ordering 1,000 of above brands will have name and address put in this ad. Ask salesmen to show your samples of Buffos and Cigarros, or mail your

Guaranteed Long Havana Filler, Fine as Silk. Smokers, Ask Your Dealers for these goods. They Can be Found on Sale at

GROCERS AND OTHERS Thorn, 90 Whitehall street. & Hancock, 118 Whitehall street. dzen, 123 Whitehall street. J H Jentzen, 123 Whitehall street, E H Corlett, 10 Capitol ave. C K Bozbee, 102 Penchtree street; E L Bradley, 608 Decatur street. Stewart & Rice, 187 Decatur street. A Flesh, Decatur street. W D Smith. Decatur street. J J Lynch, Det a ur street. H Cooper, 58 Decatur street. Hanye & Dunlap, 87 Decatur street. Hanye & Dunlap, 87 Decatur street.
W R Heath; 332 Decatur street.
J R Lanzford, 5:25 Decatur street.
J R Lanzford, 5:25 Decatur street.
J P Crockett, 530 Decatur street.
Tappan & Co., 48 Pachtree.
W J Roberts, 51 Peachtree.
G S Pryor, 53 Peachtree.
A W Farlinger, 265 Poachtree.
Prioleau & Co., 296 Peachtree.
C J Kamper, 369 Peachtree.
C J Kamper, 369 Peachtree.
Mitchell & Dimmick, 83 Peachtree.
D Cramer, 2 East Alabama street.
H O Resee, 231 Wheat.
J M Markham, Wheat and Young.
Wright & Hilley, Houston and Calhoun.
J W Kilpatrick & Co., Houston street.

SAUCE

(THE WORCESTERSHIRE)

May, 1831. "Tell
LEA & PERRINS'
that their sauce is
highly estoemed in
India, and is in my
opinion, the most
palatable, as well
as the most wholesome sauce that is
made."

HOT & O

NIEATS,

GAME,

WELSHRABEBIT

Leaderins

Signature is on every bottle of the genuine.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y.,

AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES.

The Queen and Crescent Route (CINCINNATI SOUTHERN.)

Are now running sleeping cars Chattanooga to Louisville, without change. No other line offers this advantage. Don't forget this, Also remember, that this is the only line running sleeping cars Atlanta to Cinncinati without change.

STEVE R, JOHNSTON, Gen. Agt.
W. E. REYNOLDS, T. P. A.
Office—15 Kimball House, Pryor street.

cash prices today: Clear rib sides \$\frac{3}{2}c. Sugar-oured hams 1:c. Lard—Pure leaf, tierces 10\frac{1}{2}; refined \$\frac{3}{2}dc. CINCINNATI, July 24—Pork basics at \$\frac{3}{2}t. 00. Lard strong at \$\frac{3}{2}c. Bulk meats quiet and higher short ribs \$\frac{3}{2}t. Bacon firmer: short ribs \$-; short clear \$\frac{9}{2}t.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA. July 24 — Apples — \$2.00@32.50 per bbl. Lemons—\$6.00@35.50. Oranges—\$6.50@37.00, Cocoanuts—Bc. Pineapples—\$1.50 @ doz. Bananas—\$clected \$1.75@\$2.00; grapes 6@10c \$2 pound. Figs — 13@18c. Raisins — New London \$3.25; \$6 boxes \$1.75; \$4 boxes 90c. Currants—71/.08c. Leghorn citron—27c. Almonds—19c. Freeans—10@14c. Brazil—10@11c. Filletrs—12½c. Wainuts—19c. Dried Fruit—Sundried apples \$1/4@14c, sundried peaches \$1/4@14c, sundried peaches pealed ite.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, July 24—Turpentine firm at 82%; rosin dull: strained 70: good strained 70: tar firm at \$1.55: crude turpentine firm; hard \$1.00; yellow dip \$1.70; virgin \$1.70.

CHARLESTON, July 24-Turpentine firm at 82%;

rosin quiet; good strained 90. SAVANNAH, July 24—Turpentine firm at 321/2;

rosin steady at 80.

NEW YORK. July 24—Rosin firm at \$1.05@\$1.10 turpentune firm at 32.

Hardware.

Hardware.

ATLANTA. July 24— Markot steady. Horse-shoes \$4.25@\$4.50; mule shoes \$5.25@\$6.50; horseshoe nalis 12@20c. Ironbound hames \$3.50. Trace-chains \$2@70c. Ames' shovels \$9.00. Pspdcs \$10.00. Well-buckets \$5.50@\$4.50. Cotton rope 15@16c. Sweed iron 5c; rolled or merchant bar 2½6 rate. Cast-steel 10@12c. Nalis, fron, \$2.50; steel \$2.00. Glidden barbed; wire, galvanized, \$p\$ 56@5½c. Powder, rille \$0.00 blasting \$2.15. Bar lead 7c. Shot \$1.60.

Live Stock. ATLANTA, July 24 - Horses - Plug \$65@90; good drive \$150@\$200; drivers \$125@\$140; fine \$250@\$800. Mules—14½ to 15 hands \$115@\$125; 15 to 15% hands \$136@\$125;

CINCINNATI, July 2!—Hogs scarce and higher; common and light \$6.00@\$6.30; packing and butchers \$6.00@\$6.50.

Country Produce.

GRAVIES.

RABEBITS.

G R Miller, 11 South Pryor street.
Fred Cummings, 77 Broad.
P R Johnson, 78 Broad.
Rice & Saxe, 19 Washington street.
J W Cotton, 128 Forsyth street.
T J Buchanan, 246 Decatur street.
W J Hogan, 49 Highland avenue.
John Corrigen, 140 Whitehall street. w J Hogan, 49 Highiand avenue,
John Corrigen, 140 Whitehall street.
Low and Lynan, 135 Whitehall street.
Is Mitchell, 142 Whitehall street.
Phillip & Johnson, 218 Whitehall street.
S Gutham, 136 Whitehall street.
S Gutham, 136 Whitehall street.
E L La Fontaine, Jr., Whitehall and Forsyth.
Dan Kline, Windsor and Hood.
W W Little, 86 Capitol avenue.
J H & W A Foster, 96 Capitol avenue.
E G Murphy, Pulliam and Jones.
M K Murphy, Pulliam and Fair.
D G Peel, 38 South Broad.
Stewart & Rice, 133 Decatur,
Lynch & Councily, 40 South Broad.
W A Boggan, Gate City bank saloon.
J J McMahon, 16 Marietta street.
Kelly & Maher, 23 Marietta.
John M Miller, book store.
G R Reynolds, Broad and Miller.
John Blount, 142 Marietta.
W D Harwell, 250 Marietta. an, 140 Whitehall stree

Slams Bros., 356 Marietta. C Bridwell, 114 Mitchell. Schikan, E T depot. Fincher & Fincher, 251 Mitchell. L E Gwinn, 3.0 Peters. A J Haltiwanger, Pryor and Decatur streets. Smith & Bradfield, 102 Whitehall. Jo Tyner, Broad and Marietta, Jo Tyner, Broad and Marietta street. Mathews, Gregory & Co., 21 Marietta street. Henry & McCauly, 93 Peachtree. LA Brattou, 91 Peachtree. LA Bratton, 91 Peachtree.
R H Johnson, 126 Forsyth.
Hutchison & Bros , Whitehall.
A Dawson, 365 Peters.
M B Avery & Co., 73 Peachtree.
J L Couch, 197 Wheat street.
D S Goldsmith & Co., 168 Whitehall street.
Benjamin & Cronheim, 100 Whitehall. CONFECTIONERS. A G Ballard, Union depot. W E Haney & Co, 1 Peachtree st D U Sloan & Co, 43 Peachtree st

And all other first class dealers. Retailers ordering one thousand of these brands of us can have their name and address in this ad. gratis. Mail your orders to us at once.

CAUTION-We hereby notify jobbers and dealers that we will vigorously prosecute all infringements on our style of package of the Cigarros and Buffos as to Red Seal and Veneer package. Do not forget to call for these cigars-they are the best and will please you. GEO. P. LIES & CO., Factory 200 3d District, New York.

W. A. RUSSELL, Wholesale Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

Also Sole Agent for the CELEBRATED NICOLINI 5 CENT CIGAR.

RAILROAD SCREDULE

CENTRAL RAILROAD of GEORGIA

No change of cars between Atlanta and Jacksonville, Fia., and intermediate points, or to Savannah, Georgia. On and after this date Passenger Trains will run daily, except those marked +, which are run daily, xcept Sunday. And those marked * are run on Sunday only. 7 15 pm 7 38 pm 8 43 pm 10 50 pm 7 80 am 5 50pm . 4 58am 1245am Arrive Albany ... Millen... Arrive Savannah Passengers for Carrollton, Thomaston, Perry, Fort Gaines, Talbotton, Buena Vista, Blakely, Clayton a., Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrightsville, Eatonton, Milledgeville, should take the 6:50 a. m. train from

210am 600 am 645 pm 210 am 110 pm 310 am 600 am 401 pm 511 am 820 am 515 pm 615 am 935 am 540 pm 640 am 958 am

Arrive Atlanta.

540 pm | 640 am | 958 am | 9 (5 pm * 9 (55 am * 7 (25 am * 1 40 pm * 8 (5 pm * 9 (5 pm *

LAGER BEER.

CHRISTIAN MOERLEIN, Prest. JNO. GOETZ, Jr., Sec'y.

JACOB MOERLEIN, Treas.

JOHN MOERLEIN, Supt.

GEO. MOERLEIN, Vice-Prest.

WM. MOERLEIN, Ass't Supt.

The Christian Moerlein Brewlng Co., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Capacity 350,000 Barrels Yearly. MANUFACTURERS OF THE FINEST BRANDS OF

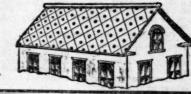
LAGER BEER.

For Sale Everywhere in Atlanta.

Particular attention is invited to our "NATIONAL EXPORT" which is brewed from the finest grade of imported and domestic hops and mait, and prepared according to the most approved methods. It is a genuine and pure old lager, does not contain a particle of any injurious ingredients, and being abjointely free from all adulterations is invariably prescribed by the most prominent physicians for the convalescent, the weak and the aged. The "NATIONAL EXPORT" was brewed originally for the Australian trade exclusively, but, with our increased facilities, we are now prepared to furnish it to our customers throughout the world.

MOERLEIN'S "NATIONAL EXPORT" was awarded the first premium at every Cincinnett Exposition over all competitors, proving it the best beer in Cincinnati, and, consequently, the finest in the world. The barrel beer of THE OMRISTIAN MOERLEIN BREWING CO. is guaranteed to be equal, if not superior, to any beer browed at home or abroad. Export beer is put up in easks of Ten Dozen Pints, and is guaranteed to keep in any climate.

Emil Selig, Atlanta Agent, ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.



BEST ROOF Metal Shingles E. VAN NOORDEN & CO.,

Wesleyan Female Institute,

STAUNTON, VIRGINIA, Opens September 20, 1888. One of the most attractive Schools for Young Ladies in the Union All Departments Thorough. Buildings Elegant; Steam heat; Gas light; Situation beautiful; Climate splendig; Pupils from Nineteen States. Terms among the lowest in the Union. For the LIBERAL TERMS of this CELLEBRATED OLD VIRGINIA SOHOOL, write for a catalogue to july 5 d & w 6w WM. A. HARRIS, President, Siaunton, Virginia. THE IMMENSE TRADE

In Fruits and Vegetables Centered in Atlanta.

The Question of Melon Shipments Again-General Railroad News of Interest -Other Notes.

"Let me tell you something about the shipments of watermelons," said the agent offa foreign road to a Constitution reporter yester-

"I see THE CONSTITUTION has been talking about this matter a good deal, and it seems to tant points, so far as the railroads are con cerned. You see this melon business is like no other, and the blame for the lack of profit to the growers on their shipments to northern

the growers on their shipments to northern points does not belong on the railroads.

"In the first place, a large majority of the men who grow melons for shipment have little knowledge of economical methods, and in this they are at a disadvantage from the start.

"You may take the melons of southwestern or any other part of Georgia, and unless they are shipped intelligently, that is, with some knowledge of the condition of the market and a certainty that responsible parties will attend to their sale, the matter of rates will have little to do with the chances for profit.

"I venture to say that if the rates were one-half what they are now there would be no more money returned to the growers of Georgia than there is now, for the markets would be glutted and the prices would make the net result about what it is now. Take last yaer, for instance. Everybody made money, simply because there was always a demand for this product and the prices were good the entire season. This year the quantity of melons grown was almost doubled, and what is the result? Why, hundreds of carloads of melons have been sold in Cheinnati and other points for less than the freight amounted to. In these cases the railroads lost money in proportion to their pro rata interest in the freight.
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their pro rata interest in the freight.

"If melons were shipped as perishable freight is shipped by express—prepaid—there is no doubt that a much lower tariff than the present one could be secured. And there is another point that it seems is not understood by a good many people, the growers included. Now, take my road, for example. We have no more to do with the making of the rates than that man passing by on the subwall out there. more to do with the making of the rates than that man passing by on the sidewalk out there. The railroad which first takes the car, on whose line the melon is grown, makes the tariff for all points and we receive our pro rate of the freight charge. The primary road will bill the car to any point desired, and as they nearly all come via Atlanta, when it arrives here it is turfied over to the connecting line for the point to be reache level when reshipped, the through rate holds good. Now we merely furnish them cars and, as The Constitution said a few days ago, if a carload of melons is sold in Atlanta our road, which might otherwise have secured its transportation to some point belanta our road, which might otherwise have secured its transportation to some point beyond, merely gets a rental of three-fourths of a cent per mile for its use. There is no money in railroading on this basis, as any one who is posted on the business can tell you. The cars are often returned to us in a dirty condition, the floors and roofs covered with decaying rinds, and we have to clean them at our own

expense.

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"What do you think about the commission men in northern markets? That is, do you believe they make fair returns for their consignments of melons?"

believe they make fair returns for their consignments of melons?"
"Well, I suppose there are some crooked people in the melon business, as in all others, but as a rule I think they do the best they can. The growers loose a great deal by shipping to irresponsible parties—curbstone dealers—who go down in the melon country and talk smoothly about their business, show the growers bogus telegrams from whatever place they claim to be doing business in and solicit shipments. They get a good deal of trade, and the grower, of course, gets left. He ships his car to the agent who talked so glibly, and this man turns around and sells it to a confederate. His returns to the grower are never in the shape of money, and usually winds up with a nice explanation about the bad condition of the melons when they arrive and the dull market and anything else that he thinks will console the melon-grower for his dead loss. Then, the judgment of the shipper is an important item. I have known melons dead loss. Then, the judgment of the shipper is an important item. I have known melons to sell in Cincinnati for \$225 a car. The lucky grower receives a telegram advising him of this fact, and, of course, he immediately loads up all the melons that he has ready for shipment and away they go to Cincinnati. He may mention this to one or two other growers and they and away they go to Cincinnati. He may mention this to one or two other growers and they also select that place for all the melons they can-load. What is the result? Why, Cincinnati is glutted with melons and the bottom drops out of the market, and often they do not sell for enough to cover the freight. Then the commission mian comes in for his share of sheol, and very often he does not deserve it. As I said, there is an opportunity for goughing in this business, and it is possibly taken advantage of.

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"The melon business in Georgia is all right, however, and when growers use a little more discretion in their shipments and deal only with well-known and responsible men, they will find that there is money in the business, even if they have to pay present freight rates. It is first a question of supply and demand and the exercise of judgment in disposing of their cron."

"There is one thing more I want to call your attention to, and that is the lack of suitable cars to move this crop, and it seems to me that the Georgia roads should provide more cars for this traffic, which is distinctively their the compand always will be." own and always will be."

Melon shippers may find this interview a valuable one to paste in their hats for reference next season.

RAILROAD CONSOLIDATION. Eight Roads to be Merged Into One-The Savannah and Western.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 24.—[Special.]—To-morrow night Mr. Workman, General Alexander's secretary, will leave in the "Georgia" for a trip to Americus, Columbus, Eufaula and Opelika. At these places they will attend a meeting of stockthese places they will attend a meeting of stock-bolders of the eight roads which are to be united-into one system, to be known as the Savannah and Western Railway company. The roads going into the consolidation are the Columbus and Rome, the Eufaula and East Alabama, the Eufaula and Clay-ton, the Columbus and Western, the East Alabama Railway company, the Buena Vista and Eliaville, the Savannah and Columbus, and the Savannah and Western. Two possible are the consolidation and Western. Two months ago the consolidation was determined on by the directors of the several companies and the stockholders' meetings are merely to ratify the action of the directors. The capital stock of the Savannah and Western will be \$6,000,000, divided into 50,000 shares of \$1,000 each. General Alexander will not be at the meetings. He will be the president of the new conventy and Mr. General Alexander will not be at the meetings. He will be the president of the new company, and Mr. Workman will be secretary. The Central paid Mr. P. W. Meldrim and his associates \$10,000 for the name "Savannah and Western," with its valuable charter and franchises, which cover pretty much every power that is to be found in an act of incorporation. General Alexander is in New York conferring with the members of the Central Evndicate in reference to the company, withing on the contral part of the company within and the company within syndicate in reference to the company putting out a big issue of new trust bonds. Mr. Hollins, presiident of the Georgia company, wants the issue to be \$10,000,000. Mr. John Inman thinks \$5,000,000 at present. Messrs. Hollins and Inman crossed swords in the Richmond Terminal fight, and Mr. Inman came out on top. According to trustworthy rubors there are two factions in the syndicate. It will not be supplied to the syndicate. be surprising if the issue is for \$10,000,000 on October 1st. The Central has to meet \$600,000 first mortgage eight per cent bonds of the Western Railway of Alabama on January 1st, \$200,000 of the Mobile and Girard second mortgage eight per cent well matured, October 1st, 1899, \$1,171,000 Western R illroad of Alabama second mortgage eight per cent well matured. Alabama second mortgage eight per cents will be contained in 1891 the Central's debentures, \$4,500,000, mature, and on January 1, 1893, \$5,000,000 of the Central's tripartitate seven per cents will be due. This makes a total of \$11,831,000 to be met within the next five years. All of these maturing bonds

They're All Right!

PUBLIC

For the Money,

d District, New York.

oxes and place on your case where your customers can-g us your orders. Every dealer ordering 1,000 of above show your samples of Buffos and Cigarros, or mail your

sk Your Dealers for these goods. They

Shams Bros., 356 Marietta. O Bridwell, 114 Mitchell. Schlkan, E T depot. Fincher & Fincher, 251 Mitchell. LE Gwinn, 3.0 Peters. O D Ford, 55 Peachtree.

DRUGGISTS. J. Haltiwanger, Pryor and Decatur streets. mith & Bradfield, 102 Whitehall. O Tyner, Broad and Marietta. dathews, Gregory & Co., 21 Marietta street. harp Bros., 202 Marietta street. lenry & McCauly, 93. Peachtree. A Bratton, 91 Peachtree. 365 Peters. C.C., 78 Peachtree. nob, 197 Wheat street.
oldsmith & Co. 168 Whitehall street.
oldsmith & Cronhelm, 100 Whitehall.

CONFECTIONERS. A G Ballard, Union depot. N E Haney & Co, 1 Peachtree street. D U Sloan & Co, 48 Peachtree street. niel, Pryor street. nnally, 42 Whitehall.

of these brands of us can have their name ders to us at once.

gorously prosecute all infringements on neer package. Do not forget to call for & CO., Factory 200 3d District, New York.

Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

EBRATED NICOLINI 5 CENT CIGAR.

LROAD of GEORGIA

5 50pm

bus, via Griffin on 6:50a. m. train.
th tickets on sale at Union Depot ticket office, in Atlanta.
m Atlanta to New York and Boston is via Savannah, and
purchasing tickets via other routes, would do well to inquire
by which they will avoid dust and a tedious all rail ride.
neluding neals and stateroom on steamer, 8:4. Round trip
preturn until October 31st. New York steamer sails tri-

LAGER BEER

Moerlein Brewlng Co., NNATI, OHIO.

000 Barrels Yearly.

BEER.

verywhere in Atlanta. NATIONAL EXPORT" which is browed from the finest grade and prepared according to the most approved methods. It is a in a particle of any injurious ingredients, and being abjobly prescribed by the most prominent physicians for the "NATIONAL EXPORT" was brewed originally for the Austracea facilities, we are now prepared to furnish it to our custom-

the best beer in Cincinnati, and, consequently, the finest in the TIAN MOERLEIN BREWING CO. is guaranteed to be Atlanta Agent. S PROMPTLY FILLED.

BEST ROOF Metal Shingles

E. VAN NOORDEN & CO.,

Female Institute,

TON, VIRGINIA. ost attractive Schools for Young Ladies in the Union s Elegant; Steam heat; Gas light; Situation beautiful; Climate rms among the lowest in the Union. For the LIBERAL IRGINIA SCHOOL, write for a catalogue to WM. A. HARRIS, President, Staunton, Virginia. THE IMMENSE TRADE

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"Well, I suppose there are some crooked.

believe they make fair returns for their consignments of melons?"

"Well, I suppose there are some crooked people in the melon business, as in all others, but as a rule I think they do the best they can. The growers loose a great deal by shipping to irresponsible parties—curbstone dealers—who go down in the melon country and talk smoothly about their business, show the growers loogus telegrams from whatever place they claim to be doing business in and solicit shipments. They get a good deal of trade, and the grower, of course, gets left. He ships his car to the agent who talked so glibly, and this man turns around and sells it to a confederate. His returns to the grower are never in the shape of money, and usually winds up with a nice explanation about the bad condition of the melons when they arrive and the dull market and anything else that he thinks will console the melon-grower for his dead loss. Then, the judgment of the shipper is an important item. I have known melons thinks will console the melon-grower for his dead loss. Then, the judgment of the shipper is an important item. I have known melons to sell in Cineinnati for \$225 a car. The lucky grower receives a telegram advising him of this fact, and, of course, he immediately loads up all the melons that he has ready for shipmentand away they go to Cineinnati. He may mention this to one or two other growers and they also select that place for all the melons they can-load. What is the result? Why, Cincinnati is glutted with melons and the jottom drops out of the market, and often they do not sell for enough to cover the freight. Then the commission man comes in for his share of commission man comes in for his share of sheel, and very often he does not deserve it. As I said, there is an opportunity for gouging in this business, and it is possibly taken ad-

vantage of.
"The melon business in Georgia is all right, "The melon business in Georgia is all right, however, and when growers use a little more discretion in their shipments and deal only with well-known and responsible men, they will find that there is money in the business, even if they have to pay present freight rates. It is first a question of supply and demand and the exercise of judgment in disposing of their term."

"There is one thing more I want to call your attention to, and that is the lack of suitable cars to move this crop, and it seems to me that the Georgia roads should provide more cars for this traffic, which is distinctively their

own and always will be."

Melon shippers may find this interview a valuable one to paste in their hats for reference payt sesson.

RAILROAD CONSOLIDATION.

Eight Roads to be Merged Into One-The

Savannah and Western.

Savannah, Ga., July 24.—[Special.]—Tomorrow night Mr. Workman. General Alexander's sceretary, will leave in the "Georgia" for a trip to Americus, Columbus, Eufaula and Opelika. At these places they will attend a meeting of stock-holders of the eight roads which are to be united into one system, to be known as the Savannah and Western Railway company. The roads going into the consolidation are the Columbus and Rome, the Eufaula and East Alabama, the Eufaula and Clay-ton, the Columbus and Western, the East Alabama Ralway company, the Buena Vista and Ellaville, the Sayannah and Columbus, and the Sayannah and Western. Two months ago the consolidation was determined on 'by the directors of the several companies and the stockholders' meetings are merely to ratify the action of the directors. The merely to ratify the action of the directors. The capital stock of the Savannah and Western will be \$5,000,000, divided into 50,000 shares of \$1,000 each. General Alexander will not be at the meetings. He will be the president of the new company, and Mr. Workman will be secretary. The Central paid Mr. P. W. Meldrim and his associates \$10,000 for the name "Savannah and Western," with its valuable charter and franchises, which cover pretty much every power that is to be found in an \$0.000 for the name. General Alexander is in New Act of incorporation. act of incorporation. General Alexander is in New York conferring with the members of the Central syndicate in reference to the company putting out a big issue of new trust bonds. Mr. Hollins, presiident of the Georgia company, wants the issue to be \$10,000,000. Mr. John Inman thinks \$5,000,000 at present. Messrs. Hollins and Inman crossed swords in the Richmond Terminal fight, and Mr. Inman came out on top. According to trustworthy rumors there are two factions in the syndicate. It will not be surprising if the issue is for \$10,000,000 on October lst. The Central has to meet \$600,000 first mortgage est. The Central has to meet \$600,000 first mortgage eight per cent bonds of the Wes'ern Railway of Alabama on January 1st, \$260,000 of the Mobile and Girard second mortgage eight per cent well matured, October 1st, 1899, \$5,171,000 Western R. rilroad of Alabama second mortgage eight per cents will be due. In 1891 the Central's debentures, \$4,500,000, mature, and on January 1, 1893, \$5,000,000 of the Central's tripartitate seven per cents will be due. This makes a total of \$11,531,000 to be met within the next five years. All of these maturing bonds will be refunded at a lower rate of interest. The Central had no trouble in floating the issue of \$5,000,000 one year ago at five per cent.

will be refunded at a lower rate of interest. The Central had no trouble in floating the issue of \$5,000,000 one year ago at five per cent.

The East Tennessee Deal.

New York, July 24.—Although the East Tennessee directors' meeting was postponed from last Thursday until today, it turns out that no meeting was called and no notices issued for any meeting within the near future. President Thomas says that no meeting has been held, but refuses to make any further statement.

The Richmond Terminal directors met today for the purpose of considering further the sale of their East Tennessee, Virginia, and Georgia railroad stock to the Norfolk and Western company. The meeting lasted nearly two hours. It is said that there is considerable opposition to the sale in the Terminal board, several of the directors claiming that the fundamental principle of the Terminal company should be to continually increase its purchase and never relinquish anything once acquired. The recent pending negotiations may therefore, result in the Terminal's adoption of some plan to increase the interest in the East Tennessee road so as to give absolute and perpetual control of that property instead of selling the interest now held. At the ame time negotiations with the Norfolk and Western people are not entirely abandoned, but a committee was appointed by President Imman today to confer with President Kimbell of the Norfolk and Western, and after a careful consideration of the subject; to report back to the Terminal board at a meeting to be held next Thursday for the purpose of hearing that report. It is safe to say that the reminant company will act in accordance with the recommendation of the committee.

In the meantime wall street is resolved into an animated guessing school as to what will be done, and Terminal securities are feverish and sensitive. The committee appointed by President Imman consists of George S. Scott, president of the Richmond and Danville, General George Thomas, president of the East Tennessee, Virginia, and Georgia, and

ing New Orieans.

ing New Orieans.

The local demand is of course large, but the facilities for the handling and reshipping of perishable goods are superior. The growers recognize this and Atlanta receives the benefit of this traffic.

The beautiful fuit cars, which Atlanta can furnish in greater numbers than other points are in greater demand for north bound shipment, and the railroads can furnish them at this point with more regularity and in greater number than they can be placed at other points. This class of rolling stock is owned almost exclusively by foreign roads and transportation companies, and as they only receive mileage when in use on other roads they very naturally prefer to have them loaded for shipment over their own line.

Atlanta's railroad competition and connection gives her a commanding position on this class of shipments and the daily increasing shipments demonstrat; this fact to good a doubt.

To Arkansas and Texas.

To Arkansas and Texas.

Atlantic carried the greater number of passengers, and the through car on the 5:50 north bound train was well filled.

Among the Atlanta people who have taken advantage of the low rates on these excursions are the following: D. O. Dougherty and family, S. M. Morris and family, E. T. Scott, J. N. Coller, C. R. Harman, J. M. Johnson, O. G. Jones. These yearly excursions to western points are becoming quite a feature, and to those who have friends in the west they afford an opportunity for visits at small expense.

Brief Mention. ized vesterday ailroad matters were exceedingly dull yesterday.

Mills's address will be "The People and the Tariff."

and time.

The young divine has already silenced that gun. He preached in the First Methodist church last Sunday. He charmed his hearers and maintained his reputation for originality and force of statement. But before he left the city he did more. He announced his purpose of raising an endowment of \$250,000 for Emory college. He assessed Atlanta for \$25,000 of this amount, which was to found an Atlanta professorship.

near Mableton last evening. No one was injured, but the sehedules were badly disarranged. The train leaving Atlanta at 50 clock did not reach Salt Springs until 12 o'clock, and there was no train to Atlanta until nearly 1 o'clock.

veloped legs, and the chicken could walk as woone with two legs, and was perfectly healthy.

Yes, Hood's Sarsaparilla is really "peculiar."
Prepared by a combination, proportion and process unknown to other medicines, Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes cures hitherto un-

The city of Carlsbad, represented by the Eisner & Mendelson Co., of New York, through their counsel, Mr. Jerome Carty, has commenced an action in the circuit court of the United States for the southern district of New York, suing for \$25,000 damages against Carl H. Schultz, University Place, New York city, for selling artificial and spurious mineral

NO SECURITY REQUIRED

The greatest good to the greatest number is what the "Grand Republie" Cigarros and Buffos are doing for the people. Sold by all reliable dealers. \$500 for a Marietta Street Store,

Peachtree Homes and Vacant Lots,

JEWELER, Reliable Goods, Fair Dealing.

ed prices at Nunnally's, 36 Whtehall street.

The amount of fruit and vegetables shipped to Atlanta, in the season, is greater than that received by any other southern city, not even except-

Yesterday was a lively one with the agents of the roads interested in the excursions to Arkan? sas and Texas, and they were kept busy looking after the comfort of the travelers. The Western and Atlantic carried the greater number of passengers,

The Atlanta and Florida. The Atlanta and Florida continues to grow, and the track will be laid into Fort Valley by toorrow evening. The citizens of Fort Valley have been waiting a long time for railroad connection with Atlanta, and now that the Atlanta and Florida gives it to them will celebrate the completion of the road in proper style.

The brotherhood excursion to Tybee was Outside of the Arkansas and Texas business,

Billy Reynolds, of the Queen and Crescent road, has returned from New Orleans.

Joseph M. Brown, general freight and passenger agent of the Western and Atlantic, has gone to New York to attend the meeting of the Southern Railway and Steamship association,

THE EMORY ENDOWMENT. President Warren A. Candler Proving

Equal to the Occasion.

When Rev. Warren A. Candler was elected to the presidency of Emory college, there was but one complaint which marred the greeting of the event. Emory college needed money, Candler was a young man, and would not prove equal to the heavy demands upon talent and time.

lanta professorship.

In almost less time than it took for him to tell it \$10,000 of the amount was raised. Messrs. W. A. Hemphill and W. P. Pattillo gave \$1,000 each; Mr E. P. Chamberlin \$500; Mr. George Musc \$500; Mr. Ben Crew \$250,

and so on.

So it may be set down that the endowment will be raised, and that Candler will prove able to take care of himself.

Off the Track.

A Georgia Pacific freight train was derailed

Walking on Four Legs. A gentleman who has just returned from Crawford county tells of a freak of nature which he saw there. It was a chicken with four perfectly de-veloped legs, and the chicken could walk as well as

water as Carlsbad Sprudel Water.

When You Draw a Watch Out of Our Club. We give you the watch and let you carry it with-out requiring you to bring us a house and lot or bankable notes. Members of clubs are in nowis responsible for any loss that may occur. We guarantee to save you \$10 on each watch you buy in our clubs. Three watches given out Tuesday; fourth club now forming and will draw next Tuesday Gold watch \$1 a week. The J. P. Stevens Watch Club Co. Caulfield and Underwood, managers.

On lot 25x36 feet, renting for \$5 per month; located on car line, just opposite Corput street. Samuel W. Goode & Co.

in great variety, for sale, Samuel W. Goode & Co

55 WHITEHALL ST.

Bottom Prices. Velocipedes and Tricycles for Boys and Girls, new lot, at reduc-

MATRIMONIAL MISFITS.

United Couples Who Find Most Peace in Separation.

Quite a novel suit for divorce is to come up before the superior court at its next session, notice of it having been filed in the clerk's office yesterday by the petitioner's attorney, Mr. R. J. Jordan.

A husband is suing his wife for a divorce,

A husband is suing his wife for a diverce, because, as he alleges, she has quite an unruly temper, which has caused her to act in a cruel manner toward him. R. A. Farris was married to his wife, Lula C. Farris, on November 30, 1886, and claims to have lived with her until the 19th of July, 1888, when he was deserted by her.

The petitioner avers that she has an extremely high temper which renders her unbearable, and that the working of her tongue will compare favorably with a piston rod in a railroad engine running at the rate of sixty milas ner hour. miles per hour.

He states that she threatened to kill him, and that he nor any other man could live in peace with her, though he be blessed with the meekness of Moses.

Two Other Divorce Cases. Divorce cases seemed the order of the day in the clork's office yesterday. No less than three

were filed.

The petition of Lula Kint vs. W. R. Kint shows that they have been married for about a year and she alleges that Kint was abusive to her, slapping her in the face frequently and threatening to kill her, She claims that he was habitually intoxicated, and that he hardly ever worked, thus rendering it necce a y for her to make a living for both.

Frances E. Hilderbrand sues her husband, William B. Hilderbrand, for a divorce on the ground that, after being married about six months, he deserted her, and she has never seen him to speak to him since.

THE VILLAIN STILL AT LARGE. Captain H. O. Wood, Late of Griffin, Heard from Again.

from Again.

Captain H. O. Wood, the plausible scoundrel who played such a fine role in Griffin, has been heard from again.

A few nights ago he stood up beside a beautiful young lady in Chicago to answer the marriage vows. Some of the lady's friends violently opposed the match, though they knew nothing against the groom. Before the preacher had begun the ceremony a telegram was banded the bride's father. He called the couple aside, and told them he would have to insist on a few days delay in order to investigate rumors which had reached him. The groom assented; daylight found him far away in flight, and the victim was saved from a mock marriage.

in hight, and the victim was saved from a mock marriage.

Three years ago Wood appeared in Griffin as a developer. He had money to invest, and was warmly welcomed. He was brash in business enterprises, married the daughter of a rich citizen, took an European bridal trip, and finally accepted the captaincy of the local military company. His speech on the latter occasion abounded in words of brotherly love. His ventures reached a crisis, however, and one night he sloped, leaving a heartbroken wife, disgusted creditors, and chagrined boon companions. It subsequently developed that he was an accomplished swindler, who had played the same role on many previous occasions.

them may be looked for. Judge Strong has wonderful will power. He can abstain from tobacco for years, and then resume it. He can drink with an anti and go dry with a prohib with the greatest of ease.

"There is only one ambition left with me," "There is only one ambition left with me," remarked Lawyer Jim Gray on the curb yesterday, "and that is to be the presidential elector from the fifth district. I haven't heard of any other candidate, and as the time is drawing nigh, I begin to feel that I may succeed."

Major George Hillyer thinks the great problem ahead of Atlanta now is the question of sewerage. "A system," says he, "which will take \$30,00,000 to complete, and to which less then \$50,000 con hear respected each contract." than \$50,000 can be appropriated each year, is something to think about. The sewer question should be referred to a commission with long term of office. A plan could thus be adopted which, under the the same continuous hand, would grow into perfection."

The only two men talked about of yet for mayoralty are Dr. Hutchison and Mr. Walter R. Brown.

A True Story of the Calumet and Hecla. John Harrington was so lucky in the May drawing of The Louisiana State Lottery. Like the substantial, matter-of-fact man that he is, the substantial, matter-of-fact man that he is, he continues as engineer at the Atlantic Mining Co.'s stamp mill. His ticket which was one-tenth of No. 21,492, the one that drew the second capital prize of \$50,000, was the second that he had bought in The Louisiana State Lottery. His prize was collected for him by the National Bank of Houghton. It was promptly invested by him in stock of the Calumet & Hecla Mining company.—Houghton (Mich.) Gazette, June 14.

Smoke the "Grand Republic" Cigarros and Buffos if you want to see what brains and money can do. Sold by all reliable dealers.

Go to the Gainesville Picnic Sale. August 1st. of 62 Gower Springs lots, by Samuel W Goode & Co.



Anna, III., April 9, 1888.

Dear Sir:—Holders and sets of Felt Brushes In hand. They are all in use and the people like them very well. I am very well pleased with the one I got for myself sometime ago, and shall recommend them as occasion suggests. Respectfully.

H. WARDNER, M. D., Supt. Adopted in Hospitals for its cleanliness and free dom from infectious results: as a fresh polisher ear be used every time at slight expense. Its Economy. Holder (imperishable) 35 cents.
Polisher only need be renewed. 18 (boxed) 25 cts
Dealers or mailed.
HORSEY M'F'G CO., Utica, N. Y.
At wholesale by A. J. HALTIWANGER.
may 17 3m eod fol r m no 3

Make a Bid on the Phelan Place. No. 31 West Baker street, which we are instructed sell this week, whether it brings the \$7,500 which it cost or not: It is a bargain for some one wishing a complete home in a first-class neighborhood; new, 10-room dwelling, water, gas, paved walks, stable, lot 58x170 feet, with side alley. Samuel W. Goode & Co.

& Co.

What is more comforting than a good cigar, when it costs only 5 cents? "Grand Republic" Cigarros, Sold by all reliable dealers.

Alpaca, Sicilian, Mohair and Flannel

COATS AND VESTS! Buy One and Keep Cool!

GEORGE MUSE,

N. B .-- SUITS MADE TO ORDER.

38 WHITEHALL ST.

THERE ARE THOUSANDS OUT UNQUALIFIED CHALLENGE OF PEOPLE ALL OVER THE COUNTRY



ANXIOUS TO FIND 'The Best Preparation for the

TEETH AND GUMS. I DE-LEC-TA-LAVE

Have not only succeeded in finding the best prepa-tion now offered to the trade, but have been so well pleased with it that they will have nothing else. However, there are a great many people who have ever used DELECTALAVE. To such we would say that you cannot obtain a preparation that will prove so efficient in arresting decay, whitening the teeth, perfuming the breath

and healing the gums.

No article has ever received such unqualified indorsements from dentists, physicians and consumers. Tryit and you will be pleased. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS, 50 CENTS A BOTTLE ASA G. CANDLER & CO. Wholesale Druggists, Gen'l Agents, ATLANTA, GA

A little higher in price, but of unrivalled quality.



BORNIE & COMPANY BEIDS TO THE R A SECOND

Bids for Market Houses.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDER-DIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERsigned, the committee on markets of the city of
Atlanta, for the erection of one or two market
houses in said city, under section 207 of the city
code, which provides: "That the mayor and general
council be, and are hereby authorized to rent or
lease from any party who may build a suitable
market house or houses in the city of Atlanta for a
term of not exceeding fifteen years, at a rate of
rental not to exceed eight per cent of the investment, and are hereby authorized to make such ordinances as are necessary and proper to protect the
city in said lease, provided that said city is authorized to purchase said market at any time within
said fifteen years at the original cost of said market
property."

Bids will be received until 10 a. m., July 30, 1888, The city council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

S. A. MORR'S, Chairman, P. J. MORAN,
E. T. ALLEN,
Committee on Markets.





BLUE RIDGE AND ATLANTIC R. R.
TIME TABLE NO. 5.
To take effect Sunday, July 1, 1888. Eastern Time: Daily Daily STATIONS Leave Tallulah Falls
Turnerville....
Anandale....
Clarkesville.... Arrive Cornelia. STATIONS. " Clarkesville ...
" Anandale...
" Turnerville ...
Arrive Tallulah Falis W. B. THOMAS,

IS UNACCEPTED! REMINGTON STANDARD



TYPEWRITER

For Speed and Durability—UNRIVALVED.

For ease of Manipulation and Quality of Work
UNEQUALED.

THE RIGHT-HAND OF STENOGRAPHERS.

THE BUSINESS MAN'S FRIEND.

Finant stock of The Business Man's Friend. THE BUSINESS MAN'S FRIEND.
Finest stock of typewriters and typewriter supplies in the South at No. 2½ Marietta street.

Exclusive Dealer for Georgia, South Carolina, Alabama and Florida.

REAL ESTATE.

SAM'L W. GOODE, R. H. WILSON, ALBERT L. BECK.

Real Estate Offers

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO. AGENTS.

Gainesville Sale and Picnic. At Gower Springs August 1st, 62 Beautiful Lots, at Auction. Special Excursion Rates on day of sale. Free Lunch. Plats ready at

our office. Call for one and get ready to go with us. SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

No. St W. Baker, the Syd Phelan place, is going to be sold to somebody this week at at a great bargain. It has 10 rooms, all modern conveniences, is new, has a good stable, a large lot, 58x170 feet, with a side alley: rents for \$40 per month, and is located in one of the best neighborhoods in Atlanta; just a block hom the Peachtree car line, at the Hill monument. It cost the owner about \$7,500, but it will be sold this week for very much less money. So submit your offers at once, as we mean business.

SAM'L W. GOODE & Co.

Courtland street home, 8 rooms, hall, front and back verandas; nice flower yard, water and gas, good drainage; cool house, excellent neighborhood; one block from Colonel Grant's lovely home; has side alley, and will be sold for only \$5,000.

Courtland, corner E. Baker st.—New, modern, two-story, 7 room residence; water, gas, servant's room to 66,012 feet. 2 blocks from Peachtree

Courtland, corner E. Baker st.—New, modern, twostory, 7 room residence: water, gas, servant's
room, lot 60x120 feet, 2 blocks from Peachtree
car line, only 83,750, on casy payments,
\$5,000 for a West Peachtree 6 room residence, two
blocks from Hill monument, on a corner lot,
60x160 feet, in a first-class neighborhood.
\$4,000 for a complete, new, 2 story, southside home
8 rooms, fine lot.
16 Acres, 225 miles from Kimball house, in beautiful
oak grove and clover and orchard grass, bold
spring branch, 2 fine springs, only \$150 per acre.
20 Acres, 12 in original grove, balance in fine state
of cultivation, one mile from city limits, well
watered, and this week only \$150 per acre.
\$6,500 for a complete southside home, 7 rooms, with
2 room servant's house, lot \$5x290 feet, with ell
\$20x60 feet, rear alley, very high location, shade
and flowers, water, gas, paved walks, fina views,
easy payments.

easy payments.

Vacant lots and homes in all parts of the city.

SAM'L W. GOODE, & CO. \$500 for a Marietta street store this side Bridge works, lot 25x35 feet, renting well; a bargain for five days. \$650 for neat 3 room cottage, renting to good white tenants at \$6.50 per month; corner lot; good in-

vestment. \$2,000 for month; corner for; good in-\$2,000 for new 4 room and old 4 room cottage corner East Fair and Connolly streets; renting to good tenants, and in same block with Fair st. school. \$650 for vacant lot, 50x150, located 150 feet south E.

tenants, and in same block with Fair st. school.

\$650 for vacant lot, 50x150, located 150 feet south E.
Fair street car line, on west side of Grant street.

\$6,000 for 53 acres and a new 5 room cottage, with
beautiful front on Georgia railroad, this side
Decatur, only 5 m les from Atlanta's center.

\$10,000 for the Colonel Mynatt home place, where
the dwelling was burned, on the Georgia railroad, at Kirkwood. It is now in admirable
shape as a first class darry farm, with pastures,
running water, milk house, springs, barns,
stable, etc. Terms easy.

\$1,300 for 5 acres, with 6 room cottage* barn, prety
flowers, vineyard, 150 apple trees bearing, adjoining Hon. Milton Caudler, at Decatur, Ga.,
being one mile south of the Decatur depot.

\$700, on easy terms, for an East Fine street lot,
50x125 feet, near C. W. Hunnicutt's residence.

\$1,500 for a corner North avenue lot, near West
Peachtree, 50x140 feet, in full view of Peters
park and Technological school.

\$4,000 for a new, complete, modern 2 story, 9 room
residence, with water, gas, shade, east front on
Smith street, near Whitehall car line.

\$2,500 for new, 7 room cottage, neatly finished; gas,
waterworks in yard, lot 50x100 feet, one block
from Whitehall, this side Smith st.

\$2,000 Marietta street property to exchange for suburban farm.

\$8,000 for choice Peachtree lot 100x400 ft.
Larkin street improved and vecant property to exchange for suburban property.

Edgewood property in good variety for sale.

West End property choice and cheap.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.



DR. E. C. WEST'S NRVEE ANDBRAIN TREATMENT DR. E. C. WEST'S NRVEE AND BRAIN TREATHENT is guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Coniclusions, F. its. Nervous Neuralgia, Hendache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Sottening of the Brain, resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex. Involuntary Losses and Spermaterrheae caused by overexertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. \$1.00 a box, or six boxes for \$5.00, sent by mail, prepaid on receipt of price.

box, or six boxes for \$5.00, sent by mail, prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES
To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with \$5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure.

Guarantees issued only by

JACOBS'S PHARMACY, Sole Agents,

Marietta and Peschtree Stz., Atlanta, Ga.

mar25 ddsw ly

James A. Anderson & Co.



Working Men, Business Men, Professional Men. A DROP IN PRICES

500 Mens' Business and Dress That were \$18, \$20, \$22, \$25, Drop to \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18. Great Bargains BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS

300 Suits that were \$4, \$6, \$9, \$10, \$12, Now Dropped to \$8, \$4, \$6, \$8. Underwear Down! Neckwear Down!

Alpaca, Sicillian and Drap de Ette Sacks and Frocks, Dusters, Extra Pants for Men and Boys ALL DOWN.

COME AND SEE US. JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO., 41 Whitehall St.

Boots & Shoes

35 Whitehall St.

A FTER TAKING INVENTORY, AND FINDING --- Have Determined---=TO CARRY= A Larger and Better Stock,

-AND MAKE PRICES-That will Compete with the Lowest.

R. C. BLACK. Telephone 553. may24—7p un and Continued duplicate or

the Agency for our Territo ry, for the popular Tobacos, Red MEG D BY HEY NO S E MARK WINSTON

ders warrant us in securing

Trade Mark, NINE INCH FOURS, and Pink Band, MAID OF ATHENS, NINE INCH FIVES, Manufactured for the Best Nine Inch

Fours and Fives, by R. J. REYNOLDS & CO WINSTON, N. C. The rapid increase of sales reports from customers, and our own judgment, convince us that the Man-ufacturers have attained the desired end, and we with confidence recommend them to the chewers and solicit orders from

THE GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY, The only line to the

HARRALSON BROS. & CO.

ATLANTA: GA

dealers.

GREAT PIEDMONT CHAUTAUDAU -AT-SALT SPRINGS, GA.

Taking effect Sunday, July Sth.

Leave.

Atlanta, No. 80, 8 0.1a m Salt Springs,

" 82, 8 55 a m " " "

" 84, 9 25 a m " " "

" 56, 11 48 a m " " "

" 50, 1 25 p m " " "

" 54, 5 0.0 p m " " "

" 52, 11 00 p m " " 9 17 a m 10 26 a m 10 42 a m 12 56 p m 2 28 p m 5 56 p m 6 54 p m 11 59 p m EAST BOUND. Leave.

Salt Sp'gs, No. 53, 5 42 am Atlanta,
" " 55, 7 38 am ".
" " 81, 9 45 am "
" " 83, 3 09 pm "
" " 87, 9 00 pm "
" " 87, 9 00 pm "
" " 87, 9 00 pm "
" " 88, 9 30 pm " 6 40 a m 8 32 a m 11 01 a m 4 11 p m

Trains 82, 88, 87 and 89 run on Sundays others run daily.

Trains 50, 52, 54 and 84 also trains 53, 55, 83 and 51 will stop at Salt Springs station and at Chautauque. platform.
All passengers and baggage for Salt Springs station proper should be sent by these trains.
Tickets on sale at No. 13 and 17 Kimball house and Union depot.
I. Y. SAGE,
General Manager,
General Manager,
Birmingham, Ala.

d Union depot.
I.Y. SAGE.
General Manager.
A. S. THWEATT,
Gen. Tray. Pass. Agt.
GEO., S. BARNUM,
Gen. Pass. Agt.
Birmangham, Agt.
B. F. WYLY, Jr.,
Gen. Agt.
Atlanta, Gej

Absolutely Pure.

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WATCHES.

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REDUCED PRICES FOR INSTRUCTION DURing the summer months. Cil, water-color, on and china painting taught. Cool studios. espondence invited. Firing and Gilding China for Amateurs a

Best assortment of art material at New York Practical information to young ladies desirous of teaching Decorative Art. 1stc8p

44 Marietta St.

If you happen to want a plain gold riug, 18 karats fine a ring you can feel confident is just as represented, come in and see us. We now have them in all sizes and weights and can suit anybody. We do a square business and we want your trade.

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DIR. R. G. JACKSON,
Office 42% Whitehall Street, Atlanta.

THE PRISON QUESTION.

Major Campbell Wallace Gives his Views

on the Subject.

on the Subject.

The recent meeting of the prison congress in Boston has revived interest in the prison question, and the newspapers are discussing the convict lease as opposed to imprisonment within walls. Major Campbell Wallace, whose ripe years and great experience give his views on any subject value, says that the hest solution of the convict question extant is illustrated in the camps of English and Parrott, lessees med milroad builders.

"There you will find," said he, "discipline rigidly enforced, but with tenderness, with rules for cleanliness and good morals, exacting and never relaxed. The product of the labor of their convicts is not only without injurious effect on private enterprise but conducive to the commercial prosperity of the state. The result is the spreading of a network of railroads over the state marvelous in rapidity and wonderous in utility in promoting the interests of the whole people.

"There is true wisdom in the laws of Georgia for the punishment of criminals when humanely executed. Crime is checked and unoffending citizens protected, so far as the terms of the law can protect them.

"The labor of the soult convict—should be made not only to reimburse the expense of executing the law but provide houses of correction in each county for punishing and reforming, if possible, the dissolute boys and girls of the state.

Chautauqua is the place to visit on Thurs.

Chautauqua is the place to visit on Thursday. One cent a mile in all directions. Addresses by Hon. Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, Hon. James Bynum of Indiana, and others. ncerts, recitations and illuminations. Dialect reading by Betsy Hamilton. Extra trains will run on every schedule.

THE WORLD OF SPORT. The Gun Medal Contest in At-

lanta Yesterday.

The Forest City Gun Club Arranging for a Saratoga and Other Races.

Mr. Alston has won the Gun club medal for day's contest was one of the most interesting of the scacon, and aithough no large scores were made, the match was close and exciting through-out. The shooting was at twenty-five blue rocks from five trays, eighteen yards rise. The score was:
Alston, 19; Morrison, 19; Holland, 18; Bob Clarke,
B; Read, 17; Hemphill, Sr., 15; Hemphill, Jr., 15;
McCleskey, 15; Block, 14; Loury, 14.
In shooting off the tie with Mr. Morrison, Mr.

Alston won.

Mr. Alston has won the medal at the last three contests; Will Hemphill winning at the three first

A BIG SHOOTING MATCH.

Forest City Gun Club Arranging for a Grand Time on Hutchinson Island.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 24.-[Special.]-The biggest interstate shoot that has been held in the south for many years, will take place on the Forest south for many years, will take place on the Forest-city club grounds on Hutchinson's island nex month. A shoot is to be held at Columbia, S. C., on the 13th, 14 and 15th of August, and Augusta is pre-paring to have one prior to that date, so that in all probability the Savannah club will not have its meeting until the latter part of August, perhaps on the 20th and 21st. It will be arranged for two days, and then, if the contestants desire, will be contin-ued for a third day. Entries are expected to be made from all over the south, and arrangements will be made accordingly. The managers are atall be made accordingly. The managers are ad-rtising for 19,000 pigeous to be interspersed with e ciay birds. Mr. George S. McAlpen stated this orning that they would gladly use English spar-ws, and would take a thousand, or more, if any-dy could be induced to trap-them.

THE MACON BASEBALL TEAM

Will Play the Savannah Club Tomorrow and Go to Tybee. Macon, Ga., July 21.—[Special.]—The Ma-on baseball team left for Savannah tonight, under the management of Harry Griggs. The following is

the manegement of Harry Griggs. The following is clipped from the Savannah News:

"The Macon baseball club, under the management of Harry Griggs, will be here touight with the following team: Jones, p.: Schlumbrecht, c.: Bradford, ib.; Tansersiev, 2b.; Kilbourne, 3b.: Sheridan, s.s.; Porter, l.f.; Taylor, c.f.; Harvey, r.f.; Massenbury, substitute. The Macons will play the Central rall-noads temorrow and Thusslay."

When it is known that Harry Jones is to pitch for the Macons, there will be but little fear that our club will be the victors. They will play in Savannah on Wednesday and Thursday, and on Thursday evening go to Tybee Island, where a hop is to be given by the young lady friends of the Savannahs. The boys all expect to have a good time, whether they win or not.

Saratoga Races. SARATOGA, N. Y., July 24.—First race, in-roductory scramble, for three-year-olds and up-eards, five furlangs, eighteen starters with Egmont the favorite, Yum Yum won, Egmont second, Estella third. Time 1:041/4.

Estella third. Time 1:04%.

Second race, purse 5506, one and one eighth miles, ten starters with Cruiser and Molly McCarty Last as favorites. Carmon wen, Cruiser second, Boheman third. Time 1:57%.

Third race, travers stakes for three-year-olds, with \$1,000 added, one mile and three quarters, Sir Dixon, the favorite, won, Los Angeles second. Falcon third. Time 2:07%.

Setting purse, three-quarters of a mile, Joubert first, Ballston second, Tambourette third. Ballston was favorite.

Fith race, helter skelter steeplechase, fractional course No. 2, about one and one half miles, Tennessee won, Alabama second, Braceban third. Time not taken.

At Manmouth Park. First race, Passaic stakes, all ages, three-quarters of a mile, Little Minch winning by a short head from Aurelia, Geraldine third. Time 1:15. head from Aurelia, Geraldine third. Time 1:15.
Second race, Colleen stakes, for filles, two years old, three-fourths of a mile, Frelicia won in 1:16% Auricome second, Stophanie third.

Third race, Stevens stakes for three-year-olds, one and five-eighths mile, two starters—Prime Royal and Darlington. Prime Royal won in 2:57.
Feurth race, one and one-eighth miles. Rapine won by three lengths in 1.50% the Bourbon second, Boaz third. In this race Grover Clevelland was a good leader in the back stretch, after passing half mile post, and get half way around the upper turn when he stopped as though he had been shot. It was lesened after the race that he had broken the pastern of his near fore leg.

Fifth race, one mile, Luminary won in 1:43%; Long Knight second, St. Valentine third.

Sixth race, handleap steeple chasy, short course. Westmoreland won, Bussanie second, Willie Palmer third. Time 3:14%.

Yesterday's Ball Games Yesterday's Ball Games.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 5, Washington 14.
Basehits—Philadelphia 4, Washington 17, Errors—Philadelphia 6, Washington 6, Batteries—Oday and Mack, Buffantou, Hellman and Clements.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis 4, Chicago 1, Basehits—Indianapolis 8, Chicago 6, Errors—Indianapolis 2, Chicago 2, Batteries—Shreve and Buckly, Krock and Flint.

At New York—New York 6, Boston 8. Baschits—Sew York 10, Boston 12, Errors—New York 7, Boston

Keity.

At Brooklyn—13 innings—Athleties 5, Brooklyn 4.
Basehts—Athleties 12, Brooklyn 12. Errors—Athleties 2, Brooklyn 3. Batteries—Weyhing and Townsend, Carruthers and Bushong.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 6, Kansas City 4. Base hites—Cincinnati 7, Kansas City 6. Errors—Cincinnati 2, Kansas City 9. Batterles—Vian and Keonau, Ehrit and Briody. At Detroit-first game—Detroit 7, Pittsburg Basehits—Detroit 12, Pittsburg 7. Errors—Detroit Pittsburg 3. Batteries—Conway and McGuir Morris and Carroll.

At Detrot—second game—Detroit 13, Pittsburg 5. Basehits—Detroit 12, Pittsburg 10. Errors—Detroit 3, Pittsburg 2. Batteries—Baldwin and Bennett, Slaley and Milles

THREE WISE NEGROES

Who Know All About the Presidential Elec "De republican party did jest 'zactiv right when dey nominated Harrison an' Morton," said a small derky to two of his African breth-

ren.
"You dunne what you'se talkin' 'bont,'' said a great big tall one. "I'd rather seen John Sherman president dan eny udder man in de United States, an' mark my words, de republicans will be sad an' sooerful 'bout beatin' him

'Yore de election is over.'

"Why, bless my soul, bofe of yer are de biggest fools in de world," said the wisest looking of the tric: "jest as shure as dat yonder sun am shinin 'pon us, Blaine will be de next president. You knows, if you hab read history, ort hab Lingle proposed independent 'svinet de Abe Lincoln runned independent 'gainst reg'lar nomination, and beat him all ter piece New dat's de way Jim Blaine will git thar Truly, the republican campaign has open up red-hot.

MILLS AND BYNUM

Will Reach Atlanta To-night, on Their Wa te Chautauqua.

Mr. Carlisle will not come.

Mr. Mills, of Texas, and Mr. Bynum, of Indiana, however, will be here, as may be seen from the following telegram, received by Mr. Jack J. Spalding:

Washington, July 24.—Jack J. Spalding: Mills and Bynum are coming, and are anxious to meet the democrats of Georgia.

Appoint Application.

the democratis of Georgia.

ARNOLD AND TURNBULL.

The Young Men's democratic league is called to meet tenight at 8:30, in the office of Calhoun, King and Spalding. In order to meet the distinguished gentlemen at the depot, and to escort them to the Kimball house, where rooms have been engaged for them. An informal reception will be given. The balance of the programme will be aunounced by the Chautauqua authorities. Mr. Mills proposes to discuss the tariff question as a political measure, reserving full rein of expression.

Go up to Chautauqua this evening, so that on can be ahead of the crowd tomorrow, for the great speaking and grand jubilee day

The Hon. Roger O. Mills, "The Democratic Lion of the Tribe of Judah," and Hon. Mr. Bynum, of Indiana, will deliver addresses at Piedmont Chautauqua on Thursday, the 26th. The speaking will begin at 4 o'clock. The subject of Mr. Mills's address will be "The People and the Tariff."

If you will smoke, buy something good. "Grand Republic" Cigarros and "Enflow" craft you no more than ordinary brands. Sold by all reliable dealers

THE VETERANS TO MEET. The Thirty-fifth in Conyers and the Farty-third in Atlanta.

third in Atlanta.

The veterans of the 35th Georgia regiment meet in friendly reunion today at Conyers. Quite a number of old sold ers belonging to this splendid regiment, leave on the 8 o'clock train, and with them they take their families and friends. Colonel E. M. Roberts is secretary of the association, and has made capital arrangements for the accommodation of every one. Handsome streamers have been gotten cut for the use of the members of the Thirty-fifth Georgia. Governor Gordon was expected to address them, but, on account of the extreme illness of his daughter, will be unable to do so. Some speaker will be substituted, but it could not be learned who would be selected. The barbeque and basket picule will be an especial feature of the occasion. Those who go down from Atlanta will return at 6 p. m.

return at 6 p. m.

A highly enjoyable affair it will be, no doubt.

The reunium of the 43d Georgia will be held at Ponce de Leon spring today. Mr. Warren H. Campbell of Gainesville, secretary of the association, says that Hiram P. Bell of Cumming, president, and Colonel Henry C. Kellogg of Canton, vice-president of the association, have informed him that it would be impossible for them to attend. He has failed to hear from Captains Howard of Jefferson, and Story of Greensbore. Mr. Campbell is not informed as to who will be here. Colonel Skid Harris, the first colonel of the regiment, and as gallant a soldier as ever drew a sword, has as gallant a soldier as ever drew a sword, has long since gone to his eternal rest. The remant of that daring band that clustered around him will on today gather to recount their trials and tribulations.

THE DEAD ALIVE. The Strange Apparition of a Dead

Preacher. The speaker was a man of probably six feet in height, with iron gray beard and piercing

"THE CONTTITUTION," said he, "printed dispatch a few days ago, saying I was mobbed in Texas. It is not true, and I am alive." Rev. E. G. Murrah was born in South Caro lina, and for years has been a member of the North Georgia conference. He served the churches in Eiberton, Athens, Warkinsville Flowery Branch, and other places. In 1886, his wife having died and his health failing, he was placed on the supernumerary list. He went to visit a brother in Austin, Texas, and has just returned.

went to visit a brother in Austin, Texas, and has just returned.

"They got out a queer story," said Mr. Murrah, "that I had been lynched by a mob in Texas. I want my friends to know that I am still alive, and am living in Winterville. I will apply to the next conference, which meets in Milledgeville, for an appointment."

Macon's New Paper. Mr. George L. Mason, of Macon, is in the city. Mr. Mason proposes to bring out his paper, the Macon Budget, as a daily, on and after next Sunday. The Budget will pay strict attention to local news.

Receiver Appointed.

Judge R. H. Clark on yesterday appointed Mr. Harvey Johnson as the receiver in the case of C. B. Tyler. Mr. Tyler's stock is to be sold at private sale until the middle of August, when the remaining portion will be closed out.

Go up to Chautauqua this evening, so that you can be ahead of the crowd tomorrow, for the great speaking and grand jubilee day. Chautauqua is the place to visit

on Thursday. One cent a mile in all directions. Addresses by Hon. Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, Hon. James Bynum, of Indiana, and others. Lectures, concerts, recitations and illuminations. Dialect reading by Betsy Hamilton. Extra trains will run on every schedule.

Join the procession and come to the front. "Grand Republic" 'Cigarros is what the knowing ones want. Sold by all reliable deaiers.



Fevers and Malarial diseases. To save a do and ward off disease take Simmons Liver Re a medicine that increases in popularity each year, and has become the most popular and best indersed medicine in the market for the cure of Liver or Bowel diseases."—Telegraph, Dubuque, Iowa. Indorsed by the use of 7 millions of

The BEST Family Medicine For children; for adults, and for the aged. Safe to take in any condition of the See that you get the Genuine,

J. H. ZEILIN & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

THE WEATHER REPORT

Indications for Georgia. Fair, preceded by local rains on the Atlantia coast; continued high temperature; variable winds

Daily Weather Report. Observer's Office Signal Service U. S. A. U. S. Custom Hoese, July 24-8 p. m. All observations taken at the same moment

Observations taken at & p. m. Seventy-fifth Me B HU WIND. I H

1 24 75 75	100	5	96		LAD.	20	Ve	
STATIONS.	arometer	hermometer	ew Point	Direction	Velocity	infall	Veather	
Mobile	30.04	82	72	sw	Light	00	Clear.	
Montgomery	30.0	84	66	E	Light	.00	Clear.	
New Orleans	30.04	88	72	SE	8		Clear.	
Palestine					Light		Clear.	
Pensacola					G		Fair.	
Corpus Christi	36.00	84	72	SE	20	.00	Fair.	
Brownsville	36.00	SG	76	SE	12	:00	Clear.	
Rio Grande	30.02	30	7.2	E	8	.00	linir.	
Loc	AL (OB	SE	RV	ATION	2	E Frida	
Time of Oner- vation. (Central Time.)		-	and and				1	
7 a. m	00.14 00.10				6 12	.00	Clear.	

ATLANTA DISTRICT.	Max. Temp	Min. Temp	Rainfall
Atlanta, Ga	91		.00
Cartersville, Ga	98		.00
Columbus, Ga	95		.04
Gainesville, Ga	93 87		.00
Greenville, S. C.	95		.00
Griffin, Ga	94		.0
MOCON, Ga	- 97		.25
Nownan, Ga	93		.00
Spartauburg, S. C.	100	67	.00
Toccoa, Ga	91		.UX
West Point, Ga	91	06	.00

-Barometer reduced to sea level

The T indicates the precipitation inappreciable.

*Trace.



Its superior excellence is proven in millous? homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government, Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest, and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Amonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in Cans.

PERICE BAKING POWDER CO., EEW YORK. CHICAGO, 51, LOUIS 50 fb fol and n I m last n wk. KEW YORK, CHICAGO, 5 or 8p fol and n r m last p wk.

MEETINGS

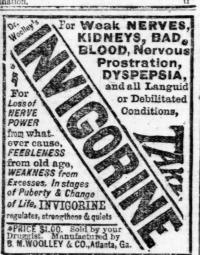
THE GEORGIA BAR ASSOCIATION The next meeting of the Georgia Bar Association will take place in Atlanta on August 7th and 8th next. The programme will include, besides the reports of committees and other features, the president's address, the reading of papers by Hons. R. L. Berner, T. J. Chappell, H. H. Perry and Waiter Gregory. The annual address will be delivered by Hon, reymour D. Thompson, of Missouri. On the evening of August 8th, will occur the banquet of the Association. The meeting promises to be one of unusual interest, and a full attendance is expected and desired.

Secretary Georgia Bar Association.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Senator. We are authorized to amounce JUDGE W. R. HAMMOND as a candidate for Senator from the Thirty-fifth district, subject to the democratic nomi-

from this, the Thirty-fifth district, subject to a democratic primary, if one should be ordered by the executive committee. td FRANK P. RICE. For Representative. We are authorized to announce the name of W. H. VENABLE as a candidate for the Legislature from Fulton county, subject to the democratic nom-



At wholesale by Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, Smith & Bradfield, A. G. Candler & Co., and

Every Case Guaranteed BEWARE OF THE KNIFE, Ye Poor Sufferers of Rectal Diseases.

But come and investigate the merits of a perfectly pathless system of RECTAL TREATMENT as practiced by me, and learn to shun and ablor the antiquated method of the knife, which either kills right out or makes the victims of the cruel system suffer the pangs of the dammed while life lasts.

Hundreds of patients have been under my treatment in this city for piles, protruding and bleeding, as well as internal piles, without one moment's loss of time from their business, and with infallible success in every instance.

The same happy results have accompanied my treatment for all other rectal diseases and

FISTULA IN ANO. This dreaded bugber yields like a charm to a perfectly painless procedure which has never failed to cure when patiently persevered in undisturbed or intermeddlers. I extend a cordial invitation to ell who may need my services in this specialty, and have the indersement of many of our best citizens, by some of which I have been known for nearly orty years. Notice my address,

M. L. LITCHTENSTADT, M. D, pectalist in Rectal Diseases by the Brinkerho Specialist in Rectal Diseases by the Brit System, upom No. 9, Centennial building. Correspondence solicited.

RECEIVER'S SALE. Every dollar's worth

of goods must be sold before August 1st. I am selling all goods at less than cost.

A large stock of Fine Wines, Brandies, Whiskies, Gin, St. Croix Rum, Jamaica Rum. Rye Malt. Duffy's Malt, · Champagnes. For medicinal and fam-

ily use. ISAAC H. HAAS, Receiver for Kenny & Werner, 40 Decatur st.

The Hon, Roger Q. Mills, "The Democratic Lion of the Tribe of Judah," and Hon. Mr. Bynum, of Indiana, will deliver addresses at Piedmont Chautauqua on Thursday, the 26th. The speaking will begin at 4 o'clock. The subject of Mr. Mills's address will be "The People and the Tariff."

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LIGHT WEIGHTS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

You can find your idea of a comfortable summer outfit in our complete stock. SEE OUR PRICES ON

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GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES. ETC.

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GAS FIXTURES Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Baby Carriages. Agents for Knowles's Steam Pump, Climax Gas Machine, Otto Gas Engine, Hancock Inspirators, Wrought Iron Pipe for Water and Gas. ATLANTA, GA.

SUMMER RESORTS.

Situiated on the beach at St. Simos Island, near Brunswick, within one hundred yards of the surf, is now open for guests, under the management of J. H. King, manager of the Oglethorpe. This hotel has seventy-five guest rooms, and is splendidly furnished and thoroughly equi ped throughout with all modern conveniences. The surf bathing is of the finest, with splendid opportunities for boating and fishing. Fish diet a specialty Twenty pretty cottages surround the hotel, affording quiet to those who do not desire to live in the hotel proper. Time via ferry or steamboat line and island railroad from Brunswick being fifty minutes, six round trips per day. Double daily mails, Telegraph and telephone connec-J. H. KING, Manager, tions. For rates, address



To accommodate the traveling public, the celebrated

"OGLETHORPE" HOTEL Will be kept open until August 1st, and its present excellence will be maintained. All trains and boats stop at and start from a point just below the "Oglethorpe" and ample time will be allowed passengers for meals there en route. Both the "Oglethorpe" and "St. Simons" hotels are supplied with artesian water from wells of great depth, and the water s pleasant to the taste and healthful to the body.

CUMBERLAND ISLAND HOTEL

CUMBERLAND ISLAND, GA., NEAR BRUNSWICK. Thoroughly renovated. New cottages. Railroad from steamer landing to hotel, and hotel to beach. Finest fishing and bathing on Atlantic coast.

NOW OPEN FOR RECEPTON OF GUESTS

LUMBER!

SASH, DOORS,

MANTELS, MOULDINGS, SCROLL WORK, NEWEL BALUSTERS, RAILS, WINDOW GLASS, BUILDERS' HARDWARE, ETC.
REMEMBER, I MANUFACTURE MY OWN GOODS, AND AM HEADQUARTERS FOR ALL KINDS OF BUILDING MATERIAL. WRITE FOR ESTIMATES.

W. L. TRAYNHAM ATLA NTA.

VOL. XXI.

WILL ACT AT ONCE.

Republican Senators Decide to Propose a Tariff Bill.

SENATOR EVARTS'S ENTERTAINMENT.

The National Colored Exposition to Com Up-When Will the Session End-Matters of Interest to Georgians.

WASHINGTON, July 25.-[Special.]-The and talked also with members of the house about the programme which the majority in the upper legislative body ought to adopt in regard to the tariff. They reached no conclu-sion during the day and one nearer together than they have been during the past ten

A happy thought struck Senator Evarts, of New York, during the latter part of the day. Mr. Evarts has a handsome house at the corner of Sixteenth and K streets and he invited re publicans of the senate to come up there this evening and take dinner with him, and talk over. the whole subject fully and freely, while they enjoyed the good viands and wines of no mean quality and the invitation was accepted, and so a dinner table caucus for tonight was the re-

The food and wines were calculated by Mr. Evarts to make the most' mortal of enemies on the friendliest terms. After it was all over, which was not until a late Senator Allison gave out a statement for pub-Heation. It was carefully prepared and is as

The finance committee shall prepare a tariff bill as a substitute for the Mills bill and it shall then be reported to the senate and taken up and passed regardless of the length of time np and passed regardless of the length of the this may require. Various propositions look-ing to an early adjournment and postponement of the tariff battle until December were suggested, but the arguments advanced by the advocates of the policy of passing the bill and making the direct passage as early as possible were so strong that the assemblage became unanimous in favor of the course finally adopted. It was urged that the democratic house had taken its time and had consumed many months in framing and debating the measure it had put forth, and that the republi can senate should not be curtailed of its liberty of action on a question so vit-ally affecting the interest of the country and of the republican party. The finance committee was instructed to continue its work and bring it to a conclusion as speedily as it could consistent with a careful performance of the task allotted. The bill will be the outgrowth of that already sketched by the sub-committee but the views expressed by senators and approved by a majority of the senators, will doubtless lead to some modification and a change of details. The net reduction of revenue to be attained will probably be between

Sixty-five and eighty millions.

The conference adjourned at midnight, and no one, not even members of the finance committee, venture to guess now at the length of

THE COLORED EXPOSITION Senator Palmer, who reported favorably from the committee on education and labor the bill appropriating \$400,000 for a colore

that he would call the bill up for action next week, or earlier, if possible.

Both he and Senator Brown have been talking up the bill considerably, and expect its passage. Senator Palmer says he has no

exposition in Atlanta next year, said today

doubt but that it will pass without much oppo TO AN ASYLUM.

The eccentric career of Representative Stephen T. Hopkins, of New York, since he came to Washington last December, has led to an insane asylum. He was taken away from here yesterday by his brother. Hopkins has came to Washington. His hobbies have been numerous and peculiar. He lived high, with-out being at much expense, because one of his peculiarities was that he never paid for anything. He became a member of the Metropolitan club and then became an exmember. He was expelled because of his many peculiarities, conspicuous among which was his aversion to paying anything except in

checks, which were worthless.

These evidences of his peculiar financial transactions have been circulating all over town and have become familiar in many prominent places. Some bogus checks which ulti mately bore down upon the steward of the litan club, were the immediate cause of his being dropped from membership in that

He has never done anything in the house except to move to adjourn or rise to a point of order, and that has always been at the wrong

MISS COLOUITT AND MISS BRECKINGIDGE The article in THE CONSTITUTION some days ago, stating that Miss Colquitt and Miss Breck inridge had applied for positions as school teachers was printed in the local papers here; and as no members of Senator Colquitt's family were in the city to verify the story, it was judged correct land was telegraphed to The CONSTITUTION. In an interview published in the "Post" the

In an interview published in the "Post" the day after, Superintendent Powell, of the public schools, said, in referring to the two young ladies: "At the next meeting of the board it is more than probable that the appointments will be made. The applicants will then be examined as to their qualifications, and if the result is satisfactory, they will be assigned places as teachers."

However as Mrs. Colquitt has denied it, it is evident the publication was a mistake.

FITCH IS CONGRATULATED.

Representative Fitch, the only republican congressman from New York city, has received for his action in voting for the Mills bill, a letter of thanks signed by three thousand of his constituents and a series of congratulatory resolutions from the Young Men's Independent club.

of Columbus, are here in company with Mr Grimes. They were received by the presiden

Mr. C. H. Howard, of Atlanta, is here.
E. W. B. A SOUTHERN NAVY YARD.

The Senate Agrees to an Appropriation-The Senate Bill Passes.

The Senate Bill Passes.

Washington, D. C., July 25.—The senate resumed consideration of the naval appropriation bill, the pending question being on the amendment striking out of the bill the item for the expense of commission to locate a navy yard and on the gulf coast.

The subject was discussed at great length, Benators Call and Pasco favoring the amendment of strike out, because there was already a good naval station at Pensacola. Messrs. Morgan, Pugh, Gibson, Reagan and McPherson, opposed it, and suggested selections at Mobile, Algiers and other points, while Mr. Blair favored the selection, not of one, but of many favorable points on the Atlantic and Pacific and gulf coasts.

Messrs. Allison and Brenk defended the action of the committee on appropriations in recommending the item to be struck out.

Mr. Mitchell moved to add to the clause a fike provision for selecting a site on the Pacific coast in Oregon, Washington territory or